**C**AMBRIDGE



# interchange

FIFTH EDITION

# intro

Student's Book

Jack C. Richards

Experience
Better
Learning

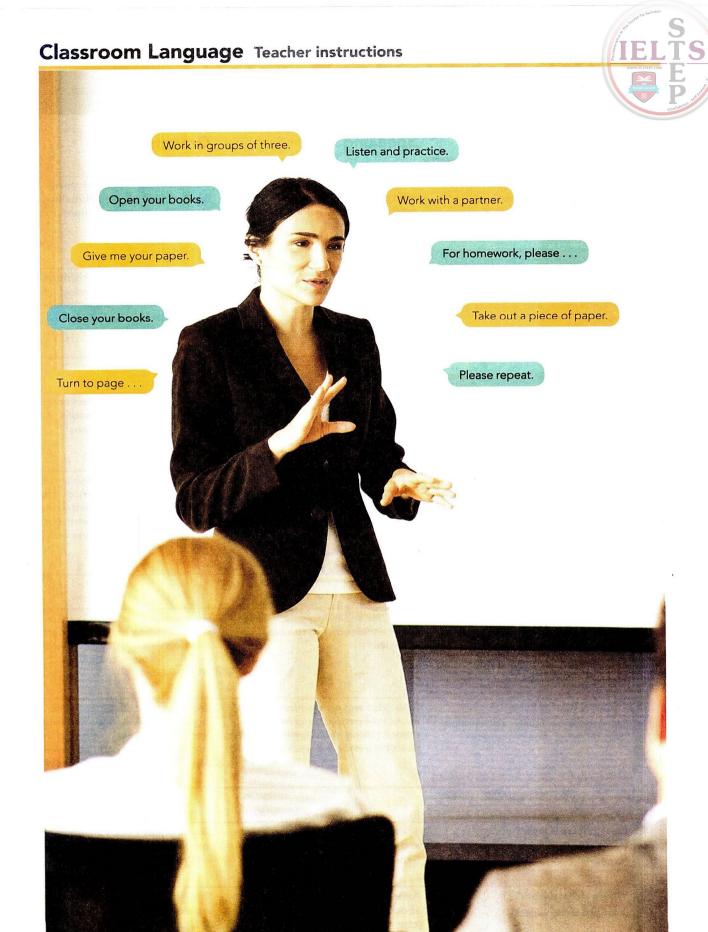


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# Plan of Intro Book



	Titles/Topics	Speaking	Grammar
	UNIT 1 PAGES 2–7		
	What's your name? Alphabet; greetings and leave-takings; names and titles of address; numbers 0–10, phone numbers, and email addresses  UNIT 2  PAGES 8–13	Introducing yourself and friends; saying hello and good-bye; asking for names and phone numbers	Possessive adjectives my, your, his, her; the verb be; affirmative statements and contractions
3-8	Where are my keys? Possessions, classroom objects, personal items, and locations in a room  PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 14–15	Naming objects; asking for and giving the locations of objects	Articles a, an, and the; this/these, it/they; plurals; yes/no and where questions with be; prepositions of place: in, in front of, behind, on, next to, and under
	UNIT 3 PAGES 16–21		
	Where are you from? Cities and countries; adjectives of personality and appearance; numbers 11–103 and ages UNIT 4 PAGES 22–27	Talking about cities and countries; asking for and giving information about place of origin, nationality, first language, and age; describing people	The verb be: affirmative and negative statements, yes/no questions, short answers, and Wh-questions
	Is this coat yours? Clothing; colors; weather and seasons  PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 28–29	Asking about and describing clothing and colors; talking about the weather and seasons; finding the owners of objects	Possessives: adjectives our and their, pronouns, names, and whose; present continuous statements and yes/no questions; conjunctions and, but, and so; placement of adjectives before nouns
	UNIT 5 PAGES 30–35		
	What time is it? Clock time; times of the day; everyday activities	Asking for and telling time; asking about and describing current activities	Time expressions: o'clock, A.M., P.M., noon, midnight, in the morning/afternoon/evening, at 7:00/night/midnight; present continuous Wh-questions
	UNIT 6 PAGES 36–41		
	I ride my bike to school.  Transportation; family relationships; daily routines; days of the week	Asking for and giving information about how people go to work or school; talking about family members; describing daily and weekly routines	Simple present statements with regular and irregular verbs; simple present yes/no and Wh-questions; time expressions: early, late, every day, on Sundays/weekends/weekdays
	PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 42–43		
Control for	UNIT 7 PAGES 44-49		
	Does it have a view? Houses and apartments; rooms; furniture UNIT 8 PAGES 50-55	Asking about and describing houses and apartments; talking about the furniture in a room	Simple present short answers; there is, there are; there's no, there isn't a, there are no, there aren't any
STATE OF THE PARTY	<b>Where do you work?</b> Jobs and workplaces	Asking for and giving information about work; giving opinions about jobs; describing workday routines	Simple present Wh-questions with do and does; placement of adjectives after be and before nouns
	PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 56–57		



Pronunciat	Pronunciation/Listening		Interchange Activity	
	spelling of names, and email addresses	Writing a list of names, phone numbers, and email addresses	"Celebrity classmates": Introducing yourself to new people PAGE 114	
Plural -s endings Listening for the	locations of objects	Writing the locations of objects	"Find the differences": Comparing two pictures of a room PAGE 115	
	intries, cities, and ling to descriptions	Writing questions requesting personal information	"Let's talk!": Finding out more about your classmates PAGE 118	
The letters s and Listening for des and colors	l sh scriptions of clothing	Writing questions about what people are wearing	"Celebrity fashions": Describing celebrities' clothing PAGES 116–117	
Rising and falling Listening for tim listening to iden		Writing times of the day "Message Me!": Reading an online chat between two friends	"What's wrong with this picture?": Describing what's wrong with a picture PAGE 119	
	gular -s endings iivities and days of the	Writing about your weekly routine "What's Your Schedule Like?": Reading about someone's daily schedule	"Class survey": Finding out more about classmates' habits and routines PAGE 120	
			WE' Like I'M and W. Comparing	
	criptions of homes; ple shop for furniture	Writing about your dream home "Unique Hotels": Reading about two interesting hotels	"Find the differences": Comparing two apartments  PAGE 121	
Reduction of <i>do</i> Listening to peo jobs	opple describe their	Writing about jobs "Dream Jobs": Reading about two unusual jobs	"The perfect job": Figuring out what job is right for you PAGE 122	



	Titles/Topics	Speaking	Grammar	
	UNIT 9 PAGES 58-63			
	<b>I always eat breakfast.</b> Basic fo <mark>o</mark> ds; breakfast foods; meals	Talking about food likes and dislikes; giving opinions about healthy and unhealthy foods; talking about foods you have and need; describing eating habits	Count and noncount nouns; some and any; adverbs of frequency: always, usually, often, sometimes, hardly ever, never	
	UNIT 10 PAGES 64-69			in any sometime source
	What sports do you like? Sports; abilities and talents	Asking about free-time activities; asking for and giving information about abilities and talents	Simple present Wh-questions; can for ability; yes/no and Wh-questions with can	
4 (1824 OF The S. 18 )	PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 70-71			400-000
	UNIT 11 PAGES 72–77			
	I'm going to have a party. Months and dates; birthdays, holidays, festivals, and special days	Asking about birthdays; talking about plans for the evening, weekend, and other occasions	The future with <i>be going to</i> ; yes/no and Wh-questions with <i>be going to</i> ; future time expressions	
	UNIT 12 PAGES 78–83	p		
PA.	How do you feel? Parts of the body; health problems and advice; medications	Describing health problems; talking about common medications; giving advice for health problems	Have + noun; feel + adjective; negative and positive adjectives; imperatives	
	PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 84–85			
	UNIT 13 PAGES 86–91			
	How do I get there? Stores and things you can buy there; tourist attractions  UNIT 14 PAGES 92-97	Talking about stores and other places; asking for and giving directions	Prepositions of place: on, on the corner of, across from, next to, between; giving directions with imperatives	
	I had a good time. Weekends; chores and fun activities; vacations; summer activities	Asking for and giving information about weekend and vacation activities	Simple past statements with regular and irregular verbs; simple past yes/no questions and short answers	N 4-N-ACCC N-1-1-4-4
	PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 98-99			
	UNIT 15 PAGES 100–105			
	Where were you born? Biographical information; years; school days	Asking for and giving information about date and place of birth; describing school experiences and memories	Statements and questions with the past of be; Wh-questions with did, was, and were	
	UNIT 16 PAGES 106–111			
No.	Can I take a message?  Locations; telephone calls; invitations; going out with friends	Describing people's locations; making, accepting, and declining invitations; making excuses	Prepositional phrases; subject and object pronouns; invitations with Do you want to? and Would you like to?; verb + to	×
	PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 112-113			
	GRAMMAR PLUS PAGES 132–150	4	all an alexandra and personal and a second	



Pronunciation/Listening	Writing/Reading	Interchange Activity
Sentence stress Listening for people's food preferences	Writing about mealtime habits "It's a Food Festival!": Reading about foods people celebrate	"Planning a party": Choose snacks for a party and compare answers PAGE 123
Pronunciation of can and can't Listening for people's favorite sports to watch or play; listening to people talk about their abilities	Writing questions about sports "Awesome Sports Records": Reading about fitness records from around the world	"Hidden talents": Finding out more about your classmates' hidden talents PAGE 124
Reduction of <i>going to</i> Listening to people talk about their holiday plans	Writing about weekend plans "Happy Birthday to You!": Reading about birthday customs in different places	"Take a guess": Making guesses about a classmate's plans PAGE 125
Sentence intonation Listening to people talk about health problems; listening for medications	Writing advice for health problems "Do You Know Your Body?": Reading interesting facts about your body	"Problems, problems": Giving advice for some common problems PAGE 126
 Compound nouns Listening to people talk about shopping; listening to directions	Writing directions "A Tour of Palermo, Buenos Aires": Reading about popular tourist attractions in Buenos Aires, Argentina	"Giving directions": Asking for directions in a neighborhood PAGE 127, 128
Simple past -ed endings Listening to people talk about their past summer activities	Writing about last weekend "Did You Have a Good Weekend?": Reading about four people's weekend experiences	"Past activities": Comparing your classmates' childhoods PAGE 129
Negative contractions Listening for places and dates of birth	Writing questions about a person's life "Who is Marina Chapman?": Reading about a woman's life	"This is your life": Finding out more about your classmates' lives PAGE 130
Reduction of want to and have to Listening to phone conversations about making and changing plans	Writing about weekend plans "Austin City Limits!": Reading about events at a festival	"The perfect weekend": Making plans with your classmates PAGE 131

# What's your name

- ► Say hello and make introductions
- ► Say good-bye and exchange contact information

### CONVERSATION My name is Joshua Brown.

A Listen and practice.

Joshua

Hello. My name is Joshua Brown.

Isabella

Hi. My name is Isabella Martins.

Joshua

It's nice to meet you, Isabella.

Isabella

Nice to meet you, too.

Joshua

I'm sorry. What's your last name again?

Isabella

It's Martins.

First names	Last names
Joshua	Brown
Isa <mark>bella</mark>	Martins

B PAIR WORK Introduce yourself to your partner.



### SNAPSHOT

Listen and practice.



# Names

And the second second

Nicholas (Nick)

Madison (Maddie)

Jennifer (Jen)

Emily (Em)

Joshua (Josh)

Isabella (Izzy)

Michael (Mike)

William (Will)

Elizabeth (Liz)

What are some popular names and nicknames in your country? Do you have a nickname? What is it?



### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

	The Secret To Success	G	
Persevorane	streeterer to Surcess	Ť:	S
	WWW.IELTSTEP.COM	E	The Constitution of the Co
		Confidence.	sulf th

0	My, you, his, her			
	What's <b>your</b> name?	My name's Carlos.	What's = What is	
	What's <b>his</b> name?	His name's Joshua.		
	What's her name?	Her name's Isabella.		

A Complete the conversations. Use my, your, his, or her.



. /	<b>\:</b> Hello. What's _	<u>your</u> name?
ı	<b>3:</b> Hi	name is Carlos.
	What's	name?
-	<b>A:</b>	_ name is Akina.



2.	A: What's	name?	
	B:	name is Ethan.	
	A: And what's _	name?	
	B:	name is Caroline.	

**B** PAIR WORK Practice the conversations with a partner.

#### **SPEAKING** Spelling names

A Listen and practice.

АВ	C D E F	G H	J K L	M N O P Q	R S T U V	W X Y Z
a b	c d e f	g h	i j k l	m n o p q	r s t u v	w x y z

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 132

B CLASS ACTIVITY Listen and practice. Then practice with your own names. Make a list of your classmates' names.

A: What's your name?

B: My name is Akina Hayashi.

A: Is that A-K-I-N-A?

B: Yes, that's right.

A: How do you spell your last name? H-A-Y-A-S-H-Y?

B: No, it's H-A-Y-A-S-H-I.

My classmat	ies
Akina Hayash	İ.
Ethan Reed	

#### LISTENING Your name, please?

C	How do you spell the names?	Listen and check	(1) the correct answers

1.	Kate
	Cate

2.	Erick
	Eric

3.	Soph
	Sofia

4.	Zackary
	Zachar

#### **WORD POWER Titles**

A Listen and practice.

Miss Kato (single females)

Ms. Yong (single or married females)

Mrs. Jones (married females)

Mr. Rodriguez (single or married males)

B Listen and write the titles.

1. Santos

2. Wilson

**3.** Park

4. Rossi

### **SPEAKING** Saying hello

A Listen and practice.









**B** CLASS ACTIVITY Go around the class. Greet your classmates formally (with titles) and informally (without titles).

#### **CONVERSATION** Are you Andrea Clark?

A Listen and practice.

Excuse me. Are you Andrea Clark?

No, I'm not. She's over there.

Oh, I'm sorry.

Matt? This is your book.

Oh, thank you. You're in my math class, right?

Yes, I am. I'm Lena Garza.

Hey, Christy, this is Ben. He's in our history class.

Hi, Ben. Christy

Hi, Christy. Nice to meet you. Ben









B GROUP WORK Greet a classmate. Then introduce him or her to another classmate.

"Hey, Eduardo, this is . . . "

### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

The vei	rb be		
l'm	Lena Garza.	Are you Andrea Clark?	I'm = I am
You're	in my class.	Yes, I am. ( <del>Yes, I'm</del> .)	You're = You are
She's	over there. (Andrea is over there.)	No, <b>I'm not</b> .	He's = He is
He's	in our class. (Ben is in our class.)		She's = She is
lt's	Garza. ( <b>My last name is</b> Garza.)	How <b>are you</b> ?	It's = It is
		I'm fine, thanks.	
		GRAN	MMAR PLUS see page 13

A Complete the conversation with the correct words in parentheses. Then practice with a partner. Ben Hello, Christy. How \_\_\_\_\_ are \_\_\_ (are / is) you? (I'm / It's) fine, thanks. \_\_\_\_\_ (I'm / It's) Christy sorry - what's your name again? (Is / It's) Ben – Ben Durant. Ben That's right! Ben, this \_\_\_\_\_ (is / it's) Joshua Brown. Christy

\_\_ (He's / She's) in our history class.

(I'm / It's) nice to meet you. Ben

Joshua Hi, Ben. I think \_\_\_\_\_ (I'm / you're ) in my English class, too.

**Ben** Oh, right! Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ (am / 'm).

**B** Complete the conversations. Then practice in groups. Excuse me. \_\_\_\_\_ Are\_\_\_\_ you Alex Lane? No, \_\_\_\_\_ not. My name James James Harris. Alex \_\_\_\_\_ over there. Cara Oh, sorry. \_\_\_\_\_ you Alex Lane? Cara Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_. Alex Hi. \_\_\_\_\_ Cara Ruiz. Cara Oh, \_\_\_\_\_ in my history class, right? Alex Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_. Cara

C CLASS ACTIVITY Write your name on a piece of paper. Put the papers in a bag. Then take a different paper. Find the other student.

nice to meet you, Cara.

A: Excuse me. Are you Min-ji Cho?

B: No, I'm not. She's over there.

A: Hi. Are you Min-ji Cho?

C: Yes, I am.

Alex

#### PRONUNCIATION Linked sounds

Listen and practice. Notice the linked sounds.

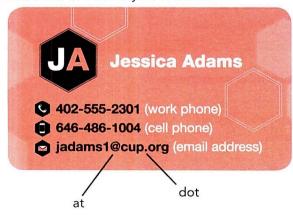
I'm Jsabella. She'ş over there. You're in my class.

#### SPEAKING Personal information

A Listen and practice.

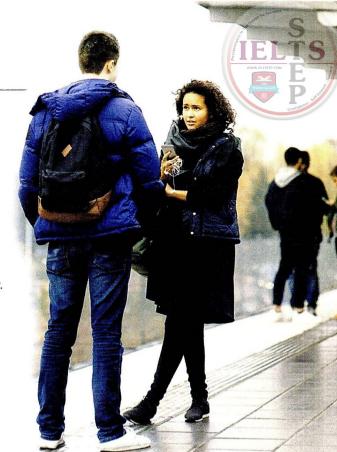
0 1 2 3 5 7 9 10 zero one two three four five eight six seven nine ten (oh)

Description B PAIR WORK Practice these phone numbers and email addresses. Then listen and check your answers.





"Her name is Jessica Adams. Her work phone number is four-oh-two, five-five, two-three-oh-one. Her cell . . ."



### **LISTENING** Contact information

🔼 🗛 Isabella and Joshua are making a list of classmates' phone numbers and email addresses. Listen and complete the list.



B CLASS ACTIVITY Make a list of your classmates' names, phone numbers, and email addresses.

A: What's your name?

A: And what's your phone number?

B: I'm Maria Ventura.

B: It's 323-555-7392.

#### **INTERCHANGE 1** Celebrity classmates

Meet some "famous classmates." Go to Interchange 1 on page 114.

#### **SPEAKING** Saying good-bye

A Listen and practice.









**B** CLASS ACTIVITY Go around the room. Say good-bye to your classmates and teacher.

# 2-Where are my keys?



- > Identify and discuss personal and classroom objects
- **▶** Discuss the location of items

#### **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



#### ARTICLES Classroom objects

A Listen. Complete the sentences with a or an.



1. This is book.



an + vowel sound

a + consonant sound

4. This is \_\_\_\_\_ notebook.

articles



2. This is \_\_\_\_\_ English book.



**5.** This is \_\_\_\_\_ pen.



**3.** This is eraser.



**6.** This is \_\_\_\_\_ clock.

**B** PAIR WORK Find and spell these things in your classroom.

backpack chair eraser pen notebook board desk pencil wall wastebasket poster door outlet book window A: This is a chair.

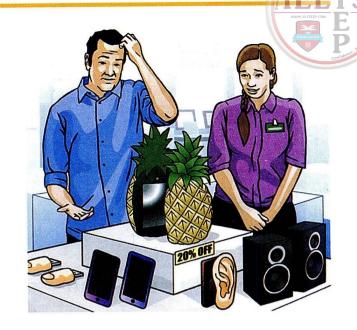
B: How do you spell chair?

A: C-H-A-I-R.

# **CONVERSATION** What are these?

Listen and practice.





#### PRONUNCIATION Plural -s endings

A Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of the plural -s endings.

s = /z/

s = /s/

(e)s = /iz/

flash drive

flash drives

desk

desk**s** laptops tablet case

tablet cases

cell phone pencil

cell phones pencils.

laptop backpack

backpacks

hairbrush

class

classes hairbrushes

**B** Say the plural form of these nouns. Then complete the chart.











phone case

student ID

paper clip

newspaper

purse









tablet

television

ticket

box

/z/	/s/	/IZ/		
		phone cases		

🔘 🕻 Listen and check your answers.

# **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

### This/these, it/they; plurals



What's this? It's a flash drive. It's = It is They're = They are



These are laptops.



What are these? They're flash drives.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 133

Complete these conversations. Then practice with a partner.



1. A: What \_\_\_are these\_\_?



2. A: What \_\_\_\_\_ B:



**3. A:** What \_\_\_\_\_? B:



4. A: What \_\_\_\_



**5. A:** What \_\_\_\_\_? B: \_\_\_\_\_



**6. A:** What ? B:

#### **SPEAKING** What's this called?

A Listen and practice.



A: What's this called in English?

B: I don't know.

C: It's a credit card.

A: How do you spell that?

C: C-R-E-D-I-T C-A-R-D.



A: What are these called in English?

B: I think they're called headphones.

A: How do you spell that?

B: H-E-A-D-P-H-O-N-E-S.

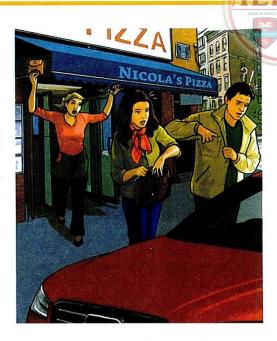
**B** GROUP WORK Choose four things. Put them on a desk. Then ask about the name and spelling of each thing.

### **CONVERSATION** Where are my car keys?

Listen and practice.

Lauren	Oh, no! Where are my car keys?
Matt	I don't know. Are they in your purse?
Lauren	No, they're not.
Matt	Maybe they're on the table in the restaurant
Server	Excuse me. Are these your keys?
Lauren	Yes, they are. Thank you!
Server	You're welcome. And is this your wallet?
Lauren	Hmm. No, it's not. Where's your wallet, Matthew?
	It's in my pocket Wait a

minute! That is my wallet!



#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

Yes/No and where questions with be

Is this your wallet?

Matt

Yes, it is. / No, it's not.

Are these your keys?

Yes, they are. / No, they're not.

Where's your wallet?

It's in my pocket.

Where are my keys?

They're on the table.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 133

- A Complete these conversations. Then practice with a partner.
  - 1. A: \_\_\_\_\_ this your cell phone?
    - **B:** No, \_\_\_\_\_ not.
    - A: \_\_\_\_\_ these your car keys?
    - **B:** Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ are. Thanks!
  - **2. A:** Where \_\_\_\_\_ my glasses?
    - **B:** Are \_\_\_\_\_\_ your glasses?
    - **A:** No, they're \_\_\_\_\_
    - **B:** Look! \_\_\_\_\_ they in your pocket?
    - **A:** Yes, \_\_\_\_\_. Thanks!

- 3. A: Where \_\_\_\_\_ your headphones?
  - **B:** \_\_\_\_\_ on the table.
  - not. They're my **A:** No, \_\_ headphones!
  - B: You're right. My headphones
  - \_\_\_\_\_ in my backpack.
- **4. A:** this my umbrella?
  - B: No, \_\_\_\_\_ not. It's my umbrella.
  - A: Sorry. \_\_\_\_\_ is my umbrella?
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_ on your chair.
  - A: Oh, you're right!
- **B** GROUP WORK Choose one of your things and put it in a bag. Then choose something from the bag that is not your object. Find the owner of this object.
  - A: Is this your pen, Akiko?
- C: Are these your keys, Marcos?

B: No, it's not.

D: Let me see. Yes, they are.

# WORD POWER Prepositions; article the

A Listen and practice.

Where is **the** cell phone? **The** cell phone is in **the** box.



in





in front of





on



next to



under

B Complete these sentences. Then listen and check your answers.







1. The books are <u>in the</u> <u>backpack</u>

2. The flash drives are \_\_\_\_\_

3. The newspaper is \_\_\_



4. The chair is \_\_\_\_\_



5. The wallet is \_\_\_\_\_



6. The glasses are \_\_\_

C PAIR WORK Ask and answer questions about the pictures in part B.

A: Where are the books?

B: They're in the backpack.

#### LISTENING Emily's things

 $\bigcirc$  Listen. Where are Emily's things? Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct locations.

1. sunglasses	on the table	in her purse
<b>2.</b> ID	in her wallet	in front of the clock
3. headphones	on the chair	next to the television
4. tablet	on the table	under the table

## **SPEAKING** Where are Kevin's things?

PAIR WORK Help Kevin find his things. Ask and answer questions.

umbrella glasses keys tablet credit card cell phone hairbrush laptop

A: Where's his cell phone?

B: It's under the chair.



### **INTERCHANGE 2** Find the differences

Compare two pictures of a room. Go to Interchange 2 on page 115.

# Units 1–2 Progress che

#### **SELF-ASSESSMENT**

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	OK	A little
Introduce myself and other people (Ex. 1)			
Say hello and good-bye (Ex. 1)			
Exchange contact information (Ex. 2)	П		
Understand names for everyday objects and possessions (Ex. 3)	П		
Ask and answer questions about where things are (Ex. 4, 5)			

### SPEAKING How are you?

Francisco See you in class.

A Complete the conversation. Use the sentences and questions in the box.

Francisco	Hi. How are you?
Nicole	I'm fine, thanks.
Francisco	Pretty good, thanks.
Nicole	And I'm Nicole White.
Francisco	
Nicole	Nice to meet you, too
Francisco	Yes, I am.
Nicole	

My name is Francisco Diaz.
Oh, are you in my English class?
How about you?

- ✓ Hi. How are you?
  It's nice to meet you, Nicole.
  Well, have a good day.
- **B** PAIR WORK Practice the conversation from part A. Use your own information.

Then introduce your partner to a classmate.

"Monica, this is my friend. His name is Kenta. . . . "

### SPEAKING Is your phone number . . . ?

CLASS ACTIVITY Write your phone number on a piece of paper. Then put the papers in a bag. Take a different paper and find the owner. Write his or her name on the paper.

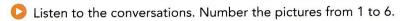
A: Kamal, is your phone number 781-555-1532?

**B:** No, it's not. Sorry!

A: Bruna, is your . . . ?



#### **LISTENING** What's this? What are these?









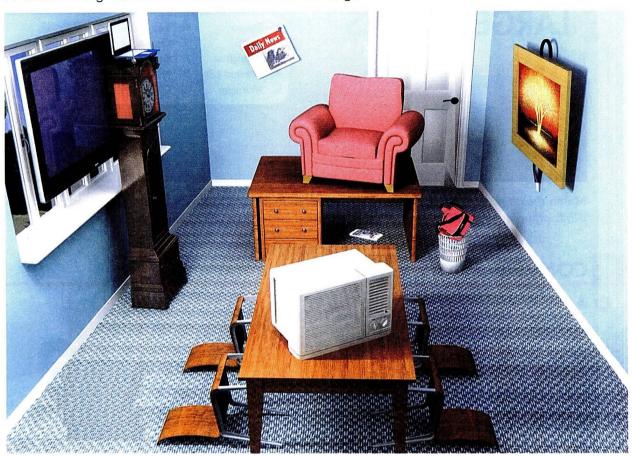






### SPEAKING What's wrong with this room?

A What's wrong with this room? Make a list. Find 10 things.



- **B** PAIR WORK Ask and answer Where questions about the picture.
  - A: Where's the chair?
  - B: It's on the desk.

## **SPEAKING** Yes or No game

Write five yes/no questions about the picture in Exercise 4. Make three questions with "yes" answers and two questions with "no" answers. Then ask a partner the questions.

A: Is the chair behind the clock?

B: No, it isn't.

A: Is the clock in front of the television?

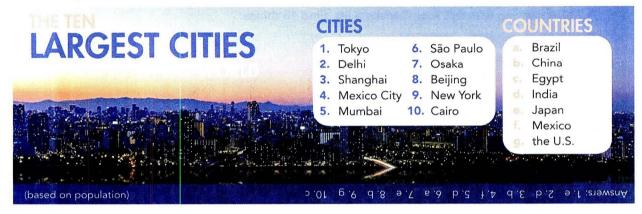
B: Yes, it is.

# Where are you from?

- ▶ Discuss cities, countries, nationalities, and languages
- Discuss people's appearances, personalities, and ages

# **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Match the cities with the countries. Then check your answers at the bottom of the Snapshot. What other large cities are in each country? What large cities are in your country?

# CONVERSATION Are you from Rio?

A Listen and practice.

Alexis Are you from Florida, Felipe?

Well, my family is in Florida now, but we're from Brazil originally.

Really? My father is Brazilian –
from Rio de Janeiro!

Felipe So, is your first language Portuguese?

Alexis No, it's English. Are you from Rio?

Felipe No, we're not. We're from São Paulo.

▶ B Listen to Alexis and Felipe talk to Fernando, Nanami, and Sophia. Check (✓) True or False.



	,	True	False
1.	Fernando is from Spain.		Total Control
2.	Nanami is from Japan.		
3.	Sophia's first language is French.		

#### Negative statements and yes/no questions with be

I'm not from Rio. You're not late. She's not from Japan. He's not from Chile. It's not English. We're not from China. You're not early. They're not in India.

We're = we are

Am I early? Is she from the U.S.? Is he from Mexico? Is it French? Are you from South Korea? Are we late? Are they in Egypt?

Are you from São Paulo?

I'm not. lam. you are. she is. Yes, he is. it is. we are. you are. they are.

vou're not. she's not. No. he's not. it's not. we're not. you're not. they're not.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 134

For a list of countries, nationalities, and languages, see the appendix at the back of the book.

A	Comp	lete the	convers	ations.	Ther	n pract	ice v	vith a	partner.
	1. A:	Α	re	Diana	and I	Mario	from	Ecua	dor?

B: No, \_\_\_\_\_ not. \_\_\_\_ from Mexico. A: \_\_\_\_\_ you from Mexico, too?

B: No, \_\_\_\_\_ not . I'm from Colombia. A: So, your first language Spanish?

**B:** Yes, it \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**2. A:** Meera from England?

B: No, not. She's from Australia.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ she from Sydney?

**B:** Yes, she \_\_\_\_\_. But her parents are from India. not from Australia originally.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ Meera's first language Hindi?

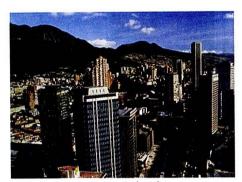
**B:** No, \_\_\_\_\_ not. \_\_\_\_ English.

you and Kwang-ho from 3. A: Ji-hye, South Korea?

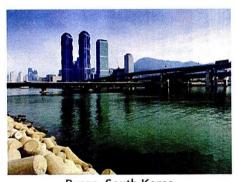
B: Yes, we

A: And from Seoul?

B: No. not. from Busan.



Bogotá, Colombia



Busan, South Korea

#### **B** Match the questions with the answers. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. Are Liam and Grace from England? d
- 2. Is your first language Mandarin? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Are you Egyptian? 4. Is Mr. Lau from Beijing? \_
- 5. Is your mother from the U.K.?
- a. No. he's not. He's from Shanghai.
- b. Yes, she is. She's from London.
- c. No, it's not. It's Cantonese.
- d. No, they're not. They're from New Zealand.
- e. Yes, we are. We're from Cairo.

#### C PAIR WORK Write five questions about your classmates.

Then ask and answer your questions with a partner.

### PRONUNCIATION Syllable stress

A Listen and practice. Notice the syllable stress.



What is the syllable stress in these words? Add the words to the chart in part A. Then listen and check.

English

Spanish

Arabic

Korean

Mexican

Honduras

Chinese

Peru

**C** GROUP WORK Are the words in part A countries, nationalities, or languages? Make a chart and add more words.

<u>Countries</u>	<u>Nationalities</u>	<u>Languages</u>
Brazil	Brazilian	Portuguese
Mexico	Mexican	Spanish

### SPEAKING Is Bruno Mars from Italy?

**A** Where are these people from? Check (✓) your guesses.



**Bruno Mars** 

Italy

the Philippines

the U.S.



Morena Baccarin

Argentina

Brazil

the U.S.



Gael García Bernal

Brazil

Mexico

\_\_\_ Spain

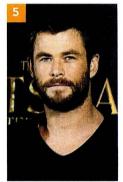


Mao Asada

China

Japan

South Korea



Chris Hemsworth

**]** Australia

**T** Canada

England

**B** PAIR WORK Compare your guesses. Then check your answers at the bottom of the page.

A: Is Bruno Mars from Italy?

B: No, he's not.

A: Is he from the Philippines?

#### **CONVERSATION** Who's that?

#### A Listen and practice.



Nadia Who's that?



Ben She's my sister.



Nadia She's really pretty. What's her name?



Madison. We call her Maddie. Ben



Madison . . . that's a beautiful name. How old is she? Nadia



She's twenty-eight. Ben



Nadia And what's she like? Is she nice?



Well, she's shy, but she's really kind. Ben



Nadia And who's that little girl?



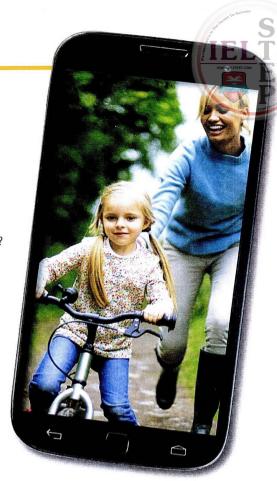
That's her daughter Mia. She's six years old. Ben



Nadia She's cute!



Ben Yes, she is - and she's very smart, too.



#### **SPEAKING** Numbers and ages

#### A Listen and practice.

18 eighteen

11 eleven 21 twenty-one 40 forty 12 twelve 50 fifty 22 twenty-two 60 sixty 13 thirteen 23 twenty-three 70 seventy 14 fourteen 24 twenty-four

15 fifteen 25 twenty-five 80 eighty 16 sixteen 90 ninety 26 twenty-six

28 twenty-eight

17 seventeen 100 one hundred 27 twenty-seven 101 one hundred (and) one

19 nineteen 102 one hundred (and) two 29 twenty-nine 103 one hundred (and) three 20 twenty 30 thirty

B Listen and practice. Notice the word stress.

fifteen - fifty thirteen - thirty fourteen - forty sixteen - sixty

C PAIR WORK Look at the people in Ben's family for one minute. How old are they? Close your books and tell your partner.



A. Carol - 76



B. Richard - 50



C. Karen - 49



**D.** Amber – 17



E. Jay and Joe – 10

# **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Wh-questions with be

What's your name?

My name is Sophia.

Where are you from?

I'm from Canada.

How are you today?

I'm fine, thanks.

Who's that?

She's my sister.

How old is she?

She's twenty-eight.

What's she like?

She's very nice.

Who's = Who is

Who are they?

They're my classmates.

Where are they from?

They're from San Francisco.

What's San Francisco like?

It's very beautiful.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 134

A Complete the conversations with Wh-questions. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: Look! Who's that
  - B: Oh, she's a new student.

  - B: I think her name is Yoo-jin.
  - A: Yoo-jin?
  - B: She's from South Korea.
- 2. A: Hi, Brittany.
  - B: I'm fine, thanks. My friend Leandro is here this week - from Argentina.
  - A: Oh, cool.
  - B: He's really friendly.

  - **B:** He's twenty-five years old.
- 3. A: Azra, B: I'm from Turkey. From Ankara.

  - B: Well, Ankara is the capital of Turkey. It's very old.

  - **B:** My last name is Ganim.
- 4. A: Good morning, Luke.
  - B: I'm great, thanks.
  - A: Cool. \_\_\_\_
  - B: They're my friends from school.
  - B: They're from Miami, like me.
- **B PAIR WORK** Write six Wh-questions about your partner and six Wh-questions about your partner's best friend. Then ask and answer the questions.

Your partner	Your partner's best friend
Where are you from?	Who's your best friend?









# WORD POWER Describing people

A Listen and practice.



a. pretty
-----------

- d. talkative
- g. funny
- j. shy k. short
- m. heavy

b. handsome

c. good-looking

- e. friendly f. kind
- h. quiet i. serious
- I. tall
- n. thin

B PAIR WORK Complete the chart with words from part A. Add two more words to each list. Then describe your personality and appearance to a partner.

Personality	Appearance
talkative	pretty
-	

#### LISTENING Wow! Who's that?

 $\bigcirc$  Listen to three descriptions. Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the two correct words for each description.

1. Nora is	2. Taylor is	3. Austin is
tall	funny	short
pretty	pretty	serious
quiet	nandsome	talkative
talkative	serious	tall

### INTERCHANGE 3 Let's talk!

Talk to your classmates. Go to Interchange 3 on page 118.

<sup>&</sup>quot;I'm tall, friendly, and very talkative."

# Is this coat yours?

- ▶ Discuss work and free-time clothes; colors
- Discuss the weather and what people are wearing

#### WORD POWER Clothes

A Listen and practice. Clothes for free time hat T-shirt scarf gloves sweater shorts boots jeans sneakers pajamas cap swimsuits

**B** Complete the chart with words from part A.

#### Clothes for warm weather

# 86°F|30°C

#### Clothes for cold weather

П	
5003	~~
STO STORY	
32°F   0°C	

C PAIR WORK Look around the classroom. What clothes do you see? Tell a partner.

"I see jeans, a sweater, boots, and . . . "

## SPEAKING Colors

A Listen and practice.



- B GROUP WORK Ask about favorite colors.
  - A: What are your favorite colors?
  - B: My favorite colors are orange and dark blue.
- C GROUP WORK Describe the clothes in Exercise 1.
  - A: The suit is black.
  - B: The socks are dark blue.



#### PRONUNCIATION The letters s and sh

A Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of s and sh.

suit

**s**ocks

**s**wimsuit

shirt

shorts

shoes

- **B** Read the sentences. Pay attention to the pronunciation of **s** and **sh**.
  - 1. This is Joshua's new suit.
  - 2. These are Sarah's purple shoes!

- 3. Where are my shoes and socks?
- 4. My shorts and T-shirts are blue!

#### **CONVERSATION** Whose jeans are these?

Listen and practice.

Great! Our clothes are dry.

Hey, where is my new blouse?

**Ashley** 

What color is your blouse? Is this yours?

No, this blouse is blue. Mine

is white. Wait! It is mine. My white blouse is . . . blue!

**Ashley** 

Oh, no! Look. It's a disaster! All our clothes are blue . . .

Here's the problem. It's these blue jeans. Whose jeans are these? Are they yours?

Uh, yes, they're mine. Sorry.



# GRAMMAR FOCUS



#### **Possessives**



Adjectives	P	ronouns	Names	
my	Total San	mine.	Jack's tie.	s = /s/
your		yours.	Taylor's shoes.	s = /z/
These are <b>his</b> shoes.	These shoes are	his.	Alex's coat.	s = /IZ/
her		hers.		
our		ours.	Whose tie is this	? It's <b>Greg's.</b>
their		theirs.	Whose shoes are	e these? They're <b>Taylor's.</b>

**GRAMMAR PLUS** see page 135

A	Complete the conversations with the correct	words in parentheses.	Ther	practice v	with a	a partner
---	---	-----------------------	------	------------	--------	-----------

- 1. A: This isn't \_\_\_\_\_ (my / mine) raincoat. Is it \_\_\_\_\_ (your / yours)?
  - **B:** No, it's not \_\_\_\_\_ (my / mine). Ask Emma. Maybe it's \_\_\_ (her / hers).
- 2. A: Hey! These aren't \_\_\_\_\_ (our / ours) sneakers!
  - B: You're right. (Our / Ours) are over there.

- 3. A: Are these (your / yours) gloves, Erin?
  - B: No, they're not (my / mine). Maybe they are Logan's. \_ (His / Your) gloves are gray.
- 4. A: (Whose / Yours) T-shirts are these? Are they Hayley's and Brad's?
  - B: No, they're not \_ (their / theirs) T-shirts. (Their / Theirs) are white, not blue.
- B CLASS ACTIVITY Put one of your things in a box. Then choose a different thing from the box. Go around the class and find the owner.
  - A: Laura, are these sunglasses yours?
  - B: No, they're not mine. Maybe they're Joon-ho's.
- C: Wei, is this your pen?
- D: Yes, it is.

#### LISTENING Her sneakers are purple.

 $igcolone{1}{2}$   $igcolone{1}$   $igcolone{1}{2}$   $igcolone{1}$   gc













- Alicia
- 1 Sarah
- Andrea
- Amanda
- Cody
- \_\_\_ Kyle
- **B PAIR WORK** Now talk about the people. What colors are their clothes?
  - A: What color is Alicia's jacket?
  - B: It's beige.



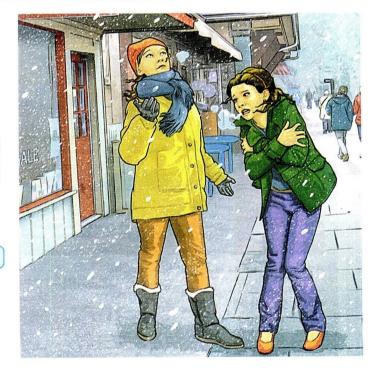
Listen and practice.



What season is it now in your town or city? What's the weather like today? What's your favorite season?

### **CONVERSATION** Are you wearing your gloves?

Listen and practice. Oh, no! What's the matter? Jessica It's snowing! Wow, it's so cold and windy! Are you wearing your gloves? No, I'm not. They're at home. What about your scarf? It's at home, too. Well, you're wearing your coat. Jessica But my coat isn't very warm. And I'm not wearing boots! OK. Let's take a taxi. Jessica Good idea!



### GRAMMAR FOCUS

#### 0

#### Present continuous statements; conjunctions

I'm I'm not OR:
You're You're not You aren't

She's wearing shoes. She's not She isn't wearing boots. We're We're not We aren't

They're They're not They aren't

It's snowing. It's not It isn't raining.

#### Conjunctions

It's snowing, **and** it's windy.

It's sunny, **but** it's cold.

It's windy, **so** it's very cold.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 135

A Complete these sentences from a travel show on TV. Then compare with a partner.



My name is Dylan Jones. I 'm wearing a new gray suit. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ new black shoes, too. It's raining, but I \_\_\_\_\_ a raincoat.



It's very hot and sunny today. Michael
\_\_\_\_\_ light blue shorts and white
sneakers. He \_\_\_\_\_ a white
T-shirt, but he \_\_\_\_\_ a cap.



Adriana Fuentes is from Mexico. She
\_\_\_\_\_\_ a pretty yellow dress
and a brown belt. She
high heels and a light brown jacket, but she
\_\_\_\_\_ a coat. Wow, it's
really windy!



Hee-sun and Kun-woo are here with me today.
They're 10 years old. It's really cold, so they
winter clothes. They
boots, gloves, hats,
and scarves. And they
heavy coats!

#### Present continuous yes/no questions

Are you wearing gloves?

Yes, I am.

No, I'm not.

Is she wearing boots?

Yes, she is.

No, she's not./No, she isn't.

Are they wearing sunglasses?

Yes, they are.

No, they're not./No, they aren't.



#### **B** PAIR WORK Ask and answer these questions about the people in part A.

- 1. Is Dylan wearing a gray suit?
- 2. Is he wearing a raincoat?
- 3. Is he wearing black shoes?
- 4. Is Michael wearing jeans?
- 5. Is he wearing a T-shirt?
- 6. Is he wearing a cap?
- A: Is Dylan wearing a gray suit?
- B: Yes, he is. Is he wearing a raincoat?
- A: No, he's not. or No, he isn't.

- 7. Is Adriana wearing a skirt?
- 8. Is she wearing a jacket?
- 9. Is she wearing high heels?
- 10. Are Hee-sun and Kun-woo wearing swimsuits?
- 11. Are they wearing gloves and hats?
- 12. Are they wearing sneakers?

#### adjective + noun

My suit is black.

I'm wearing a black suit.

C Write four more questions about the people in part A. Then ask a partner the questions.

#### LISTENING You look great in pink.

A Listen. What are their names? Write the names Brittany, Ryan, John, Robert, Kayla, and Amber in the correct boxes.

**B** GROUP WORK Ask questions about the people in the picture.

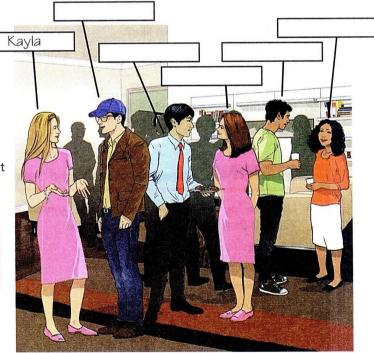
A: Is John wearing a brown jacket?

B: Yes, he is.

C: Is he wearing a cap?

C GROUP WORK Write five questions about your classmates. Then ask and answer the questions.

> Are Maria and Bruno wearing jeans? Is Bruno wearing a red shirt?



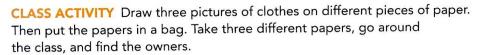
### **INTERCHANGE 4** Celebrity fashions

What are your favorite celebrities wearing? Go to Interchange 4 on pages 116-117.

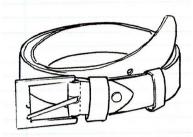
# Units 3–4 Progress checkers

SELF-ASSESSIMEN I		
How well can you do these things? Check (✔) the boxes.		
Ask and answer questions about countries of origin, nationalities, and languages (Ex. 1)  Understand descriptions of people (Ex. 2)  Ask and answer questions about people's appearance and personal Ask and answer questions about people's possessions (Ex. 3)  Talk and write about my and other people's favorite things (Ex. 4)  Ask and answer questions about what people are wearing (Ex. 5)	Very well OK ality (Ex. 2, 5)	A little
SPEAKING Interview with my classmates		
<ul> <li>2. Where are you and your family from?</li></ul>	very beautiful.	
A Listen to four conversations. Check (✓) the correct descripe You will check more than one adjective.  1. Jacob 2. Monica 3. Hannah 1 tall 1 tall 2 tall 3 thin 2 short 1 pretty 2 quiet 3 serious 3 shy 5 friendly 5 funny 6 gerious 7 funny 7 funny 8 funny 9 friendly 1 tall 9 thin 1 thin 1 tall 9 tall 9 thin 1 tall 9	4. Ki-nam  tall short funny friendly	
<b>B</b> Write five yes/no questions about the people in part A. Then ask a partner the questions.	Is Jacob tall?	

### **SPEAKING** Are these your clothes?











A: Anna, is this your belt?

B: No, it's not mine. Maybe it's Miki's.

A: Ji-hun, are these your sneakers?

C: Yes, they're mine. Thanks!

#### **SPEAKING** Similar or different?

A Write your favorite things in the chart. Then ask a partner about his or her favorite things. Write them in the chart.

Favorite	Me	My partner
1. season		
2. color		
3. clothes		

**B** Compare answers. What's the same? What's different? Write sentences.

Spring is my favorite season, and it's Mariana's favorite season. That's the same. My favorite color is green, but Mariana's favorite color is red, so that's different.

#### SPEAKING I'm thinking of ...

**GROUP WORK** Think of a student in the class. Your classmates ask yes/no questions to guess the student.

A: I'm thinking of a student in this class.

B: Is it a woman?

A: Yes, it is.

C: Is she short?

A: No, she isn't.

D: Is she wearing blue jeans?

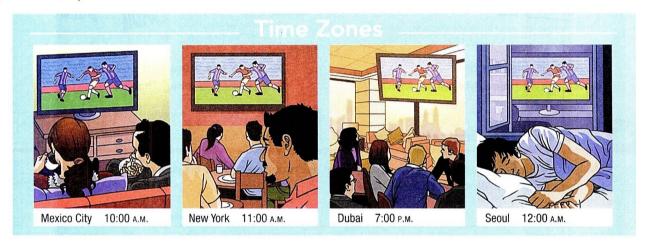


#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

### **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.

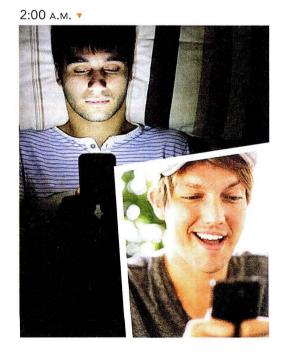


Is your city or town in the same time zone as one of these cities? What other events or shows are on television in different time zones?

#### CONVERSATION It's two o'clock in the morning!

A Listen and practice.







#### What time is it?



It's two o'clock.



It's two-oh-five. It's five after two.



It's two-fifteen. lt's a quarter after two.



It's two-thirty.



It's two-forty. It's twenty to three.



It's two forty-five. It's a quarter to three.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 136

#### A PAIR WORK Look at these clocks. What time is it?













A: What time is it?

B: It's ten after ten. OR It's ten-ten.

#### Is it A.M. or P.M.?



It's six (o'clock) in the morning. It's 6:00 A.M.



It's twelve (o'clock). It's 12:00 P.M. It's noon.



It's four (o'clock) in the afternoon. It's 4:00 P.M.



It's six (o'clock) in the evening. It's 6:00 P.M.



It's nine (o'clock) at night. It's 9:00 P.M.



It's twelve (o'clock) at night. It's 12:00 A.M.

It's midnight.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 136

#### **B** PAIR WORK Say each time a different way.

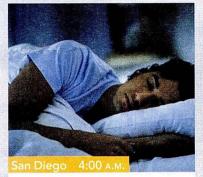
- 1. It's eight o'clock in the morning. "It's 8:00 A.M."
- 2. It's three o'clock in the afternoon.
- 3. It's six o'clock in the evening.
- 4. It's twelve o'clock at night.

- 5. It's 10:00 A.M.
- 6. It's 4:00 P.M.
- 7. It's 7:00 P.M.
- 8. It's 12:00 P.M.

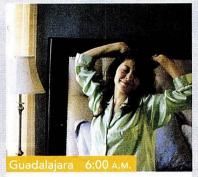
4	LI	STENIN	IG What time	e is it in Tokyo	?		A LEI
0	A		John are calling fr t time is it in these		parts of the world.	lee 3	WWW.HLTSTED.COM
		City	Time	, citioo.			
		Vancouver	4:00 P.M.			S. Was	
		Bangkok	7.000000 (9.000000				
		London					
		Tokyo			£ 1		Later III
		São Paulo					
0	B	Listen again	. Check (🗸) the co	orrect answers.			The state of the s
		1. Tanawat	is 🔲 get	ting married.	🔲 in São Paulo.	sleeping.	
		2. Richard i	s 🔲 in L	ondon.	in Bangkok.	late.	
		3. Misaki is	🔲 in T	ōkyo.	in Vancouver.	watching TV	1.
Marine C		<b></b>					
5	C	ONVER	SATION W	hat are you d	oing?		
0	Lis	ten and prac	tice.				
		YAL	Hey, Kate!				
		W 7	What are you doing	g?			
			I'm cooking.				
		KATE	I know, but why are It's three o'clock in				
		JAY	I'm sorry, but I'm re	eally hungry.			
	1	KATE	Hmm What are	you making?			
	18	JAY	Spaghetti.				MA
		KATE	With tomato sauce	?			
		JAY	With tomato sauce	and cheese.			
	-	KATE	I love spaghetti! Uh	n I'm getting hu	ngry, too.		
		JAY	Good. Let's eat!				
7	D		ICIATION	D: :			
(0)	Г	KONON	CATION	Rising and tai	ling intonation		
O	A	Listen and p	oractice. Notice th	ne intonation of t	he yes/no and Wh-	questions.	
		la ha anakir	<b>∮</b> .~2 \	Albatia ba makina	3		
		Is he cookir Are they sle	•	What's he making What are they do	*10		
		, are triesy sie	,-piig. (	That are they do			
0	В		e questions. Draw g arrow (🔌) for fa	_	<ul><li>for rising intona</li></ul>	tion	
		1	2	3	4	5	6



#### Present continuous Wh-questions



What's Daniel doing? He's sleeping right now.



What's Leticia doing? It's 6:00 A.M., so she's getting up.



What are Lya and Erin doing? They're having breakfast.



What's Tiago doing? He's going to work.



What are Kim and Paul doing? It's noon, so they're eating lunch.



What's Amina doing? She's working.



What's Tamara doing? She's eating dinner right now.



What's Kento doing? He's checking his messages.



What are you doing? lt's . . . I'm . . .

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 136

#### A PAIR WORK Ask and answer the questions about the pictures.

- 1. Who's having breakfast?
- 2. Who's eating dinner?
- 3. Where's Amina working?
- 4. Where's Kento checking his messages?
- 5. What's Daniel doing?
- 6. What's Tiago wearing?
- 7. Why is Leticia getting up?
- 8. Why are Kim and Paul having lunch?

#### spelling

sleep → sleeping

get  $\rightarrow$  getting (+ t) have  $\rightarrow$  having (-e)

**B** GROUP WORK Write five more questions about the pictures. Then ask and answer your questions in groups.

## WORD POWER What are they doing?

A Listen and practice. "They're dancing."







drive



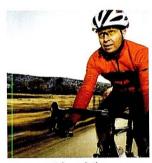
listen to music



play basketball



read



ride a bike



run





study



swim



take a walk



watch a movie

- **B** PAIR WORK Ask and answer questions about the pictures in part A.
  - A: Are they running?
- A: What are they doing?
- B: No, they're not.
- B: They're dancing.
- **C** GROUP WORK Make two teams. Write an activity on a piece of paper. Give the paper to the other team. Two members act out each activity. Their team guesses. Can they guess the activity?
  - A: Are you running?

C: Are you riding bikes?

B: No, we're not.

D: Yes, we are!

riding bikes

INTERCHANGE 5 What's wrong with this picture?

What's wrong with this picture? Go to Interchange 5 on page 119.



A Skim the conversation. Write the name of the correct person on each picture.





**B** Read the conversation. Who is doing these things? Choose the correct answers.

... is calling Pam.

- 1. Pam Eva . . . is watching a movie. 2. Eva Pam ... is visiting friends.
- **3.** Pam Eva ... is working in an office.
- Paul . . . is making coffee. 4. Lety

Pam's boss

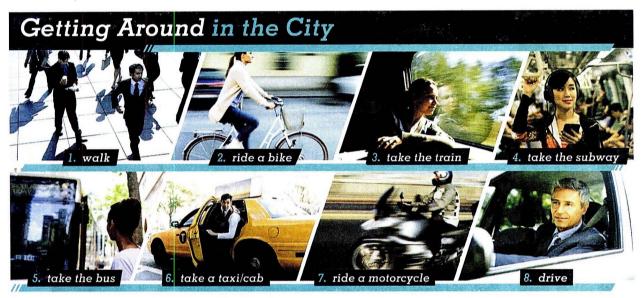
**6.** Eva

- 5. Paul Pam . . . is calling Eva on her cell phone.
- C PAIR WORK Think about online conversations you have with friends. What do you say? What do you ask about? Write a short conversation.



## **SNAPSHOT**

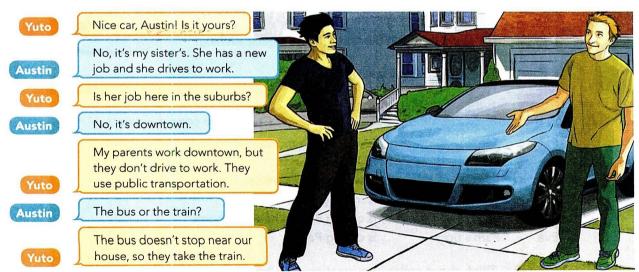
Listen and practice.



Check (1) the kinds of transportation you use. What are some other kinds of transportation?

## CONVERSATION They use public transportation.

Listen and practice.



## WORD POWER Family members

- PAIR WORK Complete the sentences about the Mitchell family. Then listen and check your answers.
  - 1. Lisa is Tom's \_\_\_\_ wife
  - 2. Megan and Austin are their \_
  - **3.** Tom is Lisa's .
  - **4.** Austin is Lisa's .
  - 5. Megan is Tom's \_\_\_
  - 6. Austin is Megan's \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 7. Megan is Austin's .
  - 8. Tom and Lisa are Austin's \_\_\_\_\_

kids = children

mom = mother dad = father

B PAIR WORK Who are the people in your family? What are their names?

"My father's name is Arthur. My sisters' names are Emilia and Sabrina."

husband wife





father mother (parents)

daughter (children)





brother sister

## GRAMMAR FOCUS

#### Simple present statements

far from here. don't = do notwalk to school. | don't live You don't live near here. doesn't = does notYou ride your bike to school. He works near here. He doesn't work downtown. She takes the bus to work. She doesn't drive to work. We don't live We live with our parents. alone. They don't need public transportation. a car. They use GRAMMAR PLUS see page

A Tom Mitchell is talking about his family. Complete the sentences with the correct verb forms. Then compare with a partner.

1. My family and I \_\_\_  $\underline{\text{live}}$  (live / lives) in the suburbs. My wife and I (work / works) near here, so we \_\_\_\_\_ (walk / walks) to work. Our daughter Megan \_\_\_\_\_ (work / works) (drive / drives) to work. Our son downtown, so she (don't / doesn't) drive. He \_\_\_\_\_ (ride / rides) his bike to school.

\_\_\_ (live / lives) in the city. My mother \_\_\_\_\_ (take / takes) the subway to work. My father is retired, so he \_\_\_\_\_ (don't / doesn't) work now. He (use / uses) public transportation, so they (don't / doesn't) need a car.

verb endings: he, she, it

walk → walks ride → rides study -> studies watch -> watches

#### Simple present statements with irregular verbs

#### I/you/we/they

I have a bike.

We do our homework every day.

My parents go to work by train.

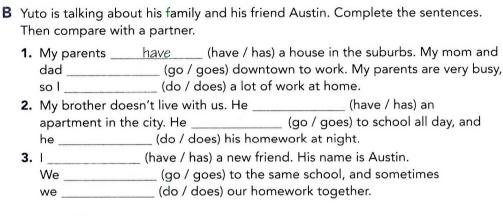
#### he/she/it

My mother **has** a car.

My father does a lot of work at home.

The train **goes** downtown.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 13



C PAIR WORK Tell your partner about your family.

"I have one brother and two sisters. My brother is a teacher. He has a car, so he drives to work."

## PRONUNCIATION Third-person singular -s endings

Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of the -s endings.

s = /s/

s = |z|

(e)s = /IZ/

irregular

take takes

drive drives

dance dances

does

sleep sleeps

study studies

watch watches

have has

## **CONVERSATION** What time do you get up? Listen and practice.

Paige

Let's go to the park Sunday morning.

Adam

Good idea, but let's go in the afternoon. I sleep late on weekends.

Paige

What time do you get up?

Adam

I get up at noon.

Paige

Really? That's late. Do you eat breakfast at noon?

Yeah. What time do you get up?

At ten o'clock.

Adam

Oh, that's early for a Sunday.

Paige

Hey, I have an idea! Let's eat at Park Café. They serve breakfast all day!

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#### Simple present questions

Do you get up early on Sundays?

No, I get up late.

Does he eat breakfast at seven o'clock?

No, he eats breakfast at seven-thirty.

Do they take a taxi to class?

No, they take the bus.

What time do you get up?

At noon.

What time does she have dinner?

At eight o'clock.

When do they take the subway?

On Mondays and Wednesdays.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 137

#### A Complete the questions with do or does.

1.	Do	you get up late on Sundays?
2.		you have lunch at home every day?
3.	What time	your father leave work on Fridays?
4.		your mother cook on weekdays?
5.		your father shop on Saturdays?
6.	# 12 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1 m 1	you take a walk in the evening?
7.	When	you listen to music?
8.	What time	you check your email?
9.	What time	your parents have dinner?
10.	When	you study English?
11.		your best friend ride a bike on weekends?
12.		your father drive to work every morning?

- **B** PAIR WORK Ask and answer the questions from part A. Use time expressions from the box.
  - A: Do you get up late on Sundays?
  - B: No, I don't. I get up at eight o'clock. I play basketball on Sunday mornings.
- C Unscramble the questions to complete the conversations. Then ask a partner the questions. Answer with your own information.
  - 1. A: What time do you eat dinner you / what time / dinner / do / eat
    - B: At 7:00 P.M.
  - 2. A: you / every morning / check your messages / do
    - **B:** Yes, I check my messages on the bus every morning.
  - 3. A: at / start / does / seven o'clock / this class
  - B: No, this class starts at eight o'clock. 4. A:
  - listen to music / you / do / when
  - **B:** I listen to music in the evening. 5. A: on weekends / you and your friends / do / play sports
    - B: Yes, we play volleyball on Saturdays.

#### time expressions

early	in the morning
late and	in the afternoo
every day	in the evening
<b>at</b> 9:00	on Sundays
at noon/midnight	on weekdays
at night	on weekends



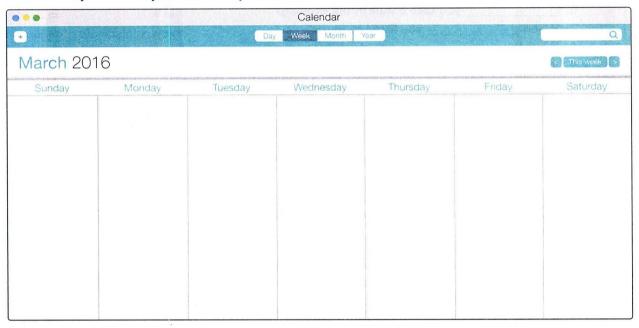
## Elistening Kayla's weekly routine

Disten to Kayla talk about her weekly routine. Check (✓) the days she does each thing.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
get up early							
go to work							
play tennis							
go shopping							
see friends							
dinner with family							
study							

## SPEAKING My weekly routine

A What do you do every week? Write your routine in the chart.



**B** GROUP WORK Discuss your weekly routines.

Ask and answer questions.

- A: I play tennis on Sunday mornings.
- **B:** What do you do on Sunday afternoons?
- **A:** I see my friends. We watch movies or play games. What about you?
- **C:** On Sundays, I have lunch with my parents. In the afternoon, we talk or take a walk.

## INTERCHANGE 6 Class survey

Find out more about your classmates. Go to Interchange 6 on page 120.





## What's your

## schedule like?

Every week, we interview someone with an unusual schedule. In this week's interview, we meet Mike Watts, a professional "sleeper." Yes, that's correct. Mike's job pays him to sleep! Here, Mike talks to us about his schedule.

News Now: Hi Mike, thanks for talking to us. What's your schedule like?

Mike: Hi there! My schedule's strange, but I love it. I go to bed at 10:00 P.M. in a

different hotel room every night.

News Now: Wow! That's cool! Do you get up early?

Mike: Yes, I get up at 6:00 A.M. I'm an early bird! I like the morning. At 8:00 A.M.,

I have a big breakfast in the hotel restaurant.

News Now: So, who pays you to do that?

Mike: I work for a travel blog. They pay me to stay in different hotels and write about

them. People read the blog and go to the hotels. Right now, I'm at a hotel in

Finland, Hotel Finn.

News Now: And what do you do before you go to bed?

Mike: Every afternoon, from 2:00 P.M. to 4:00 P.M., I write about each room.

I talk about the bed, the lights, the noise . . .

News Now: Who reads the blog?

Mike: Lots of different people read it. Business people, tourists, travel agencies

people who want to know about hotels, really!

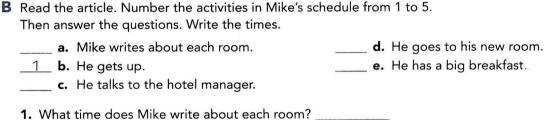
News Now: What do you do in the evening?

Mike: At 7:00 P.M., I talk to the hotel manager. Then I go to my new room

and go to bed.

News Now: Do you like sleeping?

Mike: Yes, I do! I'm very good at it!



2. What time does he get up? \_\_\_

3. What time does he talk to the hotel manager?

**4.** What time does he go to bed?

5. What time does he have breakfast?

C Are you an "early bird," like Mike? Or are you a "night owl"? Write five sentences about your schedule. Compare with a partner.





# Units 5–6 Progress checiers

#### **SELF-ASSESSMENT**

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	ОК	A little
Understand times and descriptions of activities (Ex. 1)			
Ask and answer questions about present activities (Ex. 2)			
Talk about personal routines (Ex. 3)			
Ask and answer questions about routines (Ex. 4)			
Ask and answer questions about celebrities' appearances and activities (Ex. 5)			

## LISTENING I'm calling from Los Angeles.

lt's 9:00 A.M. in Los Angeles. Stephanie is calling friends around the world. Listen to the conversations and complete the chart.

	1. Chelsea	2. Carlos	3. Nicholas
City	New York		
Time			
Activity			

## SPEAKING We're on vacation!

**Student A:** Imagine your classmates are on vacation. Student B calls you. Ask

questions about your classmates.

Student B: Imagine you are on vacation with your classmates. Call Student A.

Answer Student A's questions

about your classmates.

A: Hello?

B: Hi, it's . . . . I'm on vacation in . . .

A: In . . . ? Wow! What are you doing?

B: . . .

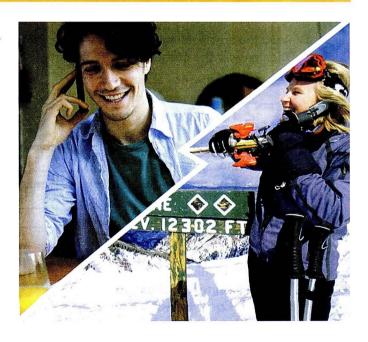
A: Who are you with?

B: . .

A: What's he/she doing?

B: . . .

A: Well, have fun, Bye!



## SPEAKING One day in my week

A Choose one day of the week and write it in the blank. What do you do on this day? Complete the chart.

	THE SECRET TO SUCCESS		
	the Secre	C	
8			
Voran		T	CI
erse			<b>3</b> 1
	WWW.IELTSTEP.COM		Santistudes .
	36		Succe
7.1	* Smart Council *		E .
	N N		Sulfus
		Confidence	

	Day:
In the morning	
In the afternoon	
In the evening	
At night	

**B** PAIR WORK Tell your partner about your routine on the day from part A.

A: On Saturdays, I exercise in the morning. I run in the park with my friends.

B: What time do you run?

A: We run at 9:00.

## **SPEAKING** Lifestyle survey

A Answer the questions in the chart. Check (✓) Yes or No.

90	Yes	No	Name
1. Do you live with your parents?			
2. Do both your parents work?			
<b>3.</b> Do you play video games at night?			
<b>4.</b> Do you eat dinner with your family?			
5. Do you stay at home on weekends?			
6. Do you work on Saturdays?			

B CLASS ACTIVITY Go around the class and find classmates with the same answers. Write their names in the chart. Try to write a different name on each line.

## **SPEAKING** Guess who!

**GROUP WORK** Think of a famous person. Your classmates ask yes/no questions to guess the person.

Is it a man? a woman?

Does he/she speak English?

Does he/she live in . . . ?

Does he/she play soccer? basketball?

Is he/she a singer? an actor?

Does he/she wear glasses?



#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

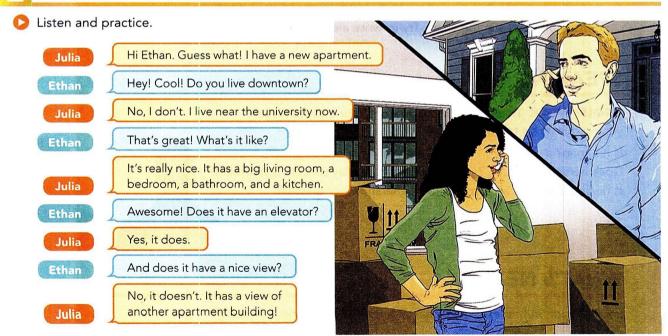
# Does it have a view? Doescribe houses and apartments Discuss furniture and dream homes

## **SNAPSHOT**



What rooms are in houses in your country? What rooms are in apartments? What rooms are in your house or apartment? What is your favorite room?

## CONVERSATION Do you live downtown?



#### Simple present short answers

Do you live in an apartment? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

Do the bedrooms have closets? Yes, they do. / No, they don't. Does Ethan live in a house?

Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.

Does the house have a yard?

Yes, it does. / No, it doesn't.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 138

A	Compl	ete th	ne cor	nversation.	Then	practice	with	а	partner.
---	-------	--------	--------	-------------	------	----------	------	---	----------

Julia	Do	_ you	live	in an apartment?
Ethan	No, I			in a house.
Julia		it	a	yard?
Ethan	Yes, it			
Julia	That sounds ni alone?	ce	y	ou
Ethan	No, I			with my family.
Julia		_ you		_ any brothers
	or sisters?			
Ethan	Yes, I		1	four sisters.
Julia	Really?		_ your house	
	many bedroom	ns?		
Ethan	Yes, it		. lt	four.
Julia		_ you		_ your own
	bedroom?			
Ethan	Yes, I		I'm really luck	<у.



- B PAIR WORK Read the conversation in part A again. Ask and answer these questions about Ethan.
  - 1. Does he live in an apartment?

3. Does he live alone?

2. Does his house have a yard?

- 4. Does he have his own room?
- C PAIR WORK Write five questions to ask your partner about his or her home. Then ask and answer the questions.

## **LISTENING** We have a nice yard.

Listen to four people describe their homes. Number the pictures from 1 to 4.









## WORD POWER Furniture and appliances

A Listen and practice.



**B** Which rooms have the things in part A? Complete the chart.

A kitchen has	a table a stove
A dining room has	a table
A living room has	
A bedroom has	

**C** GROUP WORK What furniture is in your house or apartment? Tell your classmates.

<sup>&</sup>quot;My living room has a sofa, a bookcase, and a rug . . . "

## **CONVERSATION** I really need some furniture.

Listen and practice.

This apartment is great, Lara.

Thanks. I love it, but I really need some furniture. Lara

What do you need? Eric

Oh, lots of things. For example, there are some chairs in the kitchen, but there isn't a table. Lara

That's true. And there's no sofa in the living room. Eric

And there aren't any armchairs, there isn't a rug . . . There's only this lamp! Lara

So let's go shopping next weekend! Eric



## **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

There is, there are

There's a bed in the bedroom.

There's no sofa in the bedroom.

There isn't a table in the kitchen.

There are some chairs in the kitchen.

There are no chairs in the living room.

There aren't any chairs in the living room.

There's = There is

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 138

A Look at the picture of Ann's apartment. Complete the sentences. Then practice with a partner.

1. There's no dresser in the bedroom.

2. \_\_\_\_\_ chairs in the kitchen.

3. \_\_\_\_\_ lamp in the living room.

4. \_\_\_\_\_ refrigerator.

5. \_\_\_\_\_ rugs on the floor.

**6.** curtains on the windows.

7. \_\_\_\_\_ armchair in the bedroom.

**8.** books in the bookcase.

**B** Write five sentences about things you have or don't have in your home. Then compare with a partner.

There are two sofas in my living room.

## **INTERCHANGE 7** Find the differences

Compare two apartments. Go to Interchange 7 on page 121.



## PRONUNCIATION Words with th

 $\triangleright$  A Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of  $\theta$  and  $\delta$ .

/ð/

/ð/

/0/

There are thirteen rooms in this house. The house has three bathrooms.

/ð/

B PAIR WORK List other words with /0/ and /0/. Then use them to write two sentences. Read them aloud.

There are thirty-three books on their bookcase.

## LISTENING A furniture website

Listen to Jacob and Courtney talk about furniture on a website. What does Courtney like? What doesn't she like? Choose 😊 (likes) or 🙈 (doesn't like).

😊 😣 armchairs	🙂 ৪ a sofa
🙂 ৪ a rug	🙂 😣 lamps
🙂 ৪ a bookcase	😊 😣 a mirror
🙂 ৪ a coffee table	😊 ৪ curtains

## SPEAKING My dream home

A Write a description of your dream home.

> What is your dream home? Where is it? What rooms does it have? What things are in the rooms? Does it have a view?

My dream home is a loft in a big city. There is one large living room with a lot of windows. There are two bedrooms and ...

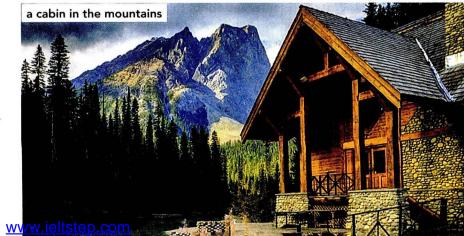
- B PAIR WORK Ask your partner about his or her dream home.
  - A: What is your dream home?
  - B: My dream home is a loft in a big city.
  - A: What rooms does it have?
  - B: Well, there is a big living room, a small kitchen . . .







a loft in a big city







A Scan the article. Which hotel has a room that looks like a dessert?



TRAVELNEWS

### **Unique Hotels**

Which do you like - the world of science or the world of fiction? In this week's vacation post, we discover a hotel made for fans of nature and another hotel for fans of stories.



Just imagine sleeping in a giant, clear bubble in a forest. That's exactly what happens here. At night, hotel quests lie in bed and watch the stars and moon. Each bubble has a comfortable bed and a nice bathroom with a shower. There's also an air-conditioner to keep the room cool in summer and a heater to keep it warm when it's cold outside.

Each bubble room is different. Guests choose the "Zen" bubble if they want to feel relaxed. Or they stay in the "Love Nature" bubble for a beautiful view. Sometimes there are rabbits and squirrels playing outside. Is there anything missing? Well, yes, there isn't a TV because no one needs a TV in a bubble!

#### The Roxbury, New York, the United States 4 new

In the mountains near New York City, there's a very unusual hotel. Its name is the Roxbury. It has many rooms, but every single room is different. There's the Wizard's Emeralds room, for example. It has a vellow "road" in the middle - just like in The Wizard of Oz. There's a green shower in the bathroom with big red flowers on the walls.

#### Do you like sweet things? How about space?

Maryann's Coconut Cream Pie room looks iust like a dessert bed is round like a pie. whipped cream.

When you walk into George's Spacepad, you see an enormous red bathtub. It glows in the dark! good enough to eat! The There isn't a shower, but there are silver curtains, crazy lights, and and the ceiling looks like two cozy sofas. It's really out of this world!



B Read the article. What's in each hotel? Complete the sentences.

sofas	animals	moon	round bed	✓ yellow road
stars	bathtub	TV	shower	air-conditioner

#### At The Roxbury

- **1.** In the Wizard's Emeralds room, there is a <u>yellow road</u> 2. There is a \_\_\_\_\_ in Maryann's Coconut Cream Pie room.
- 3. In George's Spacepad, there are two \_\_\_\_\_\_. There is a red

\_\_\_\_\_, but there isn't a \_\_\_\_\_

#### At the Bubble Hotel

- **4.** There is a view of the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_.
- **5.** There is an \_\_\_\_\_\_ to keep the room cool.
- \_\_\_\_\_ playing outside. 6. There are sometimes
- **7.** There isn't a \_\_\_\_\_

#### **C** GROUP WORK Talk about these questions.

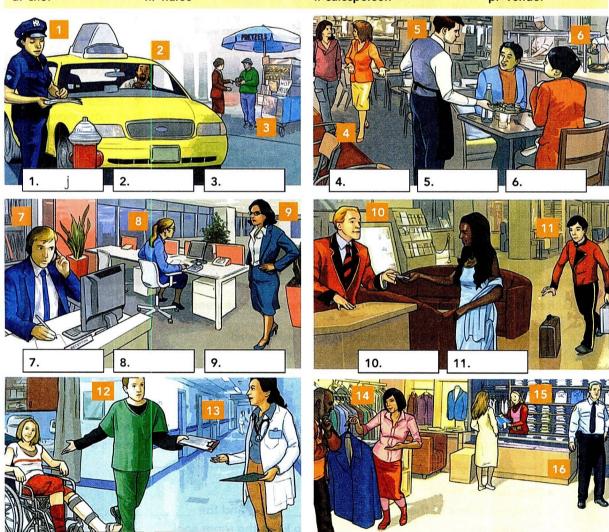
- 1. Which hotel do you like? Why?
- 2. Imagine you have a hotel. What do you do to make it interesting?

## WORD POWER Jobs

Match the jobs with the pictures. Then listen and practice.

- a. accountant
- b. bellhop
- c. cashier
- d. chef
- e. doctor
- f. front desk clerk
- g. host
- h. nurse

- i. office manager
- ✓ j. police officer
  - k. receptionist
  - I. salesperson
- m. security guard
- n. server
- o. taxi driver
- p. vendor



**B** PAIR WORK Ask questions about the people in part A. What are their jobs?

13.

A: What does she do?

12.

B: She's a police officer.

14.

15.

16.

## SPEAKING Workplaces

A PAIR WORK Who works in these places? Complete the chart with jobs from Exercise 1. Add one more job to each list.

A: A doctor works in a hospital.

B: A nurse works in a hospital, too.





**B** CLASS ACTIVITY Ask and answer Who questions about jobs. Use these words.

wears a uniform sits all day stands all day works with a team talks to people works hard works at night makes a lot of money

A: Who wears a uniform?

B: A police officer wears a uniform.

C: A security guard wears a uniform, too.

CONVERSATION What does he do?

Listen and practice.

JORDAN Where does your brother work?

ALICIA In a hotel.

ALICIA

JORDAN Oh, really? My brother works in a hotel, too. He's an accountant.

ALICIA How does he like it?

**JORDAN** He hates it. He doesn't like the manager.

ALICIA That's too bad. What hotel does he work for?

JORDAN The Plaza.

**ALICIA** That's funny. My brother works there, too.

Actually, he's the manager!

JORDAN Oh, that's interesting. What does he do?

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#### Simple present Wh-questions

Where do you work?

In a hospital. What do you do? I'm a doctor.

How do you like it? I really like it.

Where does he work?

In a hotel.

What does he do?

He's a manager. How does he like it?

It's OK.

Where do they work?

In an office.

What do they do?

They're accountants.

How do they like it?

They hate it.

**GRAMMAR PLUS** see page 139

A	Complete	these	conversations.	Then	practice	with a	partner.
---	----------	-------	----------------	------	----------	--------	----------

- 1. A: What does your sister do ?
  - **B:** My sister? She's a teacher.
  - **A:** \_\_\_\_\_ does she \_\_\_
  - B: It's difficult, but she loves it.
- 2. A: \_\_\_\_\_ does your brother
  - B: In an office. He's an accountant.
  - **A:** Oh? \_\_\_\_\_ does he
  - B: He doesn't really like it.

- 3. A: \_\_\_\_\_ do your parents \_\_\_\_\_ their jobs?
  - B: Oh, I guess they like them.
  - A: I don't remember. \_\_\_\_\_ do they \_\_\_\_\_
  - **B:** In a big hospital. They're doctors.
- **4. A:** \_\_\_\_\_\_ do you \_\_\_\_\_ ?
  - **B:** I'm a student.
  - **A:** I see. \_\_\_\_\_ do you your classes?
  - B: They're great. I like them a lot.

B PAIR WORK Ask questions about these people. Where do they work? What do they do? How do they like it?







- A: Where does Chad work?
- B: He works in . . .

## PRONUNCIATION Reduction of do

Listen and practice. Notice the reduction of do.

Where do you work?

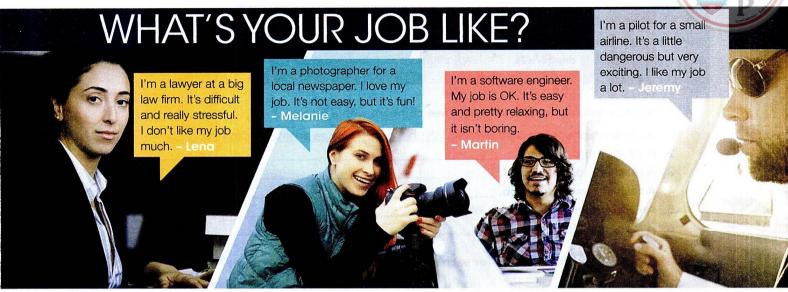
Where do they work?

What do you do?

What **do they** do?



Listen and practice.

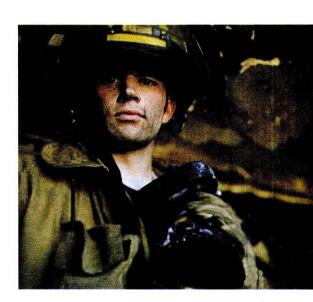


Who likes his or her job? Who doesn't? Why? Why not? What jobs do you think are interesting? What jobs are not very interesting?

## **CONVERSATION** It's a dangerous job.

Listen and practice.

13	JACK	Hey, Paula. I hear you have a new job.
1	PAULA	Yes. I'm teaching math at Lincoln High School.
4	JACK	How do you like it?
	PAULA	It's difficult, but the students are terrific. How are things with you?
	JACK	Not bad. Guess what! I'm a firefighter now.
	PAULA	Really? Wow! How do you like it?
	JACK	It's a dangerous job, but it's really interesting. I love it!
2	PAULA	OK, but please be careful!



## **LISTENING** Is your job interesting?

Listen to four people talk about their jobs. Complete the chart with the correct jobs and adjectives.

	What do they do?	What's it like?
1. Yasmin		
2. Kana		
3. Luke		
4. Brandon		Where do vou w

### 0

#### Placement of adjectives

#### be + adjective

adjective + noun

A doctor's job is stressful.

A doctor has a stressful job.

A firefighter's job is dangerous. A firefighter has a dangerous job.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 139

A Write each sentence a different way. T	Then compare with a partner
--	-----------------------------

1. A photographer's job	is interesting.	A photograp	her has an interesting job.
1 3 1 ,	9		99

- 2. A pilot's job is exciting.
- 3. A teacher's job is stressful.
- **4.** A cashier has a boring job.
- 5. An accountant has a difficult job.
- 6. A receptionist has an easy job. \_\_\_

#### **B** GROUP WORK Write one job for each adjective. Do your classmates agree?

1.	easy	actor			
2.	difficult				

- **4.** boring \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_\_ **5.** exciting \_\_\_\_\_\_
- **3.** dangerous \_\_\_\_\_\_ **6.** relaxing \_\_\_\_\_



- **B:** I don't agree. A graphic designer's job is difficult.
- C: I think . . .



## INTERCHANGE 8 The perfect job

What do you want in a job? Go to Interchange 8 on page 122.

## SPEAKING Workday routines

**GROUP WORK** Ask three classmates about their jobs (or their friends' or family members' jobs). Then tell the class.

# Do you have a job? Where do you work? What do you do, exactly? Is your job interesting? What time do you start work? When do you finish work? Do you like your job?

What do you do after work?

Ask about a classmate

#### Ask about a classmate's friend or family member

Tell me about your . . .

Where does he/she work?

What does he/she do, exactly?

Is his/her job difficult?

What time does he/she start work?

When does he/she finish work?

Does he/she like his/her job?

What does he/she do after work?





A Do you think all jobs are boring? Think again! Look at the photos. What do these people do?



**B** Read the article. Check (✓) True or False.

1.	Both people have jobs they do outside.	
2.	The crocodile researcher studies what crocodiles eat.	
3.	The crocodile researcher watches the crocodiles at night.	
4.	The ice cream flavor expert tastes each flavor three times.	
5.	Ice cream flavor experts don't look at the ice cream.	П

C What's your dream job? Why? Write a short description. Compare with a partner.

**False** 

True

## Units 7–8 Progress checkers

#### **SELF-ASSESSMENT**

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	OK	A little
Ask and answer questions about living spaces (Ex. 1)			5 1
Talk about rooms and furniture (Ex. 1)			
Ask and answer questions about work (Ex. 2)			
Understand descriptions of jobs (Ex. 3)			
Give and respond to opinions about jobs (Ex. 4)			

## **SPEAKING** A new apartment

A Imagine you are moving into this apartment. What things are in the rooms? Draw pictures. Use the furniture in the box and your own ideas.

bed	chairs	desk	dresser	lamp	mirror	sofa	table

- **B** PAIR WORK Ask questions about your partner's apartment.
  - A: I'm moving into a new apartment!
  - B: That's great! Where is it?
  - A: . . .
  - B: What's it like? Does it have many rooms?
  - A: Well, it has . . .

- B: Does the . . . have . . . ?
- B: Do you have a lot of furniture?
- A: Well, there's . . . in the . . .

There are some . . . in the . . .

- B: Do you have everything you need for the apartment?
- A: No, I don't. There's no . . .

There isn't any . . .

There aren't any . . .

B: OK. Let's go shopping this weekend!

## SPEAKING What does he do?

A	Comp	lete the conversations with Wh-c	questions.
	1. A:	Where does your father work	?

B: My father? He works in a store.

B: He's a salesperson.

B: He likes his job a lot!

2. A: B: I'm an accountant. ? B: I work in an office.

? A: B: It's OK. I guess I like it.

**B** PAIR WORK Your partner asks the questions in part A. Answer with your own information.

## **LISTENING** How do you like your job?

Listen to Rachel, Daniel, and Mai talk about their jobs. Check (✓) the correct answers.

	Where do th	ey work?	What do they do	?
Rachel	office	store	receptionist	doctor
Daniel	☐ hospital	school	nurse	teacher
Mai	hotel	Office	manager	front desk clerk

## **SPEAKING** Boring or interesting?

GROUP WORK What do you think of these jobs? Give your opinions.



1.

2.

3.







A: I think a veterinarian has a stressful job.

**B:** I don't really agree. I think a veterinarian's job is relaxing.

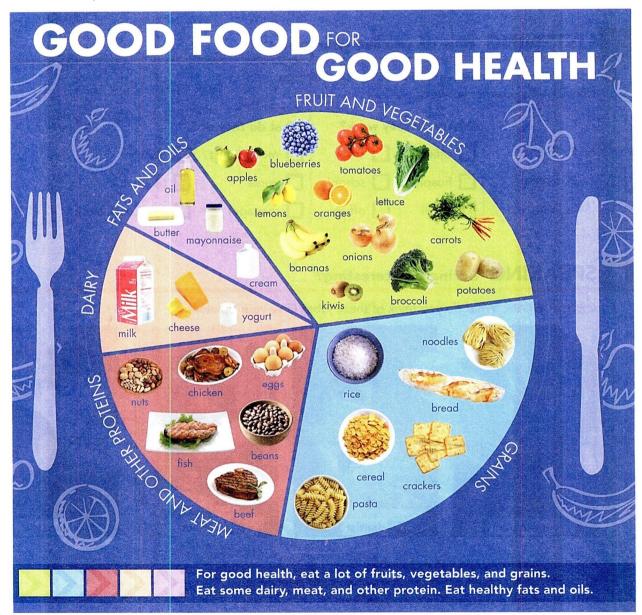
C: Well, I think a veterinarian's job is difficult. . . .

#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

# l always eat breakfast.

- ▶ Discuss food
- ▶ Describe eating habits
- WORD POWER Foods
  - A Listen and practice.



- **B** PAIR WORK What foods do you like? What don't you like? Make a list. Then tell a partner.
  - **A:** I like chicken, potatoes, and apples. I don't like beef, broccoli, or onions.
  - **B:** I like . . .

<u>l like</u>	<u>l don't like</u>
chicken	beef
potatoes	broccoli
apples	onions

**CONVERSATION** Let's get some lettuce and some tomatoes. Listen and practice. Do we need any lettuce for the sandwiches? Keith Good idea. Let's get some lettuce and some tomatoes. Jane Do we have any bread? Keith No, we need some. And we don't have any cheese. Jane Let's get some cheese, then. And some chicken, too. Keith We have some chicken at home. Jane Oh, all right. How about some potato salad? Keith Sure. I love potato salad. Jane Great! Let's buy some. **GRAMMAR FOCUS** Count and noncount nouns; some and any Noncount nouns Count nouns bread an egg → eggs lettuce a potato → potatoes Do we need any lettuce? Do we need any potatoes? Yes. Let's get some (lettuce). Yes. Let's get some (potatoes). No. We don't need any (potatoes). No. We don't need any (lettuce). GRAMMAR PLUS see page 140 A Complete the conversation with some or any. **Keith** Oh, they don't have \_\_\_\_\_ potato salad. Jane But we have lots of potatoes at home. Let's make \_\_ Keith Great. Do we have \_\_\_\_\_ mayonnaise? Jane No. We need to buy \_\_\_\_\_. And we need \_ onions. **Keith** Oh, no, I don't want \_\_\_\_\_ onions in the salad.

**B** Complete the chart with foods from Exercise 1. Then compare with a partner. Count Noncount crackers bread

Jane OK, don't worry. Let's get \_\_\_\_\_ celery, then. Keith No, I don't want \_\_\_\_\_ celery. I have an idea.

**Jane** Are you serious? Apples in potato salad? Well, OK . . .

Let's put \_\_\_\_\_ apples in it.

## PRONUNCIATION Sentence stress

A Listen and practice. Notice the stressed words.

A: Do we need any beans?

A: Do we need any rice?

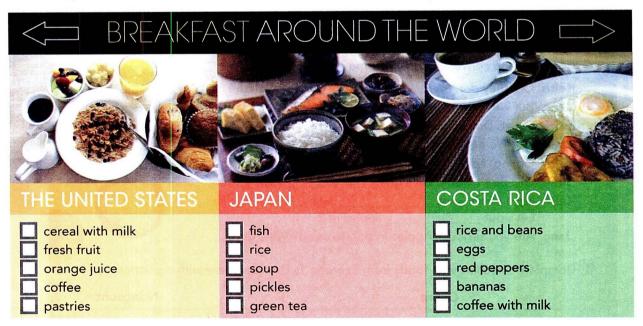
B: Yes. We need some beans.

B: No. We don't need any rice.

**B** PAIR WORK Ask *Do we need . . . ?* questions about the food in the picture. Then look at the shopping list and answer.



Listen and practice.



What do you have for breakfast? Check  $(\checkmark)$  the foods and drinks. What else do you have for breakfast?

## **CONVERSATION** We always have green tea.

Listen and practice.

Well, we usually have fish, rice, and soup. Kaito

Fish for breakfast? That's interesting. Eva

Oh, it's really good. Sometimes we have a salad, too. But we never have coffee. Kaito

Really? What do you have? Eva

Kaito We always have green tea.

I love green tea! Eva

> Listen, my family usually has a Japanese-style breakfast on weekends. Why don't you come to my house on Sunday?

That's very nice of you. Thanks! Eva



## **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

Sometimes I eat breakfast.

#### Adverbs of frequency

Kaito

Do you ever have fish for breakfast? always Yes, I always do. usually Sometimes I do. often I sometimes eat breakfast. No, I never do. hardly ever never

always usually often sometimes hardly ever 0% never

**GRAMMAR PLUS** see page 140

A Put the adverbs in the correct places. Then practice with a partner. usually

A: Do you have a big breakfast? (usually)

B: Well, on Sunday I have a big breakfast with my friends. (always)

A: Do you eat breakfast at work on weekdays? (ever)

B: Yes, I have breakfast at the office restaurant. (sometimes)

A: Do you eat breakfast at your desk? (often)

B: No, I eat breakfast at my desk. (hardly ever)

B Unscramble the sentences.

1.	I / have / hardly ever / beef / for lunch	I hardly ever have beef for lunch.
2.	when I watch TV $/$ I $/$ snacks $/$ eat $/$ never	
3.	eat / for / eggs / breakfast / sometimes / I	
4.	have / I / dinner / with / usually / family / my	

C Rewrite the sentences from part B with your own information. Then compare with a partner.

A: I usually have beef or chicken for lunch.

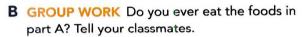
B: I never have beef. I don't like it. I often have fish and a salad for lunch.



## **LISTENING** Carrots are my favorite!

Devon and Victoria are talking about food. How often does Victoria eat these foods? Listen and check (✓) Often, Sometimes, or Never.

	OFTEN	SOMETIMES	NEVER
noodles	/		
chicken			
fish			
eggs			
carrots			



A: I often eat noodles.

B: Really? I never eat noodles.

**C:** Well, I...



## **SPEAKING** Mealtime survey

A Add two questions about mealtime habits to the chart. Then ask two people the questions. Write their names and complete the chart.

	Name:	Name:
1. Do you always have a big breakfast?		
2. What time do you usually have lunch?		
3. What do you usually have for lunch?		,
<b>4.</b> Do you often have snacks in the afternoon?		
5. Do you ever go to a restaurant for dinner?		
<b>6.</b> What's something you never eat for dinner?		
7?		
8?		

A: Pedro, do you always have a big breakfast?

B: No, I hardly ever do. I have coffee and milk. Sometimes I eat bread or crackers.

**B** CLASS ACTIVITY Tell your classmates about your partners' mealtime habits.

"Pedro hardly ever has a big breakfast. But he always eats lunch and dinner . . . "

## **INTERCHANGE 9** Planning a party

Decide what food and drinks to serve at a party. Go to Interchange 9 on page 123.



A Look at the pictures. Which foods do you like?



#### LA TOMATINA

People usually eat tomatoes. But once a year, in Buñol, Spain, people just throw them! Yes, that's correct. The whole town of Buñol has a giant tomato fight! It's very messy. By the end of the day, there are squashed tomatoes all over town. In fact, there are 120 tons of squashed tomatoes!

#### GARLIC FESTIVAL

All over the world, people use garlic in their cooking. Some people in California, in the U.S., really like garlic. They like it so much that every year they celebrate it with a garlic festival. You can taste garlic in everything you can think of. There's even garlic ice cream and garlic popcorn.



#### MONKEY BUFFET FESTIVAL

There's something very interesting about this food festival. It's not for people, it's for monkeys! In Lopburi, Thailand, people bring all kinds of different fruits and leave them out for the monkeys to eat. They bring pineapples, apples, mangoes . . . and bananas, of course. It's the people's way of saying thank you to the monkeys. That's because tourists come to see the monkeys, and that helps the people's businesses. Isn't that cool?

#### BREAD FOR THE DAY OF THE DEAD

The Day of the Dead is a very important day in Mexico. Many people celebrate their family members and friends by baking special bread. They make bread in the shape of humans, flowers, bones, and animals. The bread is sweet, and sometimes it has anise seeds or orange in it.



**B** Read the article. Then correct these sentences.

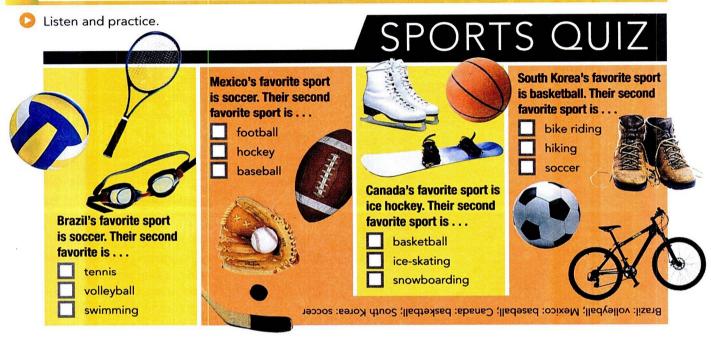
#### Spain

- 1. There's a big tomato fight in Mexico once a year.
- 2. People in California don't like garlic.
- 3. Some people in the U.S. use tomatoes to make ice cream and popcorn.
- 4. The Monkey Buffet Festival happens in Spain.
- **5.** In Thailand, people give fruit to the tourists.
- 6. Some Mexicans make bread in the shape of houses and other buildings.
- **C** GROUP WORK Do you eat any special food at celebrations in your country? What do you celebrate and which foods do you eat? Tell your classmates.

# What sports do you like?

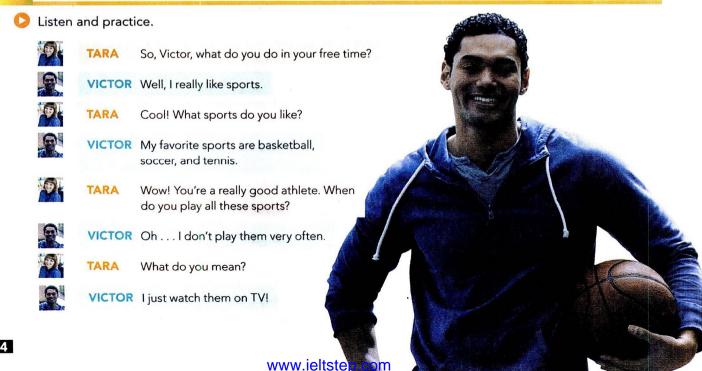
- ▶ Discuss sports to watch and play
- Discuss skills, abilities, and talents

## **SNAPSHOT**



Can you guess what sports are the second favorite in each country? Check (1) the sports. Do you like sports? What sports are popular in your country?

## **CONVERSATION** When do you play all these sports?



What sports do you play?

Simple present Wh-questions

Who do you play basketball with?

Where do you play?

How often do you practice?

When do you practice?

What time do you start?

I play soccer and basketball.

I play with some friends from work.

A Complete the conversations with the correct Wh-question words. Then practice with a partner.

1. A: How often do you go bike riding?

B: Oh, about once or twice a week.

A: I love to go bike riding. I go every Sunday.

**B:** Really? \_\_\_\_\_\_ do you go?

A: Usually at about ten in the morning.

**B:** Oh, yeah? \_\_\_\_\_ do you go with?

A: A group of friends. Come with us next time!

2. A: I watch sports on TV every weekend.

**B:** Really? \_\_\_\_\_\_ do you like to watch?

A: Soccer. It's my favorite!

**B:** \_\_\_\_\_ do you usually watch soccer?

A: In the evening or on weekends.

**B:** And \_\_\_\_\_ do you usually watch it?

At home?

A: No, at my brother's house. He has a home theater!

**B** Complete the conversation with Wh-questions.

Then compare with a partner.

A: What sports do you like

B: I like a lot of sports, but I really love volleyball!

B: I usually play with my sister and some friends.

**B:** We practice on Saturdays.

**B:** We start at about noon.

**B:** We usually play at a sports club, but sometimes

we play on the beach.

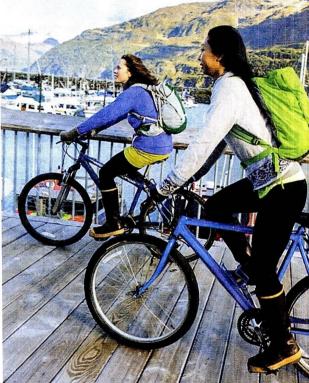
C PAIR WORK Ask your partner five questions about sports or other activities. Then tell the class.

A: What sports do you like?

**B:** I don't like sports very much.

A: Oh? What do you like to do in your free time?

We play at a gym near the office. We practice twice a week. We practice on Tuesdays and Thursdays. We start at six in the evening. GRAMMAR PLUS see page 141





## **LISTENING** What do you think of sports? Listen to the conversations about sports. Complete the chart.

	Favorite sport	Do they play	or watch it?
<ol> <li>James</li> <li>Brianna</li> <li>Matthew</li> <li>Nicole</li> </ol>	football	Play	Watch



## **SPEAKING** Free-time activities

A Add one more question about free-time activities to the chart. Then ask two people the questions. Write their names and complete the chart.

		Name:	Name:	
1.	What sports do you like to watch or play?			
2.	What do you do on the weekends?			
3.	What do you like to do when the weather is nice?			
4.	What do you like to do when it's raining?			
5.	How often do you play video games?			
6.	?			

A: Soo-hyun, what sports do you like?

**B:** I like a lot of sports. My favorites are soccer and baseball.

**B** CLASS ACTIVITY Tell your classmates about your partners' free-time activities.

## **CONVERSATION** What can I do?

Listen and practice.





#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**



-				
	Can			100
		TOTAL	abil	III GVA
1000	DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE	Market St.	hindered by	and the second

1			you		l		What can I do?
You			L		you		You <b>can</b> sing.
She can	sing very well.	Can	she sing?	Yes,	she	can.	
He can't	sing at all.		he	No,	he	can't.	Who can sing?
We			we		we		Becky can.
They			they		they	1	

A Six people are talking about things they can and can't do. Complete these sentences.







fix cars.



3. | sing.



ice-skate.



play 5. 1 the piano.



6. I \_\_\_\_\_ cook.

- **B** PAIR WORK Ask and answer questions about the pictures in part A.
  - A: Can Ben swim?
  - B: Yes, he can.
- **C** GROUP WORK Can your classmates do the things in part A? Ask and answer questions. "Can you swim, Diego?"

#### PRONUNCIATION Can and can't

198				
<b>O</b> A	Listen and practice. Not	tice the pronunciation of	can and can't.	
	/kən/	/kænt/		
	I can play the piano.	I <b>can't</b> sing a	t all.	
В	PAIR WORK Your partr	ner reads a sentence for	each number. Check (🗸) t	he sentence you hear.
	1.    I can cook.	2.   I can drive.	3.	<b>4.</b> lcan dance.
	☐ I can't cook.	I can't drive.	I can't swim.	I can't dance.

#### LISTENING Are you good at sports?

Listen to three people talk about their abilities. Write J (Joshua), M (Monica), or A (Anthony) on the things they can do well.

















#### WORD POWER Talents and abilities

- Complete the word map with talents and abilities from the list. Then listen and practice.
  - ✓ bake cookies
    build a robot
    design a website
    do math in your head
    edit a video
    fix a computer
    make electronic music
    play chess
    ride a horse
    run a marathon
    skateboard
    take good photos
    tell good jokes

MUSICAL OR ARTISTIC	TALENTS AND ABILITIES	ATHLETIC
TECHNICAL	ABILITIES	OTHERbake cookies

**B** GROUP WORK Who can do the things in part A? Make a list of guesses about your classmates.

A: Who can bake cookies?

B: I think Melanie can.

C: Who can design . . . ?

bake cookies - Melanie

design a website

C CLASS ACTIVITY Go around the room and check your guesses.

A: Melanie, can you bake cookies?

B: Yes, I can.

#### INTERCHANGE 10 Hidden talents and abilities

Learn more about your classmates' hidden talents and abilities. Go to Interchange 10 on page 124.



A Some people like to set world records. Why do you think they like to do that?

## esome Sports Records



#### Base jumping is a dangerous sport.

People jump off buildings, bridges, and other high places. The Buri Khalifa tower in Dubai, United Arab Emirates, is 824 meters (2,717 feet) tall. That's a very scary jump. But Fred Fugen and Vince Reffet of France can jump it! They also enjoy skydiving and parachuting.

Do you know what a unicycle is? It's a bicycle with just one wheel. David Weichenberger of Austria has the world record for longest jump on a unicycle. He can jump 2.95 meters (about 10 feet).

#### Kalamandalam Hemalatha of India

has an amazing marathon record, but it's not for running. She can dance, and dance, and dance! In fact, Kalamandalam can dance for 123 hours and 15 minutes. That's the longest dance marathon on record. Kalamandalam's special dance is from India. It's called the Mohiniyattam dance.





Otto the skateboarding dog

Do you know about Otto? Otto likes surfing, skateboarding, and playing soccer. Otto is a champion skateboarder, but he's a dog from Lima, Peru! Otto has the record for skateboarding through the legs of 30 people!

Can you squash an apple? Can you squash it using just the muscles in your arms? One woman can! Her name is Linsey Lindberg. Linsey is from Texas, in the U.S. In one minute, she can squash 10 apples. That's one apple every six seconds.

B	Read the records.	Then check (✓)	the correct answers	to the questions.
---	-------------------	----------------	---------------------	-------------------

- 1. What's special about a unicycle? **a.** It has no wheels.
  - **b.** It has one wheel, not two.
- 2. Who likes base jumping?
- **a.** David Weichenberger **b.** Fred Fugen
- 3. What sort of marathon can Kalamandalam do? **b.** a running marathon
- **a.** a dance marathon 4. How does Linsey Lindberg squash apples?
  - **b.** with her arm muscles **a.** with her hands
- 5. What is one sport that Otto plays?
  - **b.** soccer a. basketball

C GROUP WORK Do you think it's fun to set world records? Why or why not? What other world records do you know about? Tell your classmates.

# Units 9–10 Progress che

#### **SELF-ASSESSMENT**

-	LI ASSESSIV				nacembles resources sensor accepts to recommon the state of the sensor of of th	VIII. TO THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE TOTAL PRO	
Ho	w well can you do the	se things? Check	(✓) the boxes.				
l ca	n				Very well	ОК	A little
Ma	ke and respond to sugg	estions (Ex. 1)					
Tall	k about food and drink (	Ex. 1, 2)			0000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000		
Ask	and answer questions	about eating habit	s (Ex. 2)		50% 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000		
Und	derstand descriptions o	f sporting activities	s (Ex. 3)				
Ask	c and answer questions	about likes and dis	likes (Ex. 4)				
Tall	k about job abilities (Ex.	5)				n	n
	,					37	
C	DEAKING -						
Si	PEAKING Plan	nning a class p	arty				
	<b>GROUP WORK</b> Plan two drinks, and two drinks			dishes, two salac	ls,		
	1	iesserts. Then tei	i the class.		useful	express	ions
	Main dishes					want any	
	Salads					t/make s	
	Drinks Desserts					want/like	
	Desserts				Everybo	ody likes	• • •
SI	PEAKING Mov	vie snacks					
	IR WORK Does your			t the movies? A	dd one more sn	ack	
to	the chart. Ask questio		-				
-		Always	Usually	Sometimes	Hardly ever	N€	ever
	candy						
-	coffee						
	pizza						
	popcorn		<u> </u>			L	
	soda			H	片	L	
٠.						L	

70

A: Do you ever have candy at the movies?

B: Yes, I sometimes have candy.

#### **LISTENING** Do you play any sports? Listen to Stephanie ask Raymond about sports. Check (✓) Raymond's answers. 5. On the weekends. 3. At 6:00 A.M. 1. I play football. In the afternoons. At 6:00 P.M. I play soccer. 6. At the park. Every day. 2. Some friends from school. 4. In the yard. Every week. Some friends from work. **SPEAKING** My favorite things A Complete the chart with things you love, like, and don't like. I don't like . . . I like . . . I love . . . Sports Other activities Foods Clothes B PAIR WORK Find out what your partner loves, likes, and doesn't like. Then ask more questions with who, where, how often, or when. A: Who do you usually go bike riding with? A: What sports do you love? B: I usually go with my brother and sister. B: I love bike riding. **SPEAKING** Talents and abilities GROUP WORK What can these people do well? Make a list.

Use the abilities in the box and your own ideas. Then tell the class.









A: A chef can cook very well.

B: A chef can also bake things, like cakes and cookies.

A: Also, a chef can . . .

bake cook draw fix a car fix a motorcycle paint play the guitar read music

#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

## I'm going to have a party.

- ▶ Discuss evening, weekend, and birthday plans
- Discuss plans to celebrate holidays, special occasions, and festivals

#### WORD POWER Months and dates

A Listen and practice the months of the year.

and made a	Months				
		February		May	
	July	August			December

B Complete the dates. Then listen and practice.

Dates			<b>iii</b>		
1st	first	11th	eleventh	21st	twenty-first
2nd	second		twelfth		twenty-second
	third	13th	thirteenth	23rd	twenty-third
4th	fourth	14th	fourteenth		twenty-fourth
5th	fifth		fifteenth	25th	twenty-fifth
	sixth	16th	sixteenth		twenty-sixth
7th	seventh	17th	seventeenth	27th	twenty-seventh
8th	eighth	18th	eighteenth		twenty-eighth
9th	ninth		nineteenth	29th	twenty-ninth
	tenth	20th	twentieth		thirtieth
		16.6	Service to Home the Link		thirty-first

C CLASS ACTIVITY Go around the room. Ask for your classmates' birthdays.

A: When's your birthday?

B: It's November eighteenth. When's yours?

#### CONVERSATION Is she going to bake a cake?

Disten and practice.

AVA

T.

AVA Are you going to do anything exciting this weekend?

MARTIN Well, I'm going to celebrate my birthday.

1

Oh, happy birthday! When is it, exactly?

73

MARTIN It's April twenty-first – Sunday.



AVA So what are your plans?



MARTIN I'm going to go to my friend Rosa's house. She's going to cook a special dinner for me.



AVA Nice! Is Rosa going to bake a birthday cake for you, too?



MARTIN A cake for me? Mmm . . . I hope so!

#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**



#### The future with be going to

Are you going to do anything this weekend?

Is Rosa going to cook dinner for you?

Are your friends going to be there?

Yes, I am. I'm going to celebrate my birthday.

No, I'm not. I'm going to stay home.

Yes, she is. She's going to cook a special dinner.

No, she's not. She's going to order takeout.

Yes, they are. They're going to stop by after dinner.

No, they're not. They're going to be away all weekend.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 142

A What are these people going to do this weekend? Write sentences. Then compare with a partner.



- He's going to go biking.
- **B** PAIR WORK Is your partner going to do the things in part A this weekend? Ask and answer questions.

"Are you going to go biking this weekend?"

#### PRONUNCIATION Reduction of going to

A Listen and practice. Notice the reduction of **going to** to /gənə/.

**A:** Are you **going to** go to the game? **B:** No. I'm **going to** study for a test.

**A:** Are you **going to** go to a restaurant?

**B:** Yes. We're **going to** go to Nick's Café.

**B** PAIR WORK Ask your partner about his or her evening plans. Try to reduce going to.

#### S LISTENING Holiday plans

- A What are these people's plans for a Monday holiday?
  Write your guesses in the chart.
- B Listen to the interview. What are the people really going to do on Monday? Complete the chart.



	Your guess	What they're really going to do
Morgan	Morgan is going to go to the gym.	
Isaac		
Brian		
Lauren		

#### INTERCHANGE 11 Take a guess

Make guesses about your classmates' plans. Go to Interchange 11 on page 125.

#### **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Do you celebrate any of these holidays? Do any of your friends celebrate them? What are some holidays in your country? What's your favorite holiday?

#### CONVERSATION We're going to go dancing.

Listen and practice.

ALLIE	So, Jim, do you have any plans for Valentine's Day?

I sure do. I'm going to take Marissa out for dinner.

ALLIE Oh, really? Where are you going to eat?

At the Red Rose. They have great desserts.

ALLIE Wow! That sounds really nice!

Yeah! How about you? What are you and Matt going to do?

ALLIE Well, we're not going to go to a fancy

restaurant. We're going to go dancing.

Sounds like fun, too.



#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Wh-questions with be going to

What are you going to do for Valentine's Day? I'm going to go to a dance club.

I'm not going to go to a restaurant.

How is Allie going to get to the dance club? She's going to drive.

She's not going to take the bus.

Where are Jim and his girlfriend going to eat? They're going to eat at the Red Rose.

They're not going to eat at Nick's Café.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 142

A	Complete these	conversations wi	th the correct	form of b	e going to.	Then practice	with a partne	٠r.
	complete these	CONVENSACIONS WI	til tile collect	TOTTI OT D	e gomig to.	Then practice	, with a partific	

1. A: Where \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_ going to spend \_\_\_ (spend) Thanksgiving?

**B:** My parents and I \_\_\_\_\_\_ (visit) my grandparents.

2. A: Who \_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (invite) to your Independence Day picnic?

**B:** I \_\_\_\_\_ (ask) my family and some good friends.

**3. A:** What \_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (do) for New Year's Day?

**B:** I don't know. I \_\_\_\_\_ (not do) anything special.

**4. A:** How \_\_\_\_\_\_ your children \_\_\_\_\_ (celebrate) Halloween?

**B:** They \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to their school's party.

**5. A:** What \_\_\_\_\_\_ your sister \_\_\_\_\_ (do) for Valentine's Day?

**B:** Her boyfriend \_\_\_\_\_ (take) her out to dinner.

**B** GROUP WORK Ask your classmates about their plans.
Use the names of holidays and the time expressions in the box.

A: What are you going to do tonight?

**B:** I'm going to go to a party.

C: Oh, really? Who's going to be there?

**B:** Well, Chris and Sam are going to come. . . .

#### time expressions

tonight next week
tomorrow next month
tomorrow afternoon next summer
tomorrow night next year

#### WORD POWER Let's celebrate!

#### A Listen and practice.



wear special clothes



eat special food



decorate



give gifts



play music



go to a parade



go on a picnic



B PAIR WORK Are you going to celebrate a special day this year? Are you (or is someone you know) going to do any of the things in part A?

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- A: I'm going to go to a wedding next month. I'm going to wear special clothes.
- B: Is it a family member's wedding?

#### **SPEAKING** Holidays and festivals

A PAIR WORK Choose any holiday or festival. Then ask and answer these questions.

What is the holiday or festival? When is it?

What are you going to do? Where are you going to go? Who's going to be there?

When are you going to go? How are you going to get there?

- A: What is the holiday or festival?
- B: It's my city's Cherry Blossom Festival.
- A: When is it?
- **B:** It's on March twenty-third.
- A: What are you going to do?
- B: I'm going to go to the park. . . .
- **B** CLASS ACTIVITY Tell the class about your partner's plans.







A Scan the blog post. Who sends a letter when people are 100 years old?





In this week's blog, we look at some birthday customs around the world.



#### Harry Baker, Perth, Australia

It's my birthday next Wednesday. I'm going to be 10 years old. In my country, we always eat fairy bread on our birthdays. My mom's going to make me a huge plate of fairy bread. It's a snack. We make it with bread, butter, and colorful sugar called "hundreds and thousands."

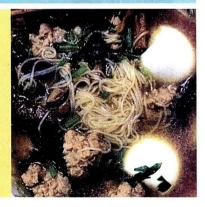
I love birthdays! They're a lot of fun. Here in Jamaica, we have an old custom. We like to surprise people on their birthday. Guess what we do? We throw flour at our friends! It's my best friend's birthday tomorrow. I'm going to go to the store soon. I'm going to buy a lot of flour to throw at him.



#### **Victoria Smith,** London, UK

My grandmother is going to be 100 years old in June. She's very excited because she's going to get a special letter from the Queen. The Queen sends a letter to every person who reaches 100. It's a tradition that makes people very happy.

In my country, we celebrate birthdays with a special type of food. Noodles are a sign of a long life for us. This year, I'm going to make some "long life noodles" for all my friends. We're going to eat them together and have a great evening!



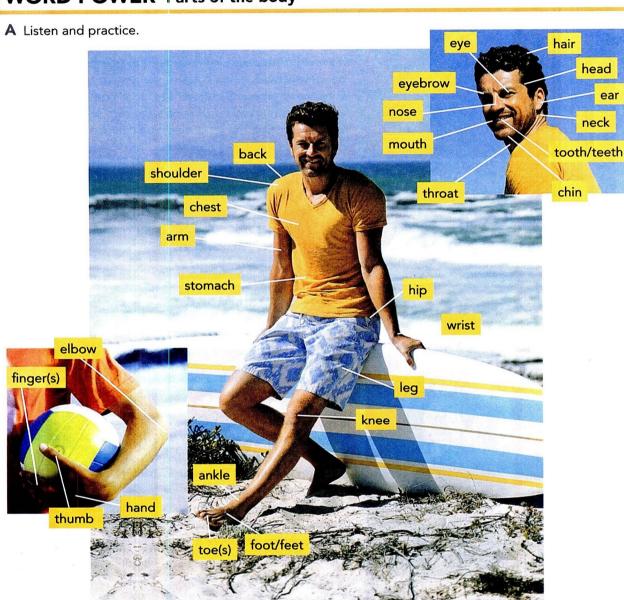
- **B** Read the questions. Write short answers.
  - 1. Which two countries celebrate birthdays with food?
  - 2. Why is Jim going to the store?
  - **3.** What three things do you need to make fairy bread?
  - 4. What do noodles mean in China?

C	<b>GROUP WORK</b> How do people usually celebrate birthdays in your country?
	Do you have plans for your next birthday? How about the birthday of a friend
	or a family member? What are you going to do? Tell your classmates.

# How do you feel?

- ▶ Discuss the body and common ailments
- ▶ Discuss common remedies and give health advice

#### WORD POWER Parts of the body



**B** GROUP WORK Say a sentence with a body part. Take turns repeating the sentence and keep adding body parts. The group with the last student to say a correct sentence wins.

A: I have one head.

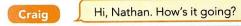
**B:** I have one head and two eyes.

C: I have one head, two eyes, and one nose.

D: I have one head, two eyes, one nose, and . . .

#### **CONVERSATION** Do you want some tea?

Listen and practice.



Oh, hi, Craig. Not so well, actually. I don't feel well. Nathan

Yeah, you don't look so good. What's wrong?

I don't know. I have a stomachache. Nathan

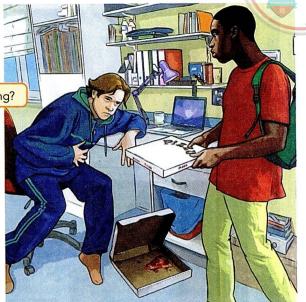
That's too bad. Do you have the flu?

No, I just feel really sick. Nathan

Well, can I get you anything? Do you want some tea? Craig

No, but thanks anyway. Nathan

Well, I'm going to have some pizza. Is that OK? Call me if you need me. Craig



#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Have + noun; feel + adjective

What's the matter?

What's wrong?

I have a stomachache.

I have a headache.

I have the flu.

How are you?

How do you feel?

I feel sick.

I feel better.

I don't feel well.

#### Negative adjectives

horrible awful

terrible

miserable

#### Positive adjectives

fine

great

terrific

fantastic

**GRAMMAR PLUS** see page 143

A Listen and practice. "He has a backache."



a backache



an earache



a headache



a stomachache



a toothache



a cold



a cough



a fever



the flu



a sore throat

B CLASS ACTIVITY Imagine you don't feel well today. Go around the class. Find out what's wrong with your classmates.

A: How are you today, Paul?

A: I'm sorry to hear that.

**B:** I feel terrible. I have a backache.

**B:** How do you feel?

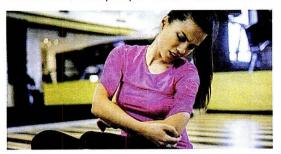
#### useful expressions

That's good. I'm glad to hear that. That's too bad.

I'm sorry to hear that.

## LISTENING Are you OK?

A Where do these people hurt? Guess. Write down the parts of the body.



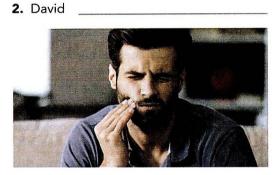


1. Amber





3. Alyssa



4. Nicholas

**B** Listen to the conversations. Check your guesses.

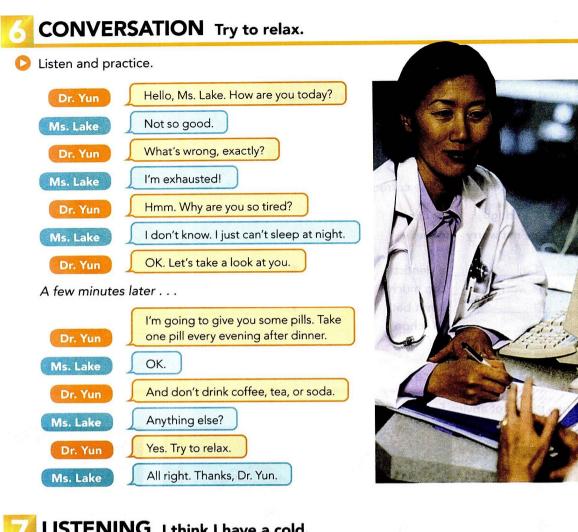
#### **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



What medications or home remedies do you use when you're sick? What remedies are good, in your opinion? What remedies aren't good?





#### LISTENING I think I have a cold.

 $\triangleright$  Listen to Dr. Yun talk to four other patients. What does she give them? Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct medications.

	Cough syrup	Aspirin	Cold medicine	Eye drops	Nasal spray	Ice packs
1. Roberto						
2. Courtney						
3. Ryan						
<b>4.</b> Samantha						

#### **PRONUNCIATION** Sentence intonation

A Listen and practice. Notice the intonation in these sentences.

Take these pills. Don't take cough syrup. Don't drink coffee. Drink some tea. Try to relax. Don't work too hard.

**B** PAIRWORK Practice the conversation in Exercise 6 again. Pay attention to the sentence intonation.

#### 🤨 GRAMMAR FOCUS



#### **Imperatives**

**Get** some rest.

Drink lots of juice.

Take one pill every evening.

Don't stay up late.

Don't drink soda.

Don't work too hard.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 143

Complete these sentences. Use the correct forms of the words in the box.

✓ call	stay	not go	not drink
see	take	✓not worry	not eat

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ a dentist.
- 2. <u>Don't worry</u> too much.
- **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ a hot bath.
- **4.** \_\_\_\_\_\_ to school.
- **5.** \_\_\_\_\_ in bed.
- **6.** \_\_\_\_\_\_ a doctor.
- **7.** \_\_\_\_\_ coffee.
- **8.** \_\_\_\_\_ any candy.

#### SPEAKING Good advice?

A Write two pieces of advice for each problem.









1.	

2.		


4.	
	-

- **B** GROUP WORK Act out the problems from part A. Your classmates give advice.
  - A: I don't feel well.

A: My feet hurt.

B: What's the matter?

B: I have an idea. Take a hot bath. And don't . . .

#### INTERCHANGE 12 Problems, problems

Give advice for common problems. Go to Interchange 12 on page 126.



A What does your body do to keep you alive? Take the quiz to find out!

# YOUR BODY?

- 1 The human heart beats about 200 times a minute.
  - True
- False
- 2 Your body loses about 40,000 tiny pieces of skin an hour.
  - True
- False
- 3 Your brain sends billions of signals every minute.
  - ☐ True
- False
- 4 Your brain stops working when you're asleep.
  - True
- False
- 5 140 million cells in your eyes help to tell you what you can see.
  - True
- False
- 6 Brain cells do not live in the stomach.
  - True
- False
- Women's hearts beat faster than men's hearts.
  - True
- False

10.True

8 Your brain makes
electricity.
■ True ■ False

Some bacteria (small living things) in your body help you live.

Your natural smell

True

changes as you age.

False

- True
- False

**B** Read and answer the quiz. Check your answers. Then answer the questions.

6. False 7. True 8. True 9. True

- 1. What does your body lose every hour?
- 2. What part of the body sends signals and makes electricity?
- 3. What is one thing that changes as you age?
- 4. What cells live in the stomach?
- 5. What's another name for small living things?
- **C** GROUP WORK What information in the quiz is most surprising? What else do you know about the human body? Tell your classmates.

4. False 5. True

3. True

2. True

1. False

# Units 11–12 Progress cheeps

#### **SELF-ASSESSMENT**

	JELF-AJJEJJIVIENI			PACCA MANAGEMENT AND SECURITY OF THE
	How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.			
	I can	Very well	ок	A little
	Talk about ways to celebrate holidays (Ex. 1)			П
	Use future time expressions (Ex. 1, 2)		n	F
	Understand conversations about problems (Ex. 3)	722 723 724 724 724 725 720 720 720 720 720	n	H
				H
	Talk about problems (Ex. 4)			
	Ask how people are and give advice (Ex. 4)			
All Landson	SPEAKING Holiday customs			
-	A Complete the questions with names of different holidays.			
	Are you going to ?	Name		
	eat special food on			
	give gifts on			
	have a party on			
	play music on			
	wear special clothes on			
	<b>B</b> CLASS ACTIVITY Are your classmates going to do the things in part A? and find out. Try to write a different person's name on each line.	Go around	d the class	
	SPEAKING Future plans			
	Complete these questions with different time expressions. Add one more q Then ask a partner the questions.	uestion.		
	1. How are you going to get home <u>tonight</u> ?			
	2. What time are you going to go to bed?			
	<ul><li>3. Where are you going to go?</li><li>4. What are you going to do?</li></ul>			
	5. Who are you going to do?			
	6?			

#### LISTENING Everyone has problems.

Listen to six conversations. Number the pictures from 1 to 6.



This person can't dance very well.



This person has the flu.



This person needs some ketchup.



This person has a backache.



This person doesn't want to go to the dentist.



1 This person feels sad.

#### **SPEAKING** Thanks for the advice!

A Write a problem on a piece of paper. Then write advice for the problem on a different piece of paper.

I have a toothache.

Call your dentist.

**B** CLASS ACTIVITY Put the papers with problems and the papers with advice in two different boxes. Then take a new paper from each box. Go around the class and find the right advice for your problem.

A: I feel terrible.

B: What's the matter?

A: I have a toothache.

B: I can help. Drink some tea.

A: Er . . . I don't know. But thanks, anyway.

A: I feel awful.

C: Why? What's wrong?

A: I have a toothache.

C: I know! Call your dentist.

A: That's great advice. Thanks!



#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

# 13 How do get there? • Discuss stores, their locations, and things to buy there • Ask for and give directions to various locations

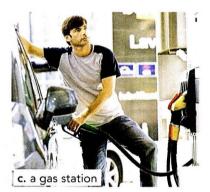
#### WORD POWER Places to go, things to buy

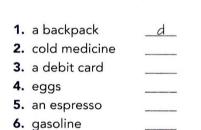
A Where can you get these things? Match the things with the places. Then listen and practice.

"You can buy a backpack at a department store."

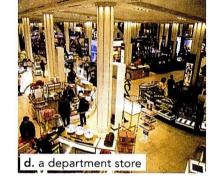








7. a magazine8. stamps











- **B** PAIR WORK What else can you get or do in the places in part A?
  - A: You can send packages at a post office.
  - B: And you get cereal and milk at a supermarket.

#### LISTENING I can't find my cell phone.

Vanessa is looking for her cell phone with her friend Tom. What does Tom need? Where is he going to get the things? Complete the chart.

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	What does Tom need?	Where is he going to get it?
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		

**B** PAIR WORK What do you need? Where are you going to get it? Tell your partner.

"I need some gas, so I'm going to go to the gas station. . . . "

Excuse me. Can you help me? Is there

#### **CONVERSATION** Excuse me. Can you help me?

Listen and practice.

a public restroom around here? Mother A public restroom? Hmm. I'm sorry. I don't think so. Passer-by Oh, no. My son needs a restroom - now. It's an emergency! Mother Hmm . . . Let's see . . . Oh, there's a restroom in the department store on Third Avenue. Passer-by

Where on Third Avenue? Mother

It's on the corner of Third Avenue and Market Street. Passer-by

On the corner of Third and Market? Mother

Yes, it's across from the park. You can't miss it. Passer-by

Thanks a lot. Mother

#### **PRONUNCIATION** Compound nouns

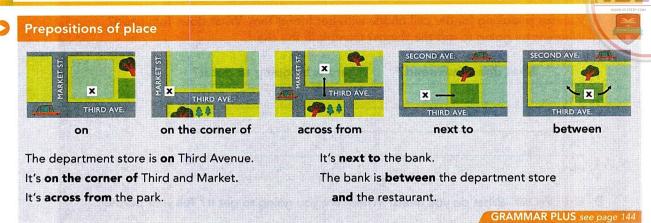
A Listen and practice. Notice the stress in these compound nouns.

post office bookstore department store gas station supermarket coffee shop drugstore restroom

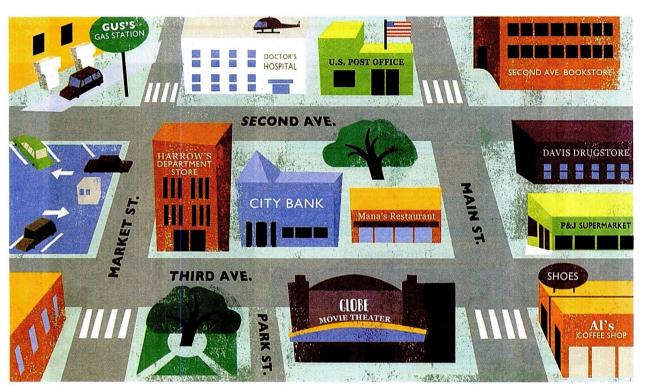
**B** PAIR WORK Practice these sentences. Pay attention to the stress in the compound nouns.

There's a bookstore in the gas station. There's a coffee shop in the supermarket. There isn't a post office in the supermarket. There aren't restrooms in the drugstore.

#### GRAMMAR FOCUS



A Look at the map and complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.



1.	The coffee shop is	on Main Street. It's th	e shoe store.
2.	The movie theater	is Park and Third. It's	the park.
3.	The gas station is _	the parking lot. It's	Second and Market.
4.	The post office is _	Main and Second. It's	the hospital.
5.	The bank is	the restaurant and the department store.	
	lt's	Third Avenue.	

**B** PAIR WORK Where are these places on the map? Ask and answer questions.

the park the drugstore the bookstore the hospital the shoe store

A: Where is the park?

**B:** It's between Park and Market, across from the department store.

LISTENING I think it's on Main Street.

Look at the map in Exercise 5. Listen to four conversations. Where are the people going? Number the places from 1 to 4.

the hospital

the bank

the gas station

the coffee shop

#### **SNAPSHOT**

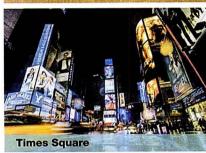
Listen and practice.

## Tourist Attractions Tourist Attractions













What do you know about these places? What makes them popular? What are some popular tourist attractions in your country? What are your top five attractions?

#### **CONVERSATION** How do I get to Rockefeller Center?

Listen and practice.

Excuse me, sir. Can you help me? How do I get to Rockefeller Center?

Just walk up Sixth Avenue to 49th Street. Rockefeller Center is on the right.

Is it near Radio City Music Hall?

Yes, it's right across from Radio City Music Hall.

Thank you. And where is the Empire State Building? Is it far from here?

It's right behind you. Just turn around and look up!



#### GRAMMAR FOCUS



How do I get to Rockefeller Center?

Walk up/Go up Fifth Avenue.

Turn left on 49th Street.

It's on the right.

How can I get to the New York Public Library?
Walk down/Go down Fifth Avenue.

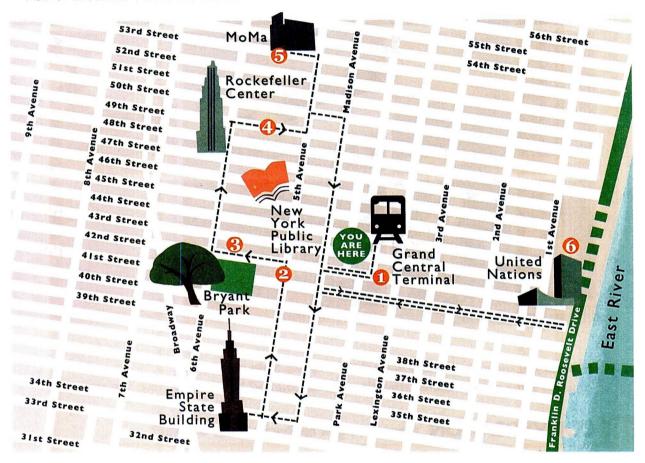
Turn right on 42nd Street.

It's on the left.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 144

A PAIR WORK Imagine you are tourists at Grand Central Terminal.

Ask for directions. Follow the arrows.



- A: Excuse me. How do I get to the Empire State Building?
- B: Walk up 42nd Street. Turn left on . . .
- **B** PAIR WORK Ask for directions to places near your school.
  - A: How do I get to the bus stop?
  - B: Walk . . .

#### INTERCHANGE 13 Giving directions

Student A, go to Interchange 13A on page 127; Student B, go to Interchange 13B on page 128.





A Skim the guide. Where can you have some tea?

## A Tour of Palermo, Buenos Aires



Why not start at MALBA, the art museum on Avenida Figuero Alcorta? There are some fantastic sculptures and paintings there.



Next, walk up to the park, turn left, and get a taste of Japan in Argentina. You can visit the Japanese Gardens and see about 150 different types of plants from Japan. Don't forget to taste some Japanese tea before you leave.

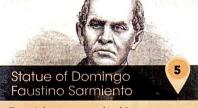


Then turn right on Avenida Sarmiento and head over to the Galileo Galilei planetarium. There, you can see a piece of rock from the moon. There's a telescope you can look at the sky through, too.



Across the park from the planetarium, you can see the Spanish Monument. It's a huge statue. It's a gift from the Spanish people to the Argentinian people.





Turn right to see another big statue. That's the statue of Domingo Faustino Sarmiento. He was a writer and a president of Argentina. Auguste Rodin, a famous French artist, made the statue.



End your tour at the Campo Argentino del Polo. That's where people play a sport named polo, on horseback. The biggest polo competition in the world takes place there!

B	Read the information in the guide. Where can you ?			
	1. see horses			
	2. look at the sky			
	3. see many types of plants			
	4. find a statue of a writer			
	5. see some art			

C PAIR WORK Think of a place you both know and like. Plan a guide to tell visitors where things are.

# I had a good time.

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- Discuss past weekend activities
- ▶ Discuss past vacation activities

#### SNAPSHOT

Listen and practice.



Check  $(\mathcal{I})$  the activities you usually do on weekends. Do you like doing them? Why or why not? What other activities do you do on the weekends?

#### CONVERSATION Did you have a good weekend?

Listen and practice.



## **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Simple past statements; regular verbs

- 1	stayed	home.	1	didn't stay	home.
You	watched	a TV show.	You	didn't watch	a game.
She	exercised	on Saturday.	She	didn't exercise	on Sunday.
We	studied	English.	We	didn't study	math.
They	shopped	for groceries.	They	didn't shop	for clothes.
				didn't = did not	

Spelling

→ stay**ed** stay → watched watch exercise → exercised → studied study → shopped shop

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 145

A	Ray is talking about his weekend.	Complete the sentences.
	Then compare with a partner.	

On Friday night, I	wanted	(want) to g	o out, but my	
friends	(not ca	II). I	(decide)	
to stay home, and				
On Saturday, I		(visit) my friend	d Pablo.	
We	(talk) and _		_ (listen) to	
		(invite) some		
friends over, and	we	(cook) a	great	
meal. I	(not wo	ork) very hard c	on Sunday. I	
			(walk)	
to the mall and $\_$		_ (shop).		

B Complete the sentences. Use your own information. Then compare with a partner.

1.	Yesterday, I	(watch) a basketball game
2.	Last night, I	(stay) home.

3. Last week, I \_\_\_\_\_ (clean) the house.

**4.** Last month, I \_\_\_\_\_ (shop) for clothes.

5. Last year, I \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) a different country.



#### PRONUNCIATION Simple past -ed endings.

A Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of -ed.

/t/	/d/	/ɪd/
worked	cleaned	wanted
watched	stayed	visited

B Listen and write these verbs under the correct sounds.

cooked	decided	exercised	invited	listened	shopped

#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Simple past statements: irregular verbs





I did my homework. I didn't do the laundry.



You got up at noon. You didn't get up at 8:00.



She went to the bookstore. She didn't go to the library.



We met our classmates. We didn't meet our teacher.



You came home late. You didn't come home early.



They had a barbecue. They didn't have a picnic. GRAMMAR PLUS see page 145

#### Complete the chart. Then listen and check.

Present	Past	Present	Past	Present	Past	
	bought		made		saw	
	ate		read /rɛd/		sat	
	felt		rode		took	

**B** PAIR WORK Did you do the things in the pictures yesterday? Tell your partner.

#### **SPEAKING** Last weekend

- A Write five things you did and five things you didn't do last weekend.
- **B** GROUP WORK Tell your classmates about your weekend.

A: I went to a party last weekend.

B: I didn't go to a party. But I met my friends.

C: I met my friends, too! We went . . .

Things I did	Things I didn't do
I went to a party.	I didn't clean the house.
I danced a lot.	l didn't see a movie.
1	l didn't

<sup>&</sup>quot;Yesterday, I didn't do my homework. But I did the laundry. . . . "

#### **CONVERSATION** Did you have fun?

Listen and practice.

Hi, Martin! Welcome back! So, did you go to Montreal? KIM

MARTIN No, I didn't. I went to Sydney with my sister.

KIM Really? Did you like it?



MARTIN Yeah, we loved it! We visited the Opera House and went to Bondi Beach.



KIM Did you go surfing?



MARTIN No, we didn't. Actually, we went swimming in the Ocean Pool. And one day we climbed Sydney Harbor Bridge.



KIM Wow! Did you have fun?



MARTIN Yes, I did. But my sister didn't like climbing very much. She got really tired.



#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Simple past yes/no questions

Did you have a good summer?

Yes, I did. I had a great summer.

Did you go surfing?

No, I didn't. I went swimming.

Did Martin like his vacation?

Yes, he did. He liked it a lot.

Did Martin and his sister go to Montreal?

No, they didn't. They went to Sydney.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 145

A	Complete	the	conversations.	Then	practice	with	а	partner.
---	----------	-----	----------------	------	----------	------	---	----------

	B:	Yes, I	1	(have) a great	t summer.
		1	(go) out with	n my friends a lot.	
2.	A:	- <u></u>	you	(go) anywhere la	st summer?
	B:	No, I	1	(stay) here.	
		1	(get) a part-	time job, so l	(make
		some extra r	noney.		

1. A: \_\_\_\_\_ Did \_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_ have \_\_\_ (have) a good summer?

3. A: \_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (take) any classes last summer? **B:** Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_\_. I \_\_\_\_\_ (take) tennis lessons, and

I \_\_\_\_\_ (play) tennis every day!

**4. A:** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_\_ (speak) English last summer? **B:** No, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. But I \_\_\_\_\_\_ (read) blogs

in English, and I \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) English movies.

**B** PAIR WORK Ask the questions from part A.

Answer with your own information.

A: Did you have a good summer?

B: Yes, I did. I went to the beach every day.



## LISTENING Did you have a good summer?

Listen to Fernando, Olivia, Cameron, and Abigail. What did they do last summer? Check (1) the correct answers.

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Fernando	Olivia	Cameron	Abigail
stayed home	watched videos	went bike riding	worked in the yard
visited his brother	read books	went swimming	got a job
went to the beach	watched TV	played baseball	painted the house

#### WORD POWER Summer activities

A Find two words from the list that go with each verb in the chart.

Then listen and check.

a barbecue a picnic
beach volleyball soccer
camping a summer class
✓ a new bike swimming
new people a trip
old friends ✓ up late

get _	a new bike	uplate
go _		
have _		
meet _		
play _		
play _ take _		Record to the second

**B** PAIR WORK Add two activities to the list. Check ( ) six things to ask your partner. Then ask and answer questions.

#### Did you . . . last summer?

	do anything interesting		play any games
	eat any new foods		read any books
	see any museum exhibits		see any movies
	meet any interesting people		take any classes
	play any sports		take any trips
A: Did you do anything interesting last summer?			
B: Yes, I did. I went white-water rafting.			

C CLASS ACTIVITY Tell the class about your partner's summer.

"Last summer, Alma went white-water rafting with some friends. They had a lot of fun."



#### INTERCHANGE 14 Past activities

Did you and your partner do similar things when you were children? Go to Interchange 14 on page 129.



A Scan the social media posts. Who had a busy weekend? Who saw old friends on the weekend? Who had fun learning something new? Who had a terrible weekend?



SOCIAL

Find friends



#### GOOD WEEKEND A HAVE



#### Nick Bond

I just had the worst weekend ever! It was my best friend Pete's wedding and my car broke down on the drive. I was on a quiet road and suddenly there was a bang. Then the car just didn't move! I missed the wedding and came home on the back of a truck. 🗇

Clike

comment

Share post



#### Jessie Taylor

Hey guys! Guess what? I just got back from my first ever parasailing class! It was amazing! I traveled to a town by the ocean and met my instructor. We went high up above the ocean where people jump off the rocks. It was kind of scary but so exciting. Here's a picture of me. See? That's me!

O like

Comment

Share post



#### Armando Torres

So . . . on Saturday morning I did chores at home. You know, laundry and stuff. Then I went grocery shopping because . . . well, because there was no food in the house! Sunday morning, I fixed my bike, walked the dog, called my mom, and made lunch. Then I wrote a report for work, cleaned the house, and went to bed.

Clike

comment

Share post



#### Juliette Blum

Wow. What an awesome weekend. I went running in the park on Saturday evening, and I met someone I knew from school 10 years ago. It was so cool. Her name is Marie and we always hung out together when we were kids. She's married now and has a baby!

Olike

@ comment

> Share post

Nick's best friend got married.

- **B** Read the social media posts. Then correct these sentences.
  - 1. Nick got married.
  - 2. On the way to the wedding, Nick's truck broke down.
  - 3. Jessie's parasailing class was terrible.
  - 4. It was Jessie's second parasailing class.
  - 5. Armando watched TV on Saturday morning.
  - 6. Armando fixed his car and walked his dog.
  - 7. Juliette went running on Sunday morning.
  - 8. Juliette is married and has a baby.

C PAIR WORK How was your weekend? Did you have fun? Why? Why not? Tell your partner.

# Units 13–14 Progress chartes

#### **SELF-ASSESSMENT**

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	ОК	A little
Understand conversations about where to get things in a town (Ex. 1)			
Ask and answer questions about where places are (Ex. 2)			
Ask for and give directions (Ex. 2)			
Talk about past activities (Ex. 3, 4)			201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201
Ask and answer questions about past activities (Ex. 4)			

#### LISTENING What are you looking for?

Listen to the conversations. What do the people need? Where can they get or find it? Complete the chart.

What?	Where?	
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		

#### SPEAKING Is there a . . . near here?

**A PAIR WORK** Are these places near your school? Where are they? Ask and answer questions.

bank

coffee shop

hospital

post office

bookstore

department store

park

supermarket

A: Is there a bank near here?

B: Yes, there's a bank on Second Avenue. It's across from the Korean restaurant.

**B** PAIR WORK Give directions from your school to the places in part A. Your partner guesses the place.

**A:** Go out of the school and turn left. Walk for about three minutes. It's on the right, next to the drugstore.

B: It's the coffee shop.

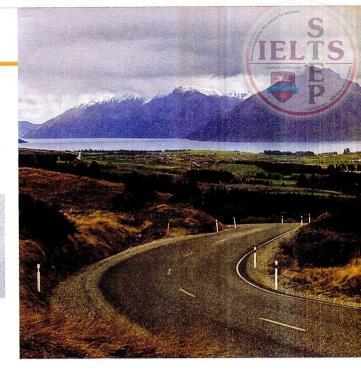
A: That's right!

#### **SPEAKING** On my last vacation . . .

- A Write four statements about your last vacation. Two are true and two are false.
- B PAIR WORK Read your statements. Your partner says, "I think it's true," OR "I think it's false." Who has more correct guesses?

I went to New Zealand. It rained all day, every day. I didn't go to the beach. I read two books.

- A: On my last vacation, I went to New Zealand.
- B: I think it's false.
- A: That's right. It's false. OR Sorry. It's true.



#### **SPEAKING** Did you . . . last weekend?

A Check (✓) the things you did last weekend. Then add two more things you did.

Last weekend, I			
ate at a restaurant	visited relatives		
cleaned the house	washed the car		
did homework	watched a game on TV		
did the laundry	uploaded photos		
downloaded movies	went shopping		
exercised	went out with friends		
played video games			
rode my bicycle			

**B** PAIR WORK Ask your partner about his or her weekend.

A: Did you eat at a restaurant last weekend, Narumi?

B: Yes, I did. I ate at a very good Italian restaurant. What about you? Did you eat at a restaurant?

A: No, I didn't. . . .

C GROUP WORK Join another pair. Tell them about your partner's weekend.

"Narumi ate at a very good Italian restaurant."





#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

## Where were you born?

- ► Discuss family and personal history
- ▶ Discuss school experiences and memories

#### **SNAPSHOT**

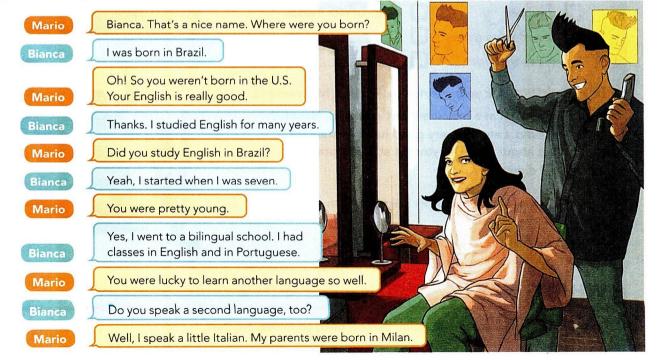
Listen and practice.



Match the people with the countries where they were born. Then check your answers. What famous people were born in your country? What do they do?

#### CONVERSATION I was born in Brazil.

Listen and practice.



#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Past of be

I was born here. You were pretty young.

seven. She was

We were at the hair salon.

They were born in Milan.

weren't = were not

I wasn't born in Italy.

You weren't very old. She wasn't in college.

We weren't at the café.

They weren't born in Rome.

wasn't = was not

Were you in class yesterday?

Yes, I was. / No, I wasn't.

Was your first teacher American?

Yes, she was. / No, she wasn't.

Were your parents born in the U.S.?

Yes, they were. / No, they weren't.

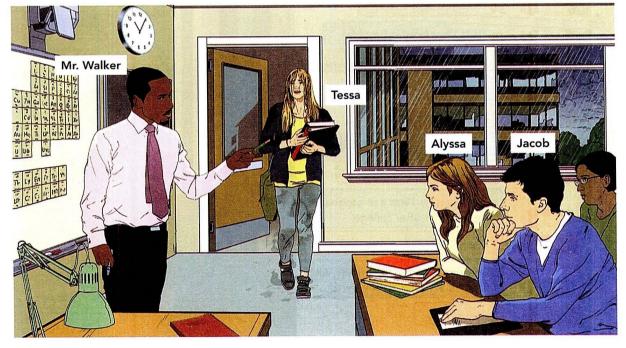
GRAMMAR PLUS see page 146

A Bianca is talking about her family. Choose the correct verb forms. Then compare with a partner.

My family and I	<u>were</u> (was / were) all born ir	n Brazil –	
we	_ (wasn't / weren't) born in the U.S.	l (was / were)	
born in the city of	Recife, and my brother	(was / were) born	
there, too. My parents (wasn't / weren't) born in Recife.			
They	(was / were) born in Rio de Jane		
(v	vas / were) a teacher and my mother	(was / were)	
an engineer. They have their own business in Recife now.			

- **B** PAIR WORK Look at the picture below. Ask and answer these questions.
  - 1. Was Tessa on time for class yesterday?
  - 2. Was it English class?
  - 3. Was it a sunny day?
  - 4. Was it 10:00?

- 5. Was Mr. Walker very angry?
- 6. Were Alyssa and Jacob late to class?
- 7. Were they at the board?
- 8. Were the windows open?



A: Was Tessa on time for class yesterday?

B: No, she wasn't. She was late. Was it English class?

#### PRONUNCIATION Negative contractions

A Listen and practice.

one syllable		two syllables	
aren't	don't	isn't	doesn't
weren't	can't	wasn't	didn't

B Listen and practice.

They didn't like the comedy because it wasn't funny.

I don't like coffee, and she doesn't like tea.

This isn't my book. I can't read French.

They weren't in class yesterday, and they aren't in class today.

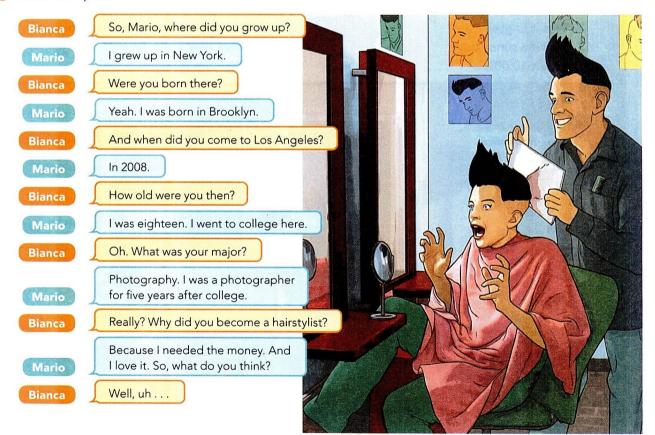
**C** Write four sentences with negative contractions. Then read them to a partner.

I didn't go to the party because my friends weren't there.



#### CONVERSATION I grew up in New York.

Listen and practice.



# **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

The Secret TO SUCCESS	9
TEL	TS
WWW.IEUTSTEP.COM	E P STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF T

### Wh-questions with did, was, and were

Where did you grow up?

What did your father do there?

When did you come to Los Angeles?

Why did you become a hairstylist?

Where were you born?

When were you born?

How old were you in 2008?

What was your major in college?

I grew up in New York.

He worked in a department store.

I came to Los Angeles in 2008.

Because I needed the money.

I was born in Brooklyn.

I was born in 1990.

I was eighteen.

Photography. I was a photographer for five years.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 146

							100	
A	Match the	questions	with the	answers.	Then	compare	with a	partner.

- **1.** Where were you born? <u>e</u>
- 2. Where did you grow up? \_\_\_\_
- 3. How was your first day of school? \_\_\_\_\_ c. I wanted to improve my English.
- **4.** Who was your best friend in school? \_\_\_\_\_ **d.** I grew up in Tokyo.
- 5. What was he like? \_
- **6.** Why did you take this class? \_\_\_\_\_ **f.** It was a little scary.
- a. His name was Akio.
- **b.** He was really friendly.

- e. In Kyoto, Japan.

### B PAIR WORK Ask and answer the questions in part A. Use your own information and make the necessary changes.

- C GROUP WORK Ask the questions. Use a year in your answers.
  - 1. When were you born?
  - 2. When was your father born?
  - 3. When was your mother born?
  - 4. When did you turn 13?
  - 5. When did you start high school?
  - 6. When did you begin to study English?

### saying years

1900 = nineteen hundred

1906 = nineteen oh six

1995 = nineteen ninety-five

2000 = two thousand

2007 = two thousand (and) seven

2015 = two thousand (and) fifteenOR twenty-fifteen

### LISTENING I wasn't born here.

0	A	Listen.	What year	were these	people born	? Complete	e the sentences
---	---	---------	-----------	------------	-------------	------------	-----------------

- 1. Melissa was born in \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. Kumiko was born in \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Colin was born in \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **4.** Omar was born in \_\_\_\_\_\_.

### 🔼 B Listen again. Where did these people grow up? Complete the sentences.

- 1. Melissa grew up in \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. Kumiko grew up in \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Colin grew up in \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Omar grew up in \_\_\_\_\_

# WORD POWER School days

middle school physical education

science

488		_		
D	A Complete the word map w	vith words from the list.	Then listen and check.	TYPES OF SCHOOLS
	✓ auditorium			
	cafeteria			
	college		pidada administra de des-1	
	computer lab	CLASSES		
	elementary school		CCUCOL	
	geography		SCHOOL	
	high school		DAYS	PLACES
	history			auditorium
	library			

**B** PAIR WORK Find out about your partner's elementary, middle, or high school days. Ask these questions. Then tell the class.

What classes did you take? What was your favorite class? Why? What classes didn't you like? Why not? Who was your best friend? Who was your favorite teacher? Why? Where did you spend your free time? Why? What was a typical day of school like? What didn't you like about school?

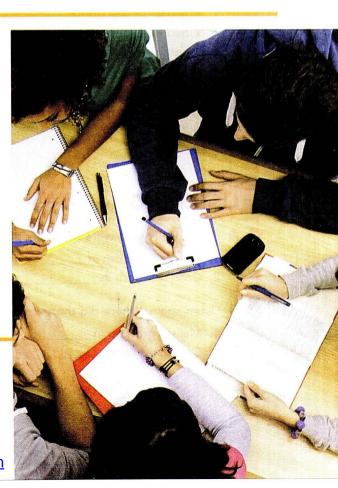
"In high school, Julian's favorite class was physical education because he liked to play sports . . . "

### SPEAKING Can you remember . . . ?

- A GROUP WORK How often do you have English class? What do you remember from your last class? Ask and answer these questions.
  - 1. Who was in class? Who wasn't there?
  - 2. Who was late that day?
  - 3. Who was very tired?
  - 4. What color were your teacher's shoes?
  - 5. What were your teacher's first words?
  - 6. Did all the students bring their books?
  - 7. What did you learn?
  - 8. What did you do after class?
- **B** CLASS ACTIVITY What does your group remember? Tell the class.

# INTERCHANGE 15 This is your life.

Did you and your partner do similar things when you were children? Go to Interchange 15 on page 130.



A Scan the article. What is a "third culture kid?" Do you know anyone who moved to another country?

Tommy was born in Colombo, the largest city in the island country of Sri Lanka. The streets of Colombo were busy, and Tommy loved the colors, sights, and smells. He played on sandy beaches with his friends. He spoke Sinhalese with his friends and family and learned English at school. He loved visiting the neighborhood markets with his family to buy fresh fruits and vegetables. Typical Sri Lankan dishes made with coconuts and rice were some of his favorite foods.

When he was six, Tommy moved with his parents to a small town near New York City. His parents both had new jobs there. For Tommy, life in his new town was a big surprise. Everything was different! The streets were

**B** Read the article. Check ( ) True or False.

Looking back, Tommy remembers learning that the culture in the United States

was different from the culture in Sri Lanka. Not better, not worse, just different. Tommy learned new things every day. He learned Spanish in school. He also learned ways that people in the U.S. communicate with each other. Tommy remembers everyone saying "How are you doing?" but it wasn't a question. It was like saying "Hi!"

palaiyam Tuticorin Gulf of rcoil

Negombo

Colombo

Moratuwa

appura

Hambantota

Matara (Matturai)

Batticaloa

SRI LANKA

Tommy was a "third culture kid." That means he was raised in a different country than his parents. Many third culture kids believe that they are lucky. They know and understand more than one culture, and they often speak more than one language. Tommy went to college in Los Angeles and studied languages. Now he works for a big charity that helps children around the world get a good education.

Sometimes it's hard to learn a whole new way of life, but Tommy says it's the best thing that ever happened. He calls Sri Lanka "home" and the U.S. "home," too!

Enlag

quieter and less colorful. The grocery stores sold so many different types of fruits, vegetables, cheeses, and cereals. There were so many restaurants in his new town he tried Italian food, Chinese food, Greek food, and Mexican food. The weather was different, too. Tommy saw snow for the very first time!

	nue	raise
1. Tommy lived in Sri Lanka most of his life.		
2. He was born in Sri Lanka.		
3. Tommy liked traditional Sri Lankan food.		
4. He didn't learn any new languages in the U.S.		
5. In the U.S., Tommy ate mostly at Sri Lankan restaurants.		
6. Tommy is happy to be a third culture kid.		

C Number these events in Tommy's life from 1 (first) to 8 (last).

a.	Tommy saw snow for the first time.	e.	He learned a new language in the U.S.
b.	Tommy went to college.	_1_ f.	Tommy was born on an island.
c.	Tommy moved to the U.S.	g.	In Sri Lanka, Tommy studied English in school.
d.	As a small boy, Tommy played on the	h.	He works for a charity in the U.S.

beach. **D** GROUP WORK Tommy thinks living in another culture is a good thing.

Why do you think he says that? Do you agree? Tell your classmates.

Where were you born? 105

# Can I take a Intessece? Make phone calls and leave messages

- CONVERSATION Please ask her to call me.
- Listen and practice. Good morning - Creative Tours. Receptionist Hello. Can I speak to Julie Wilson, please? I'm sorry, but she's in a meeting right now. Receptionist Oh, OK. Nathan Can I take a message? Receptionist Yes, thanks. This is her friend Nathan. Please ask her to call me tonight. Nathan Does she have your number? Nathan Yes, she does. OK. I'll give her your message. Nathan Thank you so much.

### WORD POWER Prepositional phrases

A Listen and practice.

at home at the mall at work at the library at school at the beach

in bed in class in Mexico in the showerin the hospitalin a meeting

on vacation on a trip

**on** his/her break







- **B** PAIR WORK Make a list of five friends and family members. Give it to your partner. Where are these people right now? Ask and answer questions.
  - A: Where's your brother right now?
  - B: He's on vacation. He's in India.

### LISTENING Sorry I missed your call. A Listen to Nathan return three phone calls. Why did he miss each call? Check (✓) the correct answers. shopping. in the shower. at a party. 1. He was . . . at the mall. sick. 2. He was . . . studying. in class. sleeping. at work. 3. He was . . . **B** Listen again. Why did they call Nathan? Correct the sentences. 1. Hannah called Nathan because he is having a party. 2. Andrea called Nathan because she needs to see Nathan's textbook. 3. Alexis called Nathan because Sam can come in to work on Saturday. GRAMMAR FOCUS Subject and object pronouns Subjects **Objects** 1 me You you him She got Nathan's message. | Nathan left her a message. We us They them GRAMMAR PLUS see page A Complete the phone conversations with the correct pronouns. Then practice with a partner. 1. A: Can \_\_\_\_\_ speak with Ms. Murphy, please? B: \_\_\_\_\_'s not here. But maybe \_\_\_\_\_ can help you. A: Please give my new cell number. It's 555-2981. 2. A: Hi, this is Colin Shaw. Is Mr. Kerr there? **B:** 'm sorry, but 's not here right now. Do you want to leave a message? A: Yes. Please tell \_\_\_\_\_\_ to call me at work. 3. A: Hello, this is Carol's Café. Are Lauren and Matt in? B: No, \_\_\_\_\_\_'re not. I'm their son. Can I help \_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_ found their keys. \_\_\_\_ left \_\_\_\_ on the table. **B:** Just bring \_\_\_\_\_\_ the keys. I can give \_\_\_\_\_ to my parents. A: I'm sorry, but \_\_\_\_\_ can't. Can your mom or dad call \_\_\_\_\_ B: OK.

- **B** PAIR WORK Role-play this phone conversation.
  - Student A: "Call" your business partner Robert White's office. You want a meeting on
    - Monday at 4:00 P.M.
  - Student B: You are Robert White's assistant. Answer the phone. Mr. White is not in.
    - Take a message.
- C PAIR WORK Change roles. This time you want a meeting on Tuesday at 2:00 P.M.

# 5 SNAPSHOT

Listen and practice.





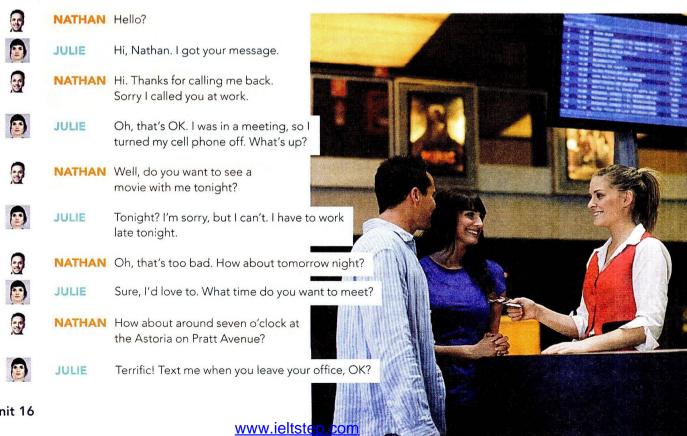
Check (✓) the activities that are popular in your country.

What other activities are popular in your country?

What are your favorite activities? Are there any activities you don't like? Why?

# CONVERSATION Do you want to see a movie?

Listen and practice.



### PRONUNCIATION Reduction of want to and have to

A Listen and practice. Notice the reduction of want to and have to.

/wanə/

A: Do you want to go to dinner with me tonight? /hæftə/

B: I'm sorry, but I can't. I have to study for a test.

B PAIR WORK Practice the conversation in Exercise 6 again. Try to reduce want to and have to.



## **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

Invitations; verb + to

Do you want to see a play with me tonight? Sure. I'd really like to see a good play. I'd like to (see a play), but I have to work late.

l'd = l would

Would you like to go to an amusement park? Yes, I'd love to (go to an amusement park)! I'd like to (go), but I need to study.

GRAMMAR PLUS see page 147

A Complete the invitations. Then match them with the responses.

					¥	
ı	n	VI	ta	1	O	ns

- **1.** Would you <u>like to</u> go to an art festival this weekend? \_\_d\_
- **2.** Do you \_\_\_\_\_ go to a volleyball game tomorrow night? \_
- **3.** Would you \_\_\_\_\_ see a comedy tonight? \_\_\_\_
- 4. Do you \_\_\_\_\_ go swimming on Saturday? \_\_\_\_
- 5. Do you \_\_\_\_ play soccer after school today?
- 6. Would you go to a hip-hop concert on Saturday night? \_
- **B** PAIR WORK Practice the invitations from part A. Respond with your own information.
  - A: Would you like to go to an art festival this weekend?
  - B: I'd like to, but I can't. I have to . . .

### Responses

- a. I'd like to, but I don't have a swimsuit!
- **b.** I'm sorry, but I have to talk to the teacher after school.
- c. I don't really like volleyball. Do you want to do something else?
- d. I'd like to, but I can't. I'm going to go on a trip this weekend.
- e. Yes, I'd love to. It's my favorite type of music.
- f. Tonight? I can't. I need to help my parents.

# SPEAKING What is your excuse?

A Do you ever use these excuses? Check (✓) Often, Sometimes, or Never. Add your own excuse, and then compare with a partner.

	Often	Sometimes	Never
I have to work late.			
I have a headache.			
I have to babysit.			
I have a class.			
I need to do the laundry.			
I need to go to bed early.			
I need to study for a test.			
I want to visit my family.			
I'm not feeling well.			
I already have plans.			R
	Buccoonil	Bosondi	Bound

**B** Write down three things you want to do this weekend.

I want to go to the street fair on Saturday.

C CLASS ACTIVITY Go around the class and invite your classmates to do the things from part B. Your classmates respond with excuses.

A: Would you like to go to a concert tonight?

B: I'm sorry, but I can't. I have to work late tonight.

# LISTENING I'll see you then!

♠ These four people need to change their plans. Listen to their phone calls. Who will be late? Who can't come? Check (✓) the correct answers.

	Will be late	Can't come
1. Jason		
2. Jessica		
3. Christian		
4. Danielle		

B Listen again. Which two people can't come? Write their first names and their excuses.

First name	Excuse

# INTERCHANGE 16 The perfect weekend

Make plans with your classmates. Go to Interchange 16 on page 131.





A Look at the guide. What type of festival is Austin City Limits?



### **AUSTIN CITY LIMITS!** Where to start Some people call Austin the "Live Music Capital of the World." Every year, it hosts Austin City Limits. About 195,000 people go to this amazing festival. Most years, there are around 130 different bands that play. That's a lot of cool music to listen to! Autograph hunters: Where to shop Where's the music? this way! Do you like to shop? Check out the AMD stage and the Do you want a famous person's autograph? Go straight to the art Austin Ventures stage. These stages Look for the autograph booth. Maybe your market - right next to are where many musicians perform, favorite band member is there. Don't forget to the shopping center. but there are eight stages in total, so take a poster or a T-shirt for the band to sign. There's a lot there continue exploring. If you're lucky, you from cell phone cases might hear Kendrick Lamar or Florence Snack attack to handmade African and the Machine! clothes. You can buy hats, Sometimes When you get hungry or thirsty, walk over to photographs, books, musicians even play ACL Eats. It's a big food court. Local restaurants paintings, and . . . guess on a bridge. serve up delicious local food from the state what? You can even buy of Texas. You can get salads, tacos, pizza, hot a guitar! dogs, hamburgers, and drinks there. There's something for everyone.

B Read the website. Check ( ) True or False.

		True	False
1.	About 130,000 people go to enjoy the festival.		
2.	There are eight stages for musicians.		
3.	You can buy food at the festival, but you can't buy clothes.		
4.	ACL Eats is the name of a stage.		
5.	The art market is near the shopping center.		
6.	It's possible to get an autograph at the festival.		

C GROUP WORK What events do you like to go to? Is there a special event in your city or town? Tell your classmates.

# Units 15–16 Progress chartes

### **SELF-ASSESSMENT**

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	OK	A little
Talk about my past (Ex. 1)			
Ask about famous people using simple past yes/no questions (Ex. 2)			725 965 667 777 777 777 777 777
Ask and answer questions about someone's past (Ex. 2)			
Understand phone calls and leave or pass on messages (Ex. 3)			
Ask and answer questions about things I want, need, and have to do (Ex. 4)			STATE OF THE STATE
Make and respond to invitations (Ex. 5)			100 mg

# SPEAKING Interview

A PAIR WORK Write three years in the first line of the chart and add your question. Ask your partner four questions about his or her life in these years and complete the chart.

	20	20	20
How old were you in?			
Who was your best friend in?			
What were you like in?			
were / was in?			

**B** CLASS ACTIVITY Tell the class about your partner's life.

"In 2001, Leo was two. He . . . "

# SPEAKING Who were they?

**GROUP WORK** Think of a famous person from the past. Your classmates ask yes/no questions to guess the person.

Was he/she born in . . . ?

Was he/she a singer? an actor? a politician? Was he/she tall? heavy? good-looking?

A: I'm thinking of a famous man from the past.

B: Was he born in the U.S.?

A: No, he wasn't.

C: Was he . . . ?







### LISTENING Give me a call! Listen and check () the best response. **4.** I have to babysit. 1. Yes. Please tell her to call me. Yes. Please tell him to call me. I had a terrible headache. 5. I'd love to, but I can't. Sure. Does he have your number? No, I didn't go. I was at work. No, sorry. He's not here right now. 6. I'm sorry. He's not here right now. Yes, you do.

# SPEAKING Find someone who . . .

No, I don't.

A CLASS ACTIVITY Go around the class. Ask questions to complete the chart. Try to write a different name on each line.

Find someone who	Name
has to babysit this weekend	
needs to do the laundry tomorrow	
wants to go home early	
wants to go shopping on Saturday	
wants to see a movie tonight	
has to go to the doctor this week	
needs to work this weekend	
doesn't want to do homework tonight	

A: Ayumi, do you have to babysit this weekend?

B: Yes, I do. I have to babysit my little sister.

**B** PAIR WORK Share your answers with a partner.

# **SPEAKING** Would you like to . . . ?

- A Make a list of five things you want to do this weekend.
- **B** CLASS ACTIVITY Go around the class. Invite your classmates to do the things from part A. Your classmates accept or refuse the invitations.
  - A: Would you like to go to the Natural History Museum this weekend?
  - B: I'm sorry, but I can't. I have to . . .
  - C: Do you want to go to a soccer match on Sunday?
  - D: Sure, I'd love to! When would you like to . . . ?

### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?



No, Amanda is at work right now.

# Interchange activities



# INTERCHANGE 1 Celebrity classmates

A Imagine you are a celebrity. Write your name, phone number, and email address on the screens.





**B** CLASS ACTIVITY Go around the class. Introduce yourself to three "celebrities." Ask and answer questions to complete the screens.

A: Hi. My name is Emma Watson.

B: I'm Usain Bolt. Nice to meet you, Emma.

A: Usain, what's your email address?

**B:** It's U-S-A-I-N-B-O-L-T underscore eight-seven at C-U-P dot O-R-G.

A: I'm sorry. Can you repeat that?

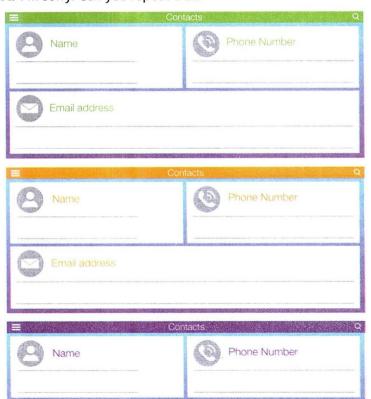
Email address

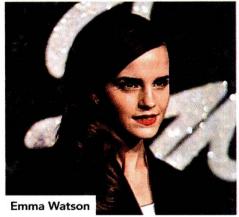
### useful expressions

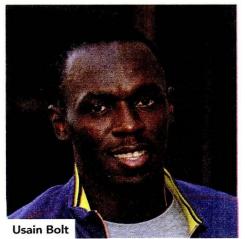
I'm sorry.

Can you repeat that?

How do you spell that?







### Find the differences

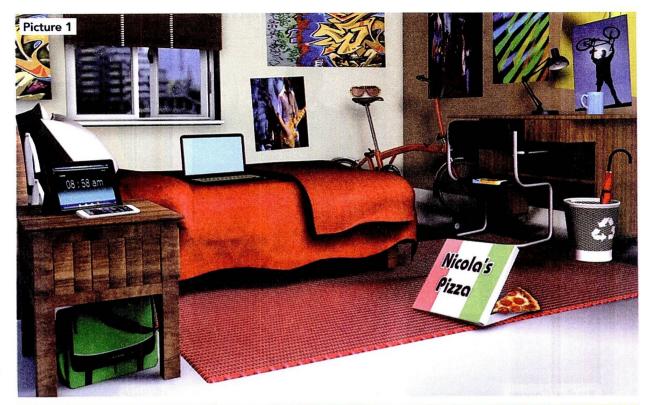
PAIR WORK How are the two pictures different? Ask questions to find the differences.

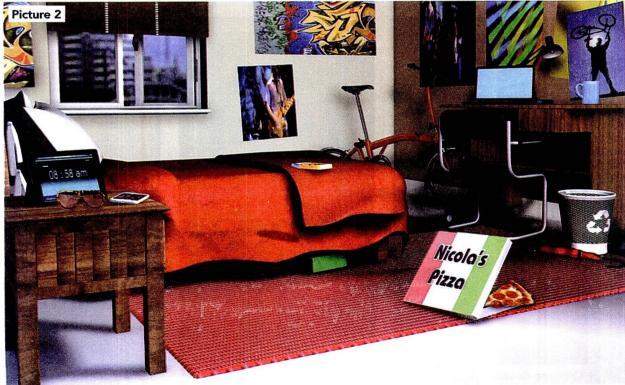
A: Where are the sunglasses?

**B:** In picture 1, they're on the bicycle.

A: In picture 2, they're on the table.







# INTERCHANGE 4 Celebrity fashions

**GROUP WORK** Describe the people in the pictures. Don't say the person's name. Your classmates guess the person.

**A:** He's wearing blue jeans, a beige shirt, and a black jacket. Who is it?

B: Is it John Cho?

A: No, it isn't.

B: Is it Liam Hemsworth?

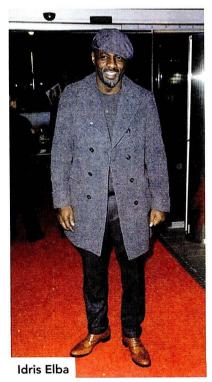
A: That's right.



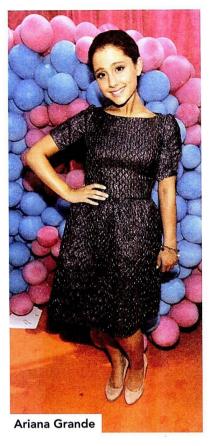








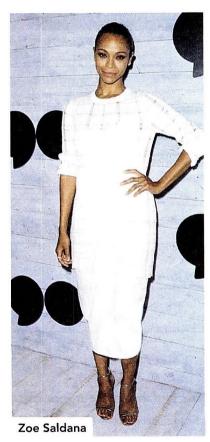


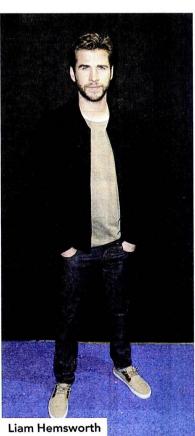








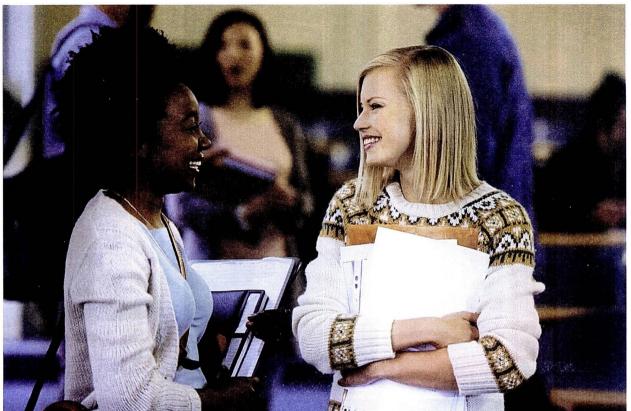




# Let's talk!

A CLASS ACTIVITY Talk to your classmates. Ask two different classmates each question. Write their names and answers.





Question	Name:	Name:
What's your last name?		
Where are you from?		
What is your parents' first language?		
How do you spell your best friend's name?		
What's your best friend like?		
What is your email address?		
What is your phone number?		

**B** CLASS ACTIVITY Tell the class two things about your partners.

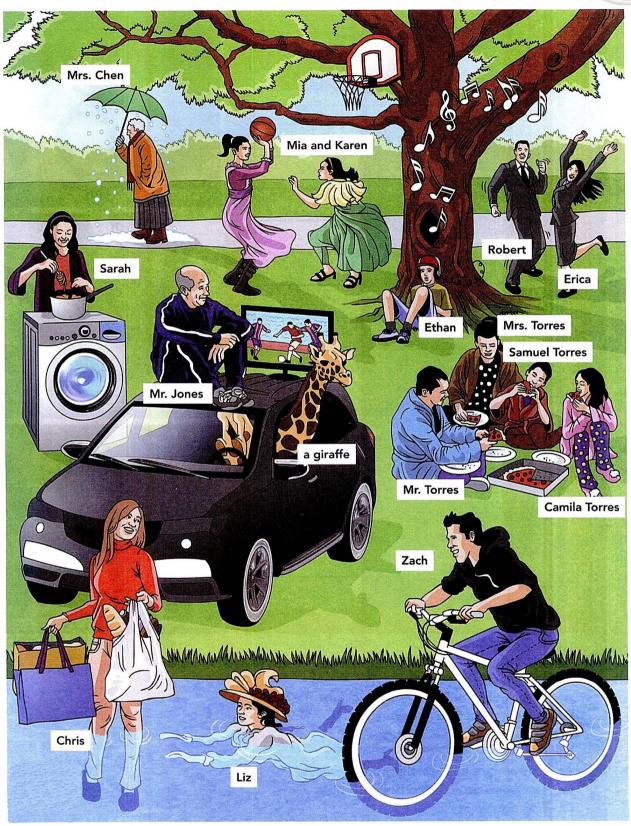
"Yumi's last name is Suzuki. Francisco is from Guatemala."

### What's wrong with this picture?

GROUP WORK What's wrong with this picture? Tell your classmates.

"Mia and Karen are playing basketball, but they're wearing dresses!"

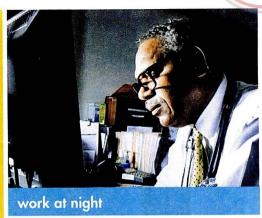




# INTERCHANGE 6 Class survey

A CLASS ACTIVITY Go around the class and find this information. Try to write a different name on each line.







cook on the weekends



- A: Do you get up at 5:00 A.M. on weekdays, Kun-woo?
- B: No, I get up at six-thirty.

plays the drums

has two brothers

writes emails every day

speaks three languages

doesn't eat breakfast

- A: Do you get up at 5:00 A.M. on weekdays, Yasmin?
- C: Yes, I get up at 5:00 A.M. every day.
- **B** GROUP WORK Compare your answers.
  - A: Kun-woo gets up at six-thirty on weekdays.
  - **B:** Yasmin gets up at 5:00 on weekdays.
  - C: Lucas gets up at . . .

### NTERCHANGE 7 Find the differences

A PAIR WORK Find the differences between Tony's apartment and Nicole's apartment.







- A: There are four chairs in Tony's kitchen, but there are three chairs in Nicole's kitchen.
- B: There is a sofa in Tony's living room, but there is no sofa in Nicole's living room.
- **B** GROUP WORK Compare your answers.

# INTERCHANGE 8 The perfect job

SIELTS

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E

P

Confluents

Confluents

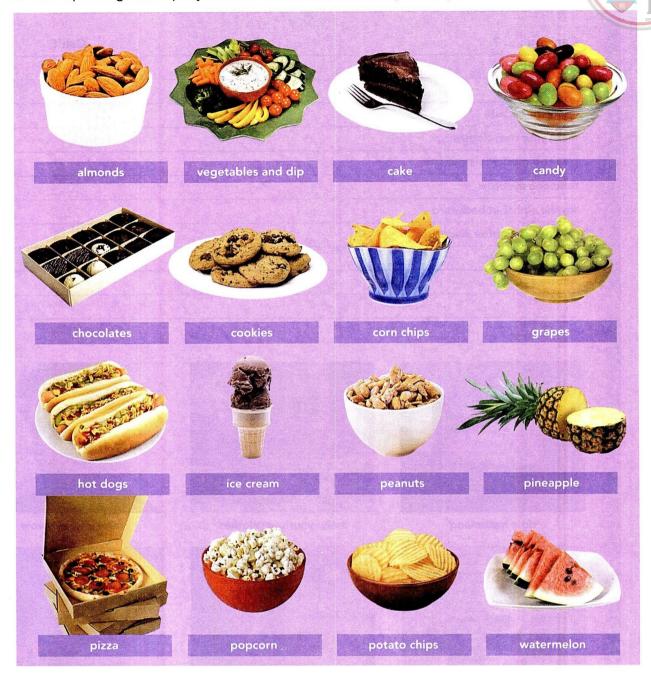
A PAIR WORK Imagine you're looking for a job. What do you want to do? First, check (🗸) your answers to the questions. Then ask your partner the same questions.

	Me	My partner	2
Do you want to ?	Yes No	Yes No	
work from 9 to 5			5
work in an office			
work outdoors			
work at home			
work with a team			1
use a computer			work from 9 to 5
use English			
travel			
talk to people			The state of the s
help people			
wear a suit			
perform in front			
of people			
			perform in front of people
	West a		
	W To		
	B -		
The state of the s			
A CALL	A Charles		60
work outdoors		work with a tea	m M
Positive		Negative	
lt's easy. / It's an easy job.		It's difficult. /	lt's a difficult job.
lt's exciting. / It's an exciting job.		It's boring. / It	's a boring job.
lt's terrific. / It's a terrific job.		It's very stress	ful. / It's a very stressful job.
It's pretty relaxing. / It's a pretty r	elaxing job.	It's really dand	gerous. / It's a really dangerous job.

- **B** PAIR WORK Think of a good job for your partner. Go to pages 50 and 53 for ideas.
  - A: You want to travel and use English. Do you want to be a pilot?
  - **B:** No, a pilot's job is very stressful.
  - A: OK, do you want to be . . . ?

# Planning a party

A You're planning a small party. Choose two sweet and two salty snacks you want to serve.



- B PAIR WORK Get together with a partner. Compare your choices and decide on only two sweet and two salty snacks for your party.
  - A: Let's have pizza, popcorn, chocolates, and candy.
  - B: Oh, I never eat pizza and popcorn together. And I hardly ever eat chocolates or candy Let's have pizza, hot dogs, grapes, and watermelon.
  - A: Well, I like grapes, but I don't like watermelon. Let's have . . .
- C GROUP WORK Present your choices to the other pairs. Can you decide on only four snacks for the class?

### NTERCE ANGE 10 Hidden talents and abilities

A CLASS ACTIVITY Add two more activities to the list. Then go around the class. Find someone who can and someone who can't do each thing. Try to write a different name on each line.

Can you ?	Can	Can't
do a handstand		
do yoga		
juggle three balls		
make your own clothes		
play two musical instruments		-
raise one eyebrow		
say the alphabet backward		
say "hello" in three languages		3
swim underwater		
whistle a song		
		and the second s



do a handstand



make your own clothes



raise one eyebrow



say the alphabet backward



whistle a song



juggle balls

- A: Can you do a handstand?
- B: Yes, I can. or No, I can't.
- **B** CLASS ACTIVITY Share your answers with the class.
  - "Nick can't do a handstand, but Sylvia can. And Yan-mei can do yoga."
- C Do you have any other hidden talents or abilities?

# Take a guess

A PAIR WORK Add one more activity to the list. Is your partner going to do any of these things? Check (✓) your guesses.



	My guesses	My partner's answers	
Is your partner going to ?	Yes No	Yes No	-(00
1. play video games tonight			
2. eat special food this month			
3. buy some cheese this week			
4. wear a suit this month			:::1
5. wake up early tomorrow			
6. have a big breakfast on Saturday			>
7. study for a test tomorrow night			
8. drive a car over the weekend			
9. get a new apartment next year			(2) 700
10. watch a soccer game on Sunday			
11.			

- **B** PAIR WORK Ask and answer questions to check your guesses.
  - A: Are you going to play video games tonight?
  - B: Yes, I am. I'm going to play my favorite video game.
- C CLASS ACTIVITY How many of your guesses are correct? Who has the most correct guesses?

# Problems, problems

A PAIR WORK Imagine you have these problems. Your partner gives advice.



I really want to buy a car, but I can't save any money. I spend every single penny I have.

I can never get up on time in the morning. I'm always late for school.

I'm new in town, and I don't know any people here. How can I make some friends?

> I have a big test tomorrow. My family is very noisy, so I can't study!

My job is very stressful. I usually work 10 hours a day.

It's my best friend's birthday, and I don't have a gift for her. All the stores are closed!



- A: I really want to buy a car, but . . .
- **B:** Save some money every month. Don't . . .
- **B** CLASS ACTIVITY Think of a problem you have. Then tell the class. Your classmates give advice.
  - A: I don't understand some vocabulary in this unit.
  - **B:** Review the unit and do your homework.
  - C: Don't worry. Ask the teacher.

# INTERCHANGE 13A Giving directions

### Student A

A PAIR WORK Look at the map. You are outside the Windsor Hotel on Oak Street between Second and Third Avenues. Ask your partner for directions to the three places below. Your map does not have names on these buildings, but your partner's map does. Listen to your partner, find the places on the map, and write their names.

supermarket flower shop garage

A: Excuse me. How do I get to the garage?

B: Walk down Maple Street to First Avenue. Turn . . .



B PAIR WORK Your partner asks you for directions to three places. Your partner's map does not have names on these buildings, but your map does. Use the expressions in the box to give directions.

Go up/Go down Walk up/Walk down Turn right/Turn left	It's on the corner of Street and Avenue. It's between and	It's next to It's behind It's in front of
It's across from		

# INTERCHANGE 13B Giving directions

### Student B

A PAIR WORK Look at the map. You are outside the Windsor Hotel on Oak Street between Second and Third Avenues. Your partner asks you for directions to three places. Your partner's map does not have names on these buildings, but your map does. Use the expressions in the box to give directions.

A: Excuse me. How do I get to the garage?

B: Walk down Oak Street to First Avenue. Turn . . .

Go up/Go down . . .

It's on the corner of . . . Street

It's next to ...

Walk up/Walk down . . .

and . . . Avenue.

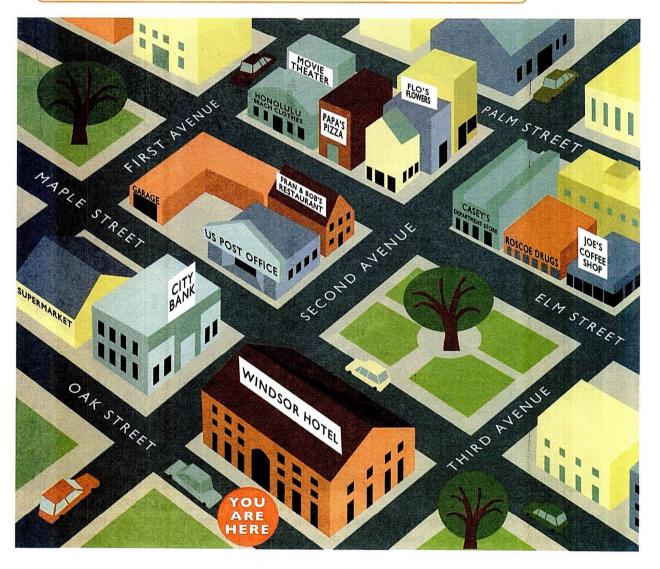
It's behind . . .

Turn right/Turn left . . .

It's between . . . and . . .

It's in front of . . .

It's across from . . .



B PAIR WORK Ask your partner for directions to the three places below. Your map does not have names on these buildings, but your partner's map does. Listen to your partner, find the places on the map and write their names.

coffee shop

shoe store

bookstore

### Past activities

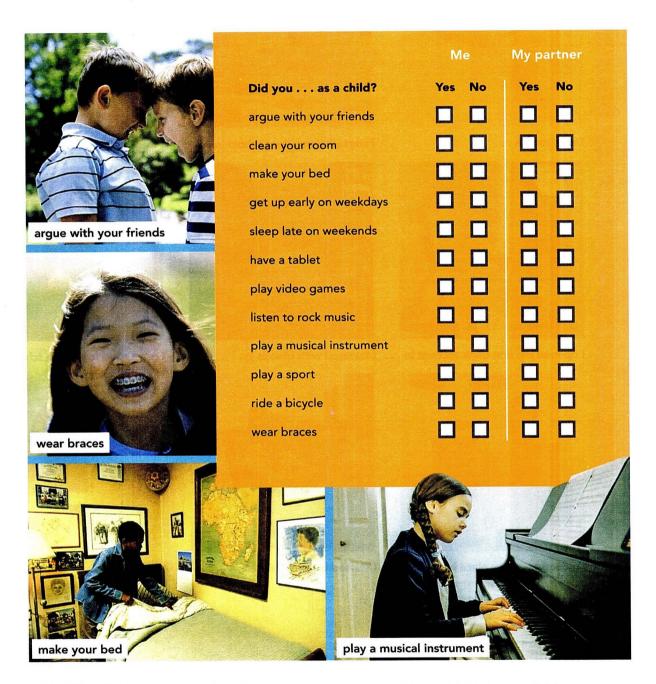
A PAIR WORK What did you do when you were a child? First, check (✓) your answers to the questions. Then ask your partner the same questions. Check ( ) your partner's answers.

A: Did you argue with your friends as a child?

B: Yes, I did. or No, I didn't.

A: Did you clean your room?

B: Yes, I did. or No, I didn't.



**B** PAIR WORK Join another pair. Tell them what your partner did and didn't do as a child. "Yu-jin didn't argue with her friends as a child. She cleaned her room."

# INTERCHANGE 15 This is your life

A What were five important events in your life? Choose four events and add another important event. Then write the years when these events happened in the box.



I was born in . . .



I started elementary school in . . .



I went to my first musical concert in . . .



I opened my first bank account in . . .



I traveled with friends in . . .



I graduated from high school in . . .



I moved to a new place in . . .



I started learning English in . . .



I . . . in . . .

	Years
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	

**B** PAIR WORK Ask your partner about his or her life events. Your partner will only show you the box with the years.

A: What happened in 2002?

**B:** I started elementary school.

A: How old were you?

B: I was six.

# The perfect weekend

A You are planning your dream weekend. Write your plans for Saturday and Sunday in the charts. Use these expressions and your own ideas.



go to (the movies/a party) go (dancing/shopping) go (on a trip/picnic) study for (a test/an exam) go out with (my girlfriend/boyfriend)

play (basketball/video games) meet (my friend/teacher) have dinner with (my brother/parents) visit (my parents/grandparents) see (the dentist/doctor)

WEEKEND DIANC

	Sa	turday Andrews Programme
	Me	My partner
morning		
lunch		
afternoon		
evening		
dinner		
after dinner		

WEEKEND PLANS

	Si Si	unday
	Me	My partner
morning		
lunch		
afternoon		
evening		
dinner		
after dinner		

- B PAIR WORK Compare your plans with your partner. Choose activities to do together.
  - A: What do you want to do on Saturday morning?
  - **B:** Let's go swimming. They opened a new pool at the gym.
  - A: Oh, I can't swim. Sorry. Maybe we can go bike riding . . .
- C GROUP WORK Join another pair. Can you decide what to do over the weekend together?
  - A: So, would you like to go bike riding on Saturday morning?
  - C: Good idea. And how about a barbecue for lunch?
  - B: Oh, we don't have time for a barbecue. We want to go to an art festival in the afternoon . . .

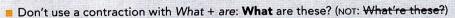
# **Grammar plus**



-	My, your, his, her page 3
	■ Use <i>his</i> with males and <i>her</i> with females: <b>His</b> name is Travis. (NOT: <del>Her name is Travis</del> .) <b>Her</b> name is Nicole. (NOT: <del>His name is Nicole</del> .)
	Complete the conversations with my, your, his, or her.
	<ul> <li>1. A: HelloMy name is Carlos.</li> <li>B: Hi, Carlos. What's last name?</li> <li>A: It's Gonzales.</li> <li>B: How do you spell last name? Is it G-O-N-Z-A-L-E-Z?</li> <li>A: No, it's G-O-N-Z-A-L-E-S. And what's name?</li> <li>B: name is Bill Powers. Nice to meet you.</li> </ul>
	2. A: What's Ms. Robinson's first name?
	B: first name is Elizabeth nickname is Liz.
2	A: I'm sorry. What's first name again?  B: It's Elizabeth. And what's Mr. Weber's first name?  A: first name is Peter.  B: That's right. And nickname is Pete.  A: That's right, too!  The verb be page 5  In questions, the verb be comes before the noun or pronoun: Are you Joshua Brown?  Is he in our English class? Is she the teacher?  Don't use contractions in short answers with Yes: Are you in my class?  Yes Law (very Year I'm)
	Yes, I am. (NOT: Yes, I'm.)  Complete the conversations with the words in the box.
	am I'm it's she's you're  ✓ are I am I'm not you
	1. A: Excuse me.       Are       you Layla Moore?         B: No,       over there.         A: OK. Thanks.
	2. A: Hi. Are Layla Moore?         B: Yes,         A: Nice to meet you Sergio Oliveira in my English class.         B: Yes, I nice to meet you too, Sergio.



### This/these; it/they; plurals page 10



Use this with singular nouns: This is a laptop. Use these with plural nouns: These are flash drives.

Choose	tho	correct	Word	C
CHOOSE	LIIC	COLLECT	WOIG	Э,

- 1. A: What's / What are these?
  - B: It's / They're my flash drive / flash drives.
- 2. A: What's / What are this?
  - B: It's / They're a / an cell phone.
- 3. A: What's this / these?
  - B: It's / They're a / an English book.

### 2 Yes/No and where questions with be page 11

In questions with where, the verb comes after Where: Where is my credit card? (NOT: Where my credit card is?) Where are my sunglasses? (NOT: Where my sunglasses are?)

AM	1atch	the	questions	with	the	answers.
----	-------	-----	-----------	------	-----	----------

- **1.** Is that your wallet? <u>c</u>
- 2. Are these your glasses? \_\_\_\_
- 3. Where are my keys? \_\_\_\_\_ **4.** Is this your bicycle? \_\_\_\_
- 5. Where's your tablet? \_\_\_\_

it is

A: Yes, \_\_\_\_\_. Thank you!

are they

- a. They're in your backpack.
- b. No, it's not.
- c. Oh, yes, it is!
- d. It's on my desk.
- e. No, they're not.

### **B** Complete the conversation. Use the words in the box.

they are

aı	e they it is	they are	***************************************	
it	it's	this	✓ where's	
A:	Where's	my dictionary?		
B:	I don't know. Is		in your ba	ckpack?
A:	No,	not.		
B:	ls	your diction	ary?	
A:	Yes,	Thanks! N	ow,	are my glasses?
B:		on your desk?		

where



### 1 Negative statements and yes/no questions with be page 17



- Use be + not to form negative statements: Ana isn't a student. (NOT: Ana no is a student.)
- You is a singular and a plural pronoun: Are you from Rio? Yes, I am./Yes, we are.

A	Un	scramble the word	ds to write negative statements.
	1.	is / of Canada / To	oronto / the capital / not
		Toronto is not t	he capital of Canada.
	2.	Buenos Aires / no	
	2		
	3.	not / you and Asr	nley / in my class / are
	4.	is / my first langua	age / Korean / not
	5.	from / my mother	/ not / is / Italy
	6.	my parents / not /	/ are / they
В	Сс	omplete the conve	rsations.
	1.	<b>A:</b> Are	you and your friend from Costa Rica?
			not from the Dominican Republic.
	2.		your first language Spanish?
			My parents from Ecuador.
	3.		Nadia and Rayan Lebanese?
			are. Butin France now.
	4.		my friends and I late?
		<b>B:</b> No,	not early!
2	w	h-questions with	
Sarutas	SAME	m-questions with	
			oout things. Use where to ask about places. Use who to ask about is/are like? to ask for a description.
		Use <i>how</i> to ask for <b>How old</b> is he?	a description: <b>How are</b> you today? Use how old to ask about age:
			ge, you can use only the number or the number + years old: He's <b>18</b> .  Id. (NOT: <del>He has 18 years.</del> )
	Сс	omplete the questi	ions with how, what, where, or who. Then match the questions with the answers.
		Who is that?	
		is her nam	The state of the s
		is she like	
		old is she?	
		your famil	•
		is Kyoto lil	
	_ •	59 0.00	in sind very med and memaly.



### Possessives Page 24



- The noun comes after a possessive adjective: This is **my** T-shirt.
- Don't include the noun after a possessive pronoun: This T-shirt is **mine**.
- Whose can be used with singular and plural nouns: Whose scarf is this? Whose sneakers are these?

Comple	ete the conv	ersations.	Use the wo	ords in the b	ooxes. There	are two extra words in each box.
his	mine	my	your	yours	✓ whose	
1. A:	Whose	jacket	is this? Is it		, Ethan	?
	No, it's not _					
her	my	mine	your	yours		
2 Δ. ٦	hese aren't		alov	es Are they	,	?
	No, they're n					
her	hers	their	theirs	whose		
3. A:		sweat	ers are thes	e? Are they	/ Rachel's?	
<b>B</b> : 1	No, they're n	ot	s	weaters. Bu	t these shor	ts are
Presen	t continuou	s stateme	ents; conju	nctions 💻	page 26	
■ The	present cont	inuous is th	ne present o	f be + verb +	ing: lt <b>'s rai</b> :	ning. She <b>'s wearing</b> a raincoat.
						wearing a coat.
	re not/We a					
TO ESTEL PRINTERS !	Pulnetikaremanen errierre	Orași e entre entre entre		OR CONTROL OF THE SECOND		namentingar besailtiseback, 190 (pot pe 1900) dan etch 1900 dan etch 1900 dan etch 1900 dan etch 1900 dan etch
_			ences to ne	gative sente	ences. Chang	ge the negative sentences to
	tive sentenc		•		1 N A - 12	
						u aren't wearing green caps.
	n't snowing. wearing a w					
	-		_			
,		3				
Preser	it continuou	ıs yes/no	questions;	adjective -	+ noun 🔎	age 26
■ In a	uestions, the	present co	ontinuous is	be + subiect	+ verb + -inc	g: Is it raining? Are you wearing a raincoat?
						ring <b>a blue hat</b> . His hat <b>is blue</b> .
	ectives don't					
						e the responses.
	Is Mr. Thorr		0		(wear, dark	blue coat)
	No, he				/	h l-)
	No we				(wear, nigh	neers)
	No, we				(wear a swe	eater)
	Yes, I				(	
	103,1				(rain)	
	Vas it					



### 1 What time is it? / Is it A.M. or P.M.? \_\_page 31



	Remember: You can say times differen	nt ways: 1:15 = one-fifteen or a quarter after one.
Wr	ite each sentence in a different way	<i>y</i> .
1.	It's a quarter to four. It's three for	rty-five.
	It's 7:00 p.m. It's seven in the ever	
	It's six-fifteen.	
	It's 10 o'clock at night.	
	It's three-oh-five.	
	It's twenty-five to eleven.	
	It's one o'clock in the morning.	
	It's midnight.	
Pro	esent continuous Wh-questions	page 33
	Use the present continuous to talk ab What are you doing? I'm talking to y	out actions that are happening right now: ou!
	In questions, the be verb comes after	the question word: What are you doing?
100	To form the continuous of verbs endir	ng in –e, drop the e and add –ing: have $\longrightarrow$ having.
		nt, double the consonant and add –ing: get — getting
		н (паветнаяти с от выводи 7 он правы в вединарам в объекто в возвыем возворят, в за аправляения посторяться вып В применя в напримення в применя в примен
W	nat are the people doing? Write co	nversations. Use the words in parentheses.
1.	A: What's Matt doing?	
	B: <u>He's swimming.</u>	(swim)
2.	A:	(Jon and Megan)
	B:	
2	A:	(vou)
<b>J</b> .	B:	
		•
4.	<b>A</b> :	
	В:	(cook dinner)
5:	A:	(you and Tyler)
	B:	
6:	A:	(Sara)
٠,	B:	
7.	A:	
	В:	(study for the test)
8.	A:	(Laura and Paulo)

**B:** \_\_\_\_\_ (chat online)



# irregular verbs page 38

1 Simple present statements page 37 and Simple present statements with

	■ In affirmative statements, verbs with he/she/it end in –s: He/She walks to school. But I/You/We/They walk to school.
	<ul> <li>In negative statements, use doesn't with he/she/it and don't with all the others:</li> <li>He/She/It doesn't live here. I/You/We/They don't live here.</li> </ul>
	Don't add –s to the verb: She <b>doesn't live</b> here. (NOT: She doesn't lives here.)
	Elena is talking about her family. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.
	My family and Ilive (live) in the city. We (have) an apartment on First Avenue. My sister (go) to school near our apartment, so she (walk) to school. My father (work) in the suburbs, so he (drive) to his job. My mother (use) public transportation – she (take) the bus to her office downtown.  She (have) a new job, but she (not like) it very much. And me? Well, I (not work) far from our apartment, so I (not need) a car or public transportation. I (ride) my bike to work!
2	Simple present questions page 39
	<ul> <li>In questions, use does with he/she/it and do with all the others:</li> <li>Does he/she/it get up early? Do I/you/we/they get up early?</li> <li>Don't add -s to the verb: Does she live alone? (NOT: Does she lives alone?)</li> </ul>
A	Write questions to complete the conversations.
	1. A: Do you use public transportation?
	B: Yes, I use public transportation.  2. A:
	B: No, my family doesn't eat dinner at 5:00.  3. A:
	B: No, my brother doesn't take the bus to work.  4. A:
	<b>B:</b> No, I don't get up late on weekends.
	<ul> <li>Use in with the morning/the afternoon/the evening. Use at with night: I go to school in the afternoon and work at night.</li> <li>Use at with clock times: She gets up at 8:00.</li> <li>Use on with days: He sleeps late on weekends. She has class on Mondays.</li> </ul>
В	Complete the conversation with at, in, or on.
	A: Does your family have breakfast together in the morning?
	B: Well, we eat together weekends, but weekdays
	we're all busy. My parents go to work early – 6:30. But we eat dinner together the evening, and we have a big lunch together
	Sundays. We eat noon. Then the

afternoon, we take a walk or go to the movies.



### Simple present short answers page 45



Remember: I/You/We/They do/don't. He/She/It does/doesn't.

Choose the correct words.

- A: Do /(Does) your family live / lives in an apartment?
- B: No, we don't / doesn't. We have / has a house.
- A: That's nice. Do / Does your house have two floors?
- B: Yes, it do / does. It have / has four rooms on the first floor. And we have / has three bedrooms and a bathroom on the second floor.
- A: And do / does you and your family have / has a yard?
- B: Yes, we do / does. And how about you, Tim? Do / Does you live / lives in a house, too?
- A: No, I don't / doesn't. My wife and I have / has a small apartment in the city.
- B: Oh. Do / Does you like / likes the city?
- A: Yes, I do / does. But my wife don't / doesn't.

### 2 There is, there are Page 47

- Use there is with singular nouns: There's a bed. Use there are with plural nouns: There are two chairs.
- Use some in affirmative statements: There are some chairs in the kitchen. Use any in negative statements: There aren't any chairs in the bedroom.

Read the information about the Perez family's new house. Write sentences with the phrases in the box.

there's a there's no there isn't a	there a	re some are no aren't any
<ol> <li>A table in</li> <li>Curtains</li> <li>Rugs on</li> <li>Closets in</li> </ol>	room? vave in the kitchen? In the kitchen? on the windows?	Yes. No. No. Yes. Yes. No. Yes.
1. <u>There's</u> 2 3 4 5 6	a living room.	



# 1 Simple present Wh-questions Page 52

	Use What to ask about things: What do you do? Use Where to	
C-	Use How do/does like ? to ask for an opinion: <b>How doe</b> mplete the conversations.	es ne like nis job:
		2
1.	A: What does your husband do	<b>f</b>
	<b>B:</b> My husband? Oh, he's a nurse.	2
	A: Really? Where	
	<b>B:</b> He works at Mercy Hospital.	•
2.	<b>A:</b> Where	?
	<b>B:</b> I work in a restaurant.	
	<b>A:</b> Nice! What	?
	B: I'm a chef.	_
3.	<b>A:</b> How	?
	<b>B:</b> My job? I don't really like it very much.	
	A: That's too bad. What	?
	<b>B:</b> I'm a cashier. I work at a clothing store.	
4.	<b>A:</b> What	?
	<b>B:</b> My brother is a doctor, and my sister is a lawyer.	
	<b>A:</b> How	?
	<b>B:</b> They work very hard, but they love their jobs.	
Pla	acement of adjectives Page 54	
	Adjectives come after the verb be: A doctor's job is stressful A police officer has a dangerous job. (NOT: A police officer has Adjectives have the same form with singular or plural nouns: jobs. (NOT: have stressfuls jobs.)	<del>is a job dangerous.</del> )
Us	se the information to write two sentences.	
1.	accountant / job / boring	
	An accountant's job is boring.	
	An accountant has a boring job.	
2.	salesperson / job / stressful	
3.	security guard / job / dangerous	
4.	actor / job / exciting	
5.	host / job / interesting	
6.	nurse / job / difficult	



# Count and noncount nouns; some and anv page 59



- Count nouns name things you can count: bananas, crackers, carrots. Count nouns have a singular and plural form: 1 orange, 2 oranges. Noncount nouns name things you can't count: milk, oil, rice.
- Use some in affirmative sentences: We have some butter. Use any in negative sentences and questions: We don't have any lettuce. Do we have any tomatoes?

Complete the conversations with some or any. 1. A: What do you want for lunch? **B:** Let's make <u>some</u> sandwiches. A: Good idea! We have \_\_\_\_\_ bread. Do we have \_\_\_\_\_ cheese? B: Yes, I think there's \_\_\_\_\_ in the refrigerator. Let me see. . . . No, I don't see \_\_\_\_\_ A: Well, let's go to the store. We need milk, too. And do we have \_\_\_\_\_ cheese? **B:** Yes, we do. There's lettuce here, and there are \_\_\_\_\_ tomatoes, too. A: Do we have \_\_\_\_\_ mayonnaise? I love \_\_\_\_\_ mayonnaise on my sandwiches. **B:** Me, too. But there isn't \_\_\_\_\_ here. Let's buy \_\_\_\_\_ 2. A: Let's make a big breakfast tomorrow morning. **B:** Good idea! What do we need? Are there \_\_\_\_\_\_ eggs? A: There are \_\_\_\_\_ but I think we need to buy \_\_\_\_\_ more. B: OK. And let's get \_\_\_\_\_ cereal, too. We don't have \_\_\_\_ and I love cereal for breakfast. A: Me, too. Do we have \_\_\_\_\_\_ blueberry yogurt? **B:** Yes, there's \_\_\_\_\_ in the refrigerator. A: Great! So we don't need to buy \_\_\_\_\_ at the store. **B:** That's right. Just eggs and cereal! 2 Adverbs of frequency Page 61 Adverbs of frequency usually go before the main verb: always, almost always, usually, often, sometimes, hardly ever, almost never, never: She never eats breakfast. I almost always have tea in the morning. Sometimes can also begin a sentence: Sometimes I eat broccoli. Rewrite the conversation. Add the adverbs in the correct places. A: Where do you have lunch? (usually) Where do you usually have lunch? **B:** I go to a restaurant near work. (often) A: Do you eat at your desk? (ever) **B:** No, I stay in for lunch. (hardly ever) A: And what do you have? (usually) **B:** I have soup or a salad. (always) A: Me, too. I have a big lunch. (never)



# 1 Simple present Wh-questions page 65



Remember: Who = what person; where = what place; how often = what frequency; when = what days; what time = what time of day

C	omplete the c	questions with th	e correct question word a	and do or does.					
Th	nen match the	questions with	the answers.						
1.	. What	sport <u>do</u>	you like? _ <i>c</i>	a. My father and my two brothers.					
2.		you go to gam	es with?	<b>b.</b> Usually at four o'clock.					
			your team play?	<b>c.</b> Soccer. I love to watch my team.					
		they play?		d. Once or twice a month.					
		they play?		e. On Sunday afternoons.					
6.	•	time	the games start?	_ f. At the Olympic Stadium.					
2 c	Can for ability page 67								
			with can. With third-person e can play the piano. (NOT: SI						
		s about the thin $(\checkmark = can, x = can)$	gs people can and can't d an't)	do. Use can or can't with					
1.	1. Olivia: ride a bike ✓ Olivia can ride a bike, but sk		drive a car <b>x</b> he can't drive a car.						
2	. Juan: play t	he piano 🗸	play the violin ✓						
3	. Matt and D	rew: act ✓	sing X						
4	· Alicia: snow	board 🗸	ice-skate X						
5	Ben: take g	ood photos 🗸	edit videos ✓						
	Ben: take g		edit videos ✓ tell good jokes ✓						
6	Corinne: wr	ite poems <b>X</b>	tell good jokes ✓	nces.					
6 B L	. Corinne: wr	ite poems <b>X</b> Answer the que	tell good jokes ✓ estions. Write short senter						
6 B L 1	ook at part A	ite poems <b>X</b> . Answer the quent	tell good jokes ✓ estions. Write short senter No, they can't.						
6 B L 1 2	ook at part A. Can Matt at	ite poems <b>x</b> Answer the quant display and Drew sing?	tell good jokes ✓ estions. Write short senter No, they can't.						
6 B L 1 2 3	ook at part A. Can Matt at Who can te	ite poems <b>x</b> Answer the quand Drew sing? Il good jokes? drive a car?	tell good jokes ✓ estions. Write short senter No, they can't.						
6 B L 1 2 3 4	ook at part A. Can Matt at Who can te Can Olivia of	ite poems X  Answer the quend Drew sing? _  Il good jokes? _  drive a car?  lay the piano? _	tell good jokes ✓ estions. Write short senter No, they can't.	,					



# 1 The future with be going to page 73

- Use am/is/are + going to + base form for the future: We're going to have dinner with my parents tonight.
- In questions with be going to, the be verb comes before the subject: Is he going to buy me a gift?

A		Complete Matthew's story. Use the correct form of <i>be going to</i> and the verbs in parentheses.								
	Tomorrow isgoing to be (be) a very exciting day. It's my birthday, and my friends and I (celebrate). In the morning, Stephen and I									
	(driv	(drive) to the beach. Our friend Rosa (meet) us there.								
	We			(stav) at	the beach fo	or a few hours	. Then we			
	(hav	We (stay) at the beach for a few hours. Then we have) lunch at my favorite restaurant. After lunch, Stephen								
	(00)	go) to work, and Rosa and I (see) a movie. After the movie, we								
	(90)	,,	(ac	) to our f	riend Philip's	house. He			(make) his	
	spe	cial homemad	de pizza for R	osa and r	me.				,	
В	Writ	te questions.	Then look at	part A ar	nd answer the	e questions.				
	1. 1	Matthew / cel	ebrate / with	his famil	y?					
						ily?				
		Stephen and	•							
		the friends / h								
		A:								
		4. Rosa and Matthew / go to a museum?								
							and a contract of the contract			
	<b>5</b> . F	5. Rosa and Matthew / have pizza / at a restaurant?								
	(	Q:								
		A:		MANAGEM AND THE PROPERTY SERVICES AND THE PROPERTY AND TH						
2	Wh	-questions w	ith be going	to pa	ge 75					
	<b>=</b> l	Use <i>is</i> in quest	ions with Who	as the sub	oject: <b>Who's</b> g	oing to be the	re? (NOT: <del>Wl</del>	no are going to l	oe there?)	
	Cor	nplete the co	nversation wi	th the co	rrect form of	be going to.				
	A: \	Whata	re you	ac	ina to do	(do) this	weekend?			
					_					
	<b>B:</b> I (have) a very busy weekend. My friend Amir (visit) me, and we (spend) the weekend.							ekend in		
	t	the city.								
	A: 7	That's nice.		_ you		(st	tay) in a ho	tel?		
	A: That's nice you (stay) in a hotel?  B: No, we (stay) with our friend Lara. And Lara									
		(have) a big p								
		A: Really? And who (be) at the party? Do you know any of Lara's friends?								
		3: No, I don't. But Amir and I (meet) everyone on Saturday night.								
		,	and and t	***************************************		(meet)	everyone c	n Jataraay mg	110.	

# 1 Have + noun; feel + adjective page 79



For most health problems, use a/an: I have a cold. I have an earache. With flu, use the: I have **the** flu. (NOT: I have a flu.)

Complete the conversation. Use the sentences in the box.

	I think I have a fever.
	Thanks.
	I feel awful, actually.
	Yes. I'm going to call my doctor in a few minutes.
	Yes, I do. And I have a stomachache, too.
1	<sup>′</sup> Hi, Vanessa. How are you?

۹:	Hi, Vanessa. How are you?
В:	I'm terrific, thanks. How about you?
A:	
B:	Oh, no! What's the matter?
A:	
	That's too bad. Do you have a headache?
A:	
	Are you going to see a doctor?
A:	
B:	Well, feel better soon.
A:	

# 2 Imperatives page 82

- Use the base form of the verb in affirmative imperatives: Go home and rest, Ms. Lake.
- Use don't + base form of the verb in negative imperatives. The form doesn't change: Don't go to work today, Ms. Lake.

Read the situations. Give the people advice. Use the phrases in the box.

√ drink coffee in the evening eat any cold food exercise today or tomorrow take an antacid take two aspirins work too hard

1.	Dave: "I can't sleep at night." <u>Don't drink coffee in the evening.</u>
2.	Corey: "I have a headache."
3.	Lucia: "I work 12 hours a day."
4.	William: "My legs hurt."
5.	Min-ho: "I have a toothache."
6.	Fatima: "I have an awful stomachache."



# Prepositions of place page 88





- Use on with the names of streets and avenues: The bookstore is on Center Street. The theater is on Park Avenue.
- Across from is another way of saying opposite: The library is across from the theater. - The library is opposite the theater.

Choose the correct words.

- A: Excuse me. Is there a post office around here?
- B: Yes, there is. It's in /(on)Maple Street.
- A: Where on Maple?
- B: It's in / on the corner of Maple Street and Second Avenue.
- A: Next from / to Charlie's Restaurant?
- B: Yes, that's right. It's across the street from / to the Windsor Hotel.
- A: Thanks. Oh, and where is the bank?
- B: It's on Oak Street between / next to the hospital and police station.
- A: Great. Thanks very much.
- B: You're welcome.

# 2 Directions page 90



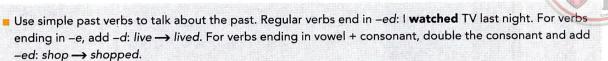
Walk up/Go up mean the same thing. Walk down/Go down also mean the same thing.

Jenna doesn't know Manhattan at all. Correct Jenna's directions. Write the opposite of what she says.

- 1. Cal How do I get to Washington Square Park? Jenna Walk up Fifth Avenue. You No. don't walk up Fifth Avenue. Walk down Fifth Avenue. 2. Cal How can I get to the Empire State Building? Jenna Turn right on 32nd Street.
- You
- Cal How do I get to Bryant Park from Rockefeller Center? Jenna Go down Sixth Avenue.
  - You
  - It's on the left. Jenna You
- Cal How do I get to Central Park? Jenna Walk down Eighth Avenue.
  - You



# Simple past statements: regular verbs and irregular verbs page 93-94



Use didn't + base form in negative statements. The form doesn't change: He didn't shop for groceries yesterday. (NOT: He didn't shopped for groceries yesterday.)

Maya wrote an email to a friend. Complete the sentences with the simple past form of the verbs in parentheses.

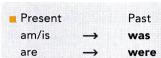
Hi!		
		cial this weekend, but I
(	nave) a lot of fun. I	(not go) out on Friday
night. I	(stay) home. l _	(clean) my room and
(0	do) the laundry. I	(help) my sister with her
homework, and th	nen we	(watch) our favorite series. On Saturday,
my friend Lori	(come) (	over. She (need) some
new shoes, so we	(take	e) the bus downtown to Todd's Shoe Store.
We	(shop) for a long ti	me, but Lori (not like)
any of the shoes a	at Todd's. She	(buy) some purple socks,
but she	(not buy) any s	shoes. On our way back to my house,
we	_ (stop) at the gym a	and (exercise). We
(1	not exercise) very har	d. I (invite) Lori for
dinner, and my da	ad (co	ook) hamburgers in the yard. After dinner,
Lori and I	(talk) and	(play) video games. She
		ny mother (drive) her
home at around t	en. On Sunday, my w	hole family (visit) my
		ley have a swimming pool, so my sister and
	(go) swimming all aft	ernoon.
Tell me about you Maya Simple past yes	no questions Page	e 95
	form in questions. The ad fun yesterday?)	form doesn't change: <b>Did</b> you <b>have</b> fun yesterday?
Complete the co	nversation. Use the si	imple past form of the verbs in parentheses.
A: Did	youenjoy	_ (enjoy) your vacation?
B: Yes, I	. My brother	and I (have) a great time.
		(make) any videos?
		(take) a lot of pictures.
		(see) a lot of interesting things?
D. Van	you _	(ast) a lot of now foods. How shout you?
<b>B:</b> Yes, we	And we _	(eat) a lot of new foods. How about you?
	you (have) a good	summer:
		where, but I (read) a lot of good books and
	(see) some great n	novies.



2

# 1 Past of be page 101





	are	-	→ were			
Cd	mp	lete the	conversation	s with was, was	n't, were, oi	or weren't.
				here yesterday		
			5			in bed.
				_ just really tirec	l.	
2.				you born?		
				rn in Mexico Cit	y.	
						they born here, too?
						born in Guadalajara.
3.						he on vacation?
	B:	Yes, he _		He and his l	oest friend	Iin Portugal.
						•
	A:		it a g	good trip?		
	B:	Yes, it wa	as. Jamil said	d it ti	a terrific	fic trip!
				se the words in		
ď			when		wny	
1.	A:	Но	w was	your childhood?	)	
			antastic chilo	-		
2.	A:		did y	ou grow up?		
	B:	I grew up	o in Incheon,	a small city in S	outh Korea	a.
3.				you when you		
				x.		
				your best friend		hool?
				boy named Joc		
5.				ou leave home		
		In 2012.				
6.	A:		did \	ou leave Inched	on?	
				live in a big city		
7:				your first job in		
				n a restaurant.		



# 1 Subject and object pronouns page 107



 Subject pronouns usually come before verbs, and object pronouns go after verbs: I saw him, but he didn't see me.

Complete the conversations.								
1. A: Hello. Is Mr. Chang there?								
<b>B:</b> No,he's not here right now. Can	take a message?							
A: Yes. Please tell to call Todd Harris.								
B: Does have your number?								
A: No, but please give it to It's	555-0987.							
2. A: Oh, hello, Kimberly!								
A: Hello, Mrs. Sanchez. Is Veronica home?								
B: No, at the mall with her brot	her. Their dad drove there this							
morning. Would like to come	e in?							
A: Thank you, Mrs. Sanchez, but I need to go he								
	maybe Veronica can go with							
Is that all right?								
<b>B:</b> Sure. I can give your messag	e, or can text her.							
A: Oh, don't worry, Mrs. Sanchez. I'll text	Thanks a lot. Bye!							
Invitations; verb + to page 109								
You can use both Do you want to ? and Would yo	ou like to ?							
to invite a person to do something.								
Don't confuse would like to with like to. Would like t	o means the							
same as want to.								
I'd (really) like to and I'd love to both mean the same	as I want to.							
TO AND THE REPORT WITH THE PARTY OF THE PART	N.C.							
Rewrite the conversations. Write the sentences in a								
1. A: Do you want to see a movie tonight?	A: Would you like to see a movie tonight?							
<b>B:</b> Oh, I can't. I need to work.	B:							
2. A: Do you want to play tennis on Saturday?	A:							
<b>B:</b> I'd love to, but I have to help my parents.	B:							
3. A: I want a job at Carol's café.	A:							
<b>B:</b> You need to speak to her.	B:							
4. A: Would you like to go to a party with me?	A:							
<b>B:</b> I want to, but I can't. I have to study.	B:							

# Grammar plus answer keville

# Unit 1

# My, your, his, her

- 1. A: Hello. My name is Carlos.
  - B: Hi, Carlos. What's your last name?
  - A: It's Gonzales.
  - B: How do you spell your last name? Is it G-O-N-Z-A-L-E-Z?
  - No, it's G-O-N-Z-A-L-E-S. And what's your name?
  - B: My name is Bill Powers. Nice to meet you.
- 2. A: What's Ms. Robinson's first name?
  - B: Her first name is Elizabeth. Her nickname is Liz.
  - A: I'm sorry. What's her first name again?
  - B: It's Elizabeth. And what's Mr. Weber's first name?
  - A: His first name is Peter.
  - B: That's right. And his nickname is Pete.
  - A: That's right, too!

### The verb be

- 1. A: Excuse me. Are you Layla Moore?
  - B: No, I'm not. She's over there.
  - A: OK. Thanks.
- 2. A: Hi. Are you Layla Moore?
  - B: Yes, I am.
  - Nice to meet you. I'm Sergio Oliveira. You're in my
  - B: Yes, I am. It's nice to meet you too, Sergio.

# Unit 2

# 1 This/These; it/they; plurals

- 1. A: What are these?
  - B: They're my flash drives.
- 2. A: What's this?
  - B: It's a cell phone.
- 3. A: What's this?
  - B: It's an English book.

# 2 Yes/No and where questions with be

2. e 3. a 4. b

- A: Where's my dictionary?
- B: I don't know. Is it in your backpack?
- A: No, it's not.
- Is this your dictionary?
- A: Yes, it is. Thanks! Now, where are my glasses?
- Are they on your desk?
- A: Yes, they are. Thank you!

# Unit 3

## Negative statements and yes/no questions with be

- We're not from Buenos Aires.
- You and Ashley are not in my class.
- My first language is not Korean. / Korean is not my first language.
- My mother is not from Italy.
- They are not my parents.

# В

- 1. B: No, are not. We're/We are from the Dominican Republic.
- A: Is your first language Spanish?
  - B: Yes, it is. My parents are from Ecuador.
- A: Are Nadia and Rayan Lebanese?
  - B: Yes, they are. But they're/they are in France now.
- A: Are my friends and I late?
  - B: No, you're/you are not. You're/You are early!

### 2 Wh-questions with he

	r-questions with be	
2.	What is her name?	С
3.	What is she like?	f
4.	How old is she?	b
5.	Where is your family from?	а
6.	What is Kyoto like?	0

# Unit 4

# **Possessives**

- 1. A: Whose jacket is this? Is it yours, Ethan?
  - B: No, it's not mine. Ask Matt. I think it's his.
- 2. A: These aren't my gloves. Are they yours?
- B: No, they're not mine. Maybe they are Young-min's.
- A: Whose sweaters are these? Are they Rachel's?
  - B: No, they're not her sweaters. But these shorts are hers.

# Present continuous statements; conjunctions

- 2. It's snowing.
- I'm not wearing a winter coat.
- You're not/You aren't wearing David's sunglasses.
- Ayumi is wearing a scarf.

# Present continuous yes/no questions

- B: No, he's not/he isn't.
- 2. A: Are you wearing high heels?
- B: No, we're not/we aren't.
- 3. A: Are you wearing a sweater?
  - B: Yes, I am.
- A: Is it raining?
  - B: Yes, it is.

# Unit 5

### What time is it? / Is it A.M. or P.M.?

- It's a quarter after six.
- It's 10:00 P.M.
- It's five (minutes) after three.
- It's ten thirty-five.
- It's one A.M.
- 8. It's 12:00 A.M./It's twelve (o'clock) at night.

# **Present continuous Wh-questions**

- 2. A: What are Jon and Megan doing?
- They're shopping.
- What are you doing?
- B: I'm writing a message.
- A: What's Chris doing?
- He's cooking dinner.
- 5. A: What are you and Tyler doing?
  - We're watching a movie.
- What's Sara doing?
- She's having pizza.
- What are you and Joseph doing?
  - We're studying for a test.
- What are Laura and Paulo doing?
- They're chatting online.

# Unit 6

## Simple present statements and Simple present statements with irregular verbs

My family and I **live** in the city. We **have** an apartment on First Avenue. My sister goes to school near our apartment, so she walks to school. My father works in the suburbs, so he drives to his job. My mother uses public transportation - she takes the bus to her office downtown. She has a new job, but she doesn't like it very much. And me? Well, I don't work far from our apartment, so I don't need a car or public transportation. I ride my bike to work!

# Simple present questions

- A: Does your family eat dinner at 5:00?
- A: Does your brother take the bus to work? 3.
- A: Do you get up late on weekends?

B: Well, we eat together on weekends, but on weekdays we're all busy. My parents go to work early - at 6:30. But we eat dinner together in the evening, and we have a big lunch together on Sundays. We eat at noon. Then in the afternoon, we take a walk or go to the movies.

# Unit 7

# 1 Simple present short answers

- A: Does your family live in an apartment?
- B: No, we don't. We have a house.
- That's nice. **Does** your house have two floors?
- B: Yes, it does. It has four rooms on the first floor. And we have three bedrooms and a bathroom on the second floor.
- A: And do you and your family have a yard?
- Yes, we do. And how about you, Tim? Do you live in a house,
- A: No, I don't. My wife and I have a small apartment in the city.
- Oh. Do you like the city?
- A: Yes, I do. But my wife doesn't.

# There is, there are

- There's no / There isn't a dining room. There's no / There isn't a microwave in the kitchen.
- There's a table in the kitchen.
- There are some curtains on the windows.
- There are no / There aren't any rugs on the floors.
- There are closets in the bedrooms.
- 8. There are no / There aren't any bookcases in the bedroom.

# Unit 8

# Simple present Wh-questions

- Really? Where does he work? A:
- Where do you work?
  - B: I work in a restaurant.
  - A: Nice! What do you do?
  - B: I'm a chef.
- A: How do you like your job?
  - My job? I don't really like it very much.
  - That's too bad. What do you do?
- I'm a cashier. I work at a clothing store.
- 4. A: What do your brother and sister do?
  - My brother is a doctor, and my sister is a lawyer. R.
  - How do they like their jobs?
  - B: They work very hard, but they love their jobs.

# 2 Placement of adjectives

- A salesperson's job is stressful.
  - A salesperson has a stressful job.
- 3. A security guard's job is dangerous. A security guard has a dangerous job.
- 4. An actor's job is exciting.
  - An actor has an exciting job.
- A host's job is interesting.
  - A host has an interesting job.
- 6. A nurse's job is difficult. A nurse has a difficult job.

# Unit 9

### Count and noncount nouns; some and any

- A: What do you want for lunch?
  - B: Let's make some sandwiches.
  - A: Good idea! We have some bread. Do we have any
  - Yes, I think there's some in the refrigerator. Let me see. . . No, I don't see any.
  - A: Well, let's go to the store. We need some milk, too. And do we have any cheese?
  - B: Yes, we do. There's some lettuce here, and there are some tomatoes, too.
  - A: Do we have any mayonnaise? I love some mayonnaise on my sandwiches.
  - B: Me, too. But there isn't any here. Let's buy some.

- A: Let's make a big breakfast tomorrow morning.
  - Good idea! What do we need? Are there any eggs?
  - A: There are some but I think we need to buy some more.
  - B: OK. And let's get some cereal, too. We don't have any and I love cereal for breakfast.
  - Me, too. Do we have any blueberry yogurt?
  - B: Yes, there's some in the refrigerator.
  - Great! So we don't need to buy any at the store.
  - B: That's right. Just eggs and cereal!

### 2 Adverbs of frequency (page 61)

- B: I often go to a restaurant near work.
- A: Do you ever eat at your desk?
- B: No, I hardly ever stay in for lunch.
- A: A: And what do you usually have?
- B: I always have soup or a salad.
- A: Me, too. I never have a big lunch.

# Unit 10

# Simple present Wh-questions

- Who do you go to games with? a
- How often does your team play? d
- When do they play? e or Where do they play? f
- Where do they play? f or When do they play? e
- What time do the games start? b

### 2 Can for ability

- Juan can play the piano, and he can play the violin.
- Matt and Drew can act, but they can't sing.
- Alicia can snowboard, but she can't ice-skate.
- Ben can take good photos, and he can edit videos.
- Corinne can't write poems but she can tell good jokes. 6.

- 2. Corinne can. 4. Yes, he can.
- He can act.
- No. she can't.
- Alicia can.

# Unit 11

# The future with be going to

- A Tomorrow is going to be a very exciting day. It's my birthday, and my friends and I are going to celebrate. In the morning, Stephen and I are going to drive to the beach. Our friend Rosa is going to meet us there. We're going to stay at the beach for a few hours. Then we're going to have lunch at my favorite restaurant. After lunch, Stephen is going to go to work, and Rosa and I are going to see a movie. After the movie, we're going to go to our friend Philip's house. He is going to cook dinner for Rosa and me.
- Are Stephen and Matthew going to ride their bikes to the beach?
  - No, they're going to drive to the beach.
- Q: Are the friends going to have lunch at a restaurant?
  - A: Yes, they are.
- Q: Are Rosa and Matthew going to go to a museum?
  - A: No, they're not. (They're going to see a movie.)
- Q: Are Rosa and Matthew going to have dinner at a restaurant?
  - No, they're not. (They're going to have dinner at Philip's house.)

### Wh-questions with be going to

- A: What are you going to do this weekend?
- B: I'm going to have a very busy weekend. My friend Amir is going to visit me, and we're going to spend the weekend in
- A: That's nice. Are you going to stay in a hotel?
- No, we're going to stay with our friend Lara. And Lara is going to have a big party on Saturday night.
- Really? And who's going to be at the party? Do you know any of Lara's friends?
- No, I don't. But Amir and I are going to meet everyone on Saturday night.

# Unit 12

# Have + noun; feel + adjective

- A: Hi, Vanessa. How are you?
- I'm terrific, thanks. How about you?
- I feel awful, actually. A:
- B: Oh. no! What's the matter?
- A: I think I have a fever.
- That's too bad. Do you have a headache?
- Yes, I do. And I have a stomachache, too.
- Are you going to see a doctor?
- Yes. I'm going to call my doctor in a few minutes. A:
- Well, feel better soon. B.
- A: Thanks.

# **Imperatives**

- 2. Take two aspirins.
- 3. Don't work too hard.
- Don't exercise today or tomorrow.
- Don't eat any cold food.
- 6. Take an antacid.

# Unit 13

# Prepositions of place

- Excuse me. Is there a post office around here?
- Yes, there is. It's on Maple Street.
- Where on Maple?  $\Delta$ .
- B: It's on the corner of Maple Street and Second Avenue.
- Next to Charlie's Restaurant?
- Yes, that's right. It's across the street from the Windsor Hotel.
- Thanks. Oh, and where is the bank?
- It's on Oak Street between the hospital and police station.
- Great. Thanks very much.
- B: You're welcome.

# **Directions**

- No, don't turn right on 32nd Street. Turn left on 32nd 2. You:
- 3. You: No, don't go down Sixth Avenue. Go up First
  - Avenue
- You: No, it's not on the left. It's on the right.
- You: No, don't walk down Eight Avenue.
  - Walk up Eighth Avenue.

# Unit 14

# Simple past statements: regular verbs and irregular verbs

I didn't do anything special this weekend, but I had a lot of fun. I didn't go out on Friday night. I stayed home. I cleaned my room and did laundry. I helped my sister with her homework, and then we watched our favorite series. On Saturday, my friend Lori came over. She needed some new shoes, so we took the bus downtown to Todd's Shoe Store. We shopped for a long time, but Lori didn't like any of the shoes at Todd's. She bought some purple socks, but she didn't buy any shoes. On our way back to my house, we stopped at the gym and exercised. We didn't exercise very hard. I invited Lori for dinner, and my dad cooked hamburgers in the yard. After dinner, Lori and I talked and played video games. She didn't stay too late - Mom drove her home at around ten. On Sunday, my whole family visited my mother's best friend and her family. They have a swimming pool, so my sister and I went swimming all afternoon.

# 2 Simple past yes/no questions

- A: Did you enjoy your vacation?
- B: Yes, I did. My brother and I had a great time.
- A: Did you make a lot any videos?
- No, we didn't. But we took a lot of pictures.
- That's good. **Did** you **see** a lot of interesting things?
- Yes, we did. And we ate a lot of new foods. How about you? Did you have a good summer?
- Well, I didn't go anywhere, but I read a lot of good books and saw some great movies.

# Unit 15

# Past of be

- A: Were you here yesterday?
  - B: No, I wasn't. I was home in bed.
  - Δ. Oh, were you sick?
  - No. I was just really tired. B:
- 2. A: Where were you born?
  - B: I was born in Mexico City.
  - A: Really? What about your parents? Were they born here, too?
  - B. No, they weren't. They were born in Guadalajara.
- Where was Jamil last week? Was he on vacation?
  - Yes, he was. He and his best friend were in Portugal. They were in Oporto.
  - Was it a good trip?
  - Yes, it was. Jamil said it was a terrific trip!

# Wh-questions with did, was, and were

- 1. A: How was your childhood?
  - B: I had a fantastic childhood!
- 2. A: Where did you grow up?
  - I grew up in Incheon, a small city in South Korea.
- How old were you when you started school? 3
- I think I was five or six.
- A: Who was your best friend in high school?
- My best friend was a boy named Joon-ho.
- When did you leave home?
  - B: In 2012
- A: Why did you leave Incheon?
  - Because I wanted to live in a big city.
- What was your first job in Seoul?
  - I worked as a server in a restaurant.

# Unit 16

# Subject and object pronouns

- A: Hello. Is Mr. Chang there?
  - No, he's not here right now. Can take a message?
  - Yes. Please tell him to call Todd Harris.
  - B: Does he have your number?
  - No, but please give it to him. It's 555-0987. A:
- 2. A: Oh, hello, Kimberly!
  - Hello, Mrs. Sanchez. Is Veronica home?
  - No, she's at the mall with her brother. Their dad drove them there this morning. Would you like to come in?
  - Thank you, Mrs. Sanchez, but I need to go home. Anyway, my sister and I are going to an amusement park tomorrow and maybe Veronica can go with us. Is that all right?
  - Sure. I can give her your message, or you can text her.
  - Oh, don't worry, Mrs. Sanchez. I'll text her. Thanks a lot. Bye!

### Invitations; verb + to

- 1. B: Oh, I can't. I have to work.
  - Would you like to play tennis on Saturday?
- B: I'd like to, but I need to help my parents.
- 3. A: I'd like a job at Carol's café.
  - B: You have to speak to her.
- A: Do you want to go to a party with me?
  - B: I'd like to, but I can't. I need to study.

# **Appendix**

# Countries, nationalities, and languages



This is a partial list of countries, nationalities, and languages, many of which are presented in this book.

Countries	<b>Nationalities</b>	Countries	Nationalities	Countries	Nationalities
Argentina	Argentine	Haiti	Haitian	the Philippines	Filipino
Australia	Australian	Honduras	Honduran	Poland	Polish
Austria	Austrian	India	Indian	Portugal	Portuguese
Bolivia	Bolivian	Indonesia	Indonesian	Puerto Rico	Puerto Rican
Brazil	Brazilian	ireland	Irish	Russia	Russian
Cambodia	Cambodian	Israel	Israeli	Saudi Arabia	Saudi Arabian
Canada	Canadian	Italy	Italian	Singapore	Singaporean
Chile	Chilean	Japan	Japanese	Somalia	Somalian
China	Chinese	Jordan	Jordanian	South Africa	South African
Colombia	Colombian	Laos	Laotian	South Korea	Korean
Costa Rica	Costa Rican	Lebanon	Lebanese	Spain	Spanish
Cuba	Cuban	Malaysia	Malaysian	Sudan	Sudanese
the Dominican Republic	Dominican	Mexico	Mexican	Sweden	Swedish
Ecuador	Ecuadorian	Morocco	Moroccan	Switzerland	Swiss
Egypt	Egyptian	Nepal	Nepalese	Tanzania	Tanzanian
El Salvador	El Salvadoran	the Netherlands	Dutch	Thailand	Thai
England	English	New Zealand	New Zealander	Turkey	Turkish
France	French	Nicaragua	Nicaraguan	the United Kingdom (the U.K.)	British
Germany	German	Nigeria	Nigerian	the United States (the U.S.)	American
Ghana	Ghanian	Panama	Panamanian	Uruguay	Uruguayan
Greece	Greek	Paraguay	Paraguayan	Venezuela	Venezuelan
Guatemala	Guatemalan	Peru	Peruvian	Vietnam	Vietnamese

# Languages

Afrikaans	English	Hebrew	Japanese	Portuguese	Swedish
Arabic	French	Hindi	Korean	Russian	Thai
Chinese	German	Indonesian	Malay	Spanish	Turkish
Dutch	Greek	Italian	Polish	Swahili	Vietnamese

# Irregular verbs

Present	Past	Present	Past	Present	Past
(be) am/is, are	was, were	have	had	sing	sang
become	became	know	knew	sit	sat
buy	bought	leave	left	sleep	slept
come	came	make	made	speak	spoke
do	did	meet	met	swim	swam
drink	drank	pay	paid	take	took
drive	drove	read	read /rɛd/	teach	taught
eat	ate	ride	rode	think	thought
feel	felt	run	ran	wear	wore
get	got	say	said /sɛd/	write	wrote
give	gave	see	saw		
go	went	sell	sold		

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